

THE TIMES



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BEST FOR FILMS: Geoff Brown on Clint Eastwood and Gene Hackman's new film *Absolute Power*

BEST FOR BOOKS:

Naomi Wolf on a century of women



Blair will have more talks with Thatcher

By PHILIP WEBSTER, POLITICAL EDITOR

TONY BLAIR will hold further consultations with Baroness Thatcher after the success of their first lengthy political discussion, it was disclosed last night.

As the Prime Minister prepares for a round of summit conferences, including meetings this week with President Yeltsin and President Clinton, senior aides said that he had struck up a good personal rapport during a wide-ranging one-hour chat with Lady Thatcher in Downing Street's White Room.

One said: "She has a remarkable experience of world affairs and is someone worth listening to. She has a mind worth picking and he wants to see her again."

The disclosure of their meeting — praised by Conservative and Labour MPs, as well as the former Prime Minister, Lord Callaghan of Cardiff — came as it was confirmed yesterday that Mr Clinton is to spend six hours with Mr Blair in London on Thursday.

The trip has been extended at the President's request. He is to be accorded the rare honour of addressing a full meeting of Mr Blair's Cabinet, after which they will hold talks covering Europe, world affairs, Bosnia and then Northern Ireland.

They may attend other functions together in London in the afternoon. Cherie Blair and Hillary Clinton will also meet for the first time.

Mr Blair has long admired Lady Thatcher's decisive leadership. His decision to consult her will be seen as further evidence of his presidential style. In America it is routine for serving Presidents to consult their predecessors in office. Mr Blair has already called on John Major's experience, talking to him the night before he delivered his speech in Belfast trying to unlock the logjam of the Northern Ireland peace process.

The meeting with Lady Thatcher took place on Thursday at 6 pm, on the eve of Mr Blair's first appearance on the European stage at the Noordwijk summit, in The Netherlands last Friday.

The timing was coincidental. Mr Blair had met Lady Thatcher at a function when he was Leader of the Opposition and invited her to come to see him if he won. Soon after the election Downing Street contacted her office and the meet-

ing was set up. Both sides accepted that news of the meeting would emerge and Lady Thatcher was driven through the main Downing Street gates to her former home. She and Mr Blair spoke about Europe, the transatlantic relationship, Russia and Hong Kong.

Friends of Lady Thatcher said that she was glad to have been asked for her advice, and revealed that she had also been well-disposed towards Mr Blair because of his courtesy towards her. "They wanted a tête-à-tête and that is what they will have in future," sources revealed.

Mr Blair is ready to seek advice from all quarters on his foreign policy. He has a busy period ahead, including attending a Nato-Russia summit in Paris tomorrow, and the Amsterdam and the Group of Seven economic summits next month.

Mr Clinton appears to be as eager about Thursday's meeting as Mr Blair. He has told aides that he wants to have "some fun" in London and is expected to become a tourist in the afternoon. Mr Clinton was the first world leader to congratulate Mr Blair on his election victory.

Lord Callaghan said yesterday the meeting was a good idea. He had had a substantial conversation with Mr Major on international and domestic affairs shortly after Mr Major became Prime Minister. Rhodri Morgan, Labour MP for Cardiff West, said Mr Blair's meeting with Lady Thatcher would send a tough message to Europe. "I think probably Tony Blair means the other European prime ministers and presidents to get the message and the message is, whereas he wants to be very positive and European and not be isolated, there will be the occasional swing of the handbag," he said on BBC Radio 4.

Gerald Howarth, a former parliamentary private secretary to Lady Thatcher and now Tory MP for Aldershot, said on *The World This Weekend*: "If the Prime Minister has decided to take advantage of the experience and advice available from Lady Thatcher, all I can say is that is three cheers."

William Rees-Mogg, page 18
Leading article, page 19

Surprise lead for Left in French poll

FROM BEN MACINTYRE
IN PARIS

THE French Left outstripped the ruling centre-right coalition in the first round of the parliamentary elections yesterday, bucking pollsters' predictions and raising the prospect of a hung parliament.

In a stinging rebuke to President Chirac, who gambled on a snap election, and to the Government of Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister, the coalition was trailing, with 36.8 per cent to 44 per cent for the combined Left, according to last night's exit polls. The National Front was set to make further electoral progress, with about 15 per cent of the vote.

The final result will be known after a run-off next Sunday between candidates with at least 12.5 per cent of the registered vote.

The young Hollioake, so new to top-class cricket that he had never even visited Lord's, made his runs with a series of clean

England's cricketers go from zero to hero

BY ALAN LEE, CRICKET CORRESPONDENT

ENGLAND's cricketers, the subject of national derision when they lost a one-day series in Zimbabwe only five months ago, yesterday completed a remarkable clean sweep of the Texaco Trophy international series against Australia with a four-wicket victory at Lord's. They also unveiled a potential new hero and role model.

Just when the Australians had seen and heard quite enough of Adam Hollioake, who is making a habit of hitting the winning runs against them, England introduced them to his younger brother, Ben Hollioake, at 19, the youngest England cricketer for almost half a century, hit 63 from 48 balls on his debut and received a standing ovation from the capacity crowd.

The young Hollioake, so new to top-class cricket that he had never even visited Lord's, made his runs with a series of clean

Iran euphoria over new President

The new President of Iran is a moderate churched man. His election victory over Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani could herald a turning point in the country's Islamic revolution.

Saeed Mohammad Khatami, a former Culture Minister, won nearly four times as many votes as his challenger. It is the biggest political upset since Ayatollah Khomeini ousted the pro-American Shah, and diplomats reported a mood of euphoric relief and incredulity at the scale of the triumph.

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Pregnant Lynne Kelly strolling in Edinburgh yesterday with her 18-month-old daughter, Hazel. Her husband, James, hopes the House of Lords will force her to give birth to his child although she wants an abortion. Page 3

Saudi judge urges 'blood money' deal for nurses

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN NICOSIA AND JOANNA BALE

relationship between them and Ms Gifford.

Mr Hejailan explained: "The lesbian aspect has been denied by the two nurses and the family of the deceased and this is consistent with the accounts of friends and associates, both inside and outside Saudi Arabia. If we succeed in establishing any doubt about the evidence then there will be no death penalty if the family persists with it. He can either set them free or imprison them for manslaughter."

Lawyers for the two nurses, Deborah Parry and Lucy McLaughlan, were delighted by the intervention, which has now raised hopes for clemency less than a week after they went on trial.

Salah Hejailan, one of the lawyers, said last night: "This is an excellent outcome. The women were in court and were extremely pleased. They are pleading their innocence and we are confident that they will get a fair trial."

The judge at al-Khobar Supreme Court broke with tradition and urged the brother of staff nurse Yvonne Gifford to "accept as a principle that it may be possible to reach a conciliatory settlement". According to Saudi law, that would mean accepting "blood money" from the accused's family instead of execution, which would be a minimum of about £10,000.

Mr Hejailan added: "The two nurses are refusing to ask for forgiveness because they are innocent. They are therefore not going to offer any kind of money. If the Gifford family persist with their demand for the death penalty this will not please the judge who cannot understand why they are asking for something that is not allowed in the Christian religion."

Defence lawyers believe that the evidence against the two women is flawed because it hinges on an alleged lesbian

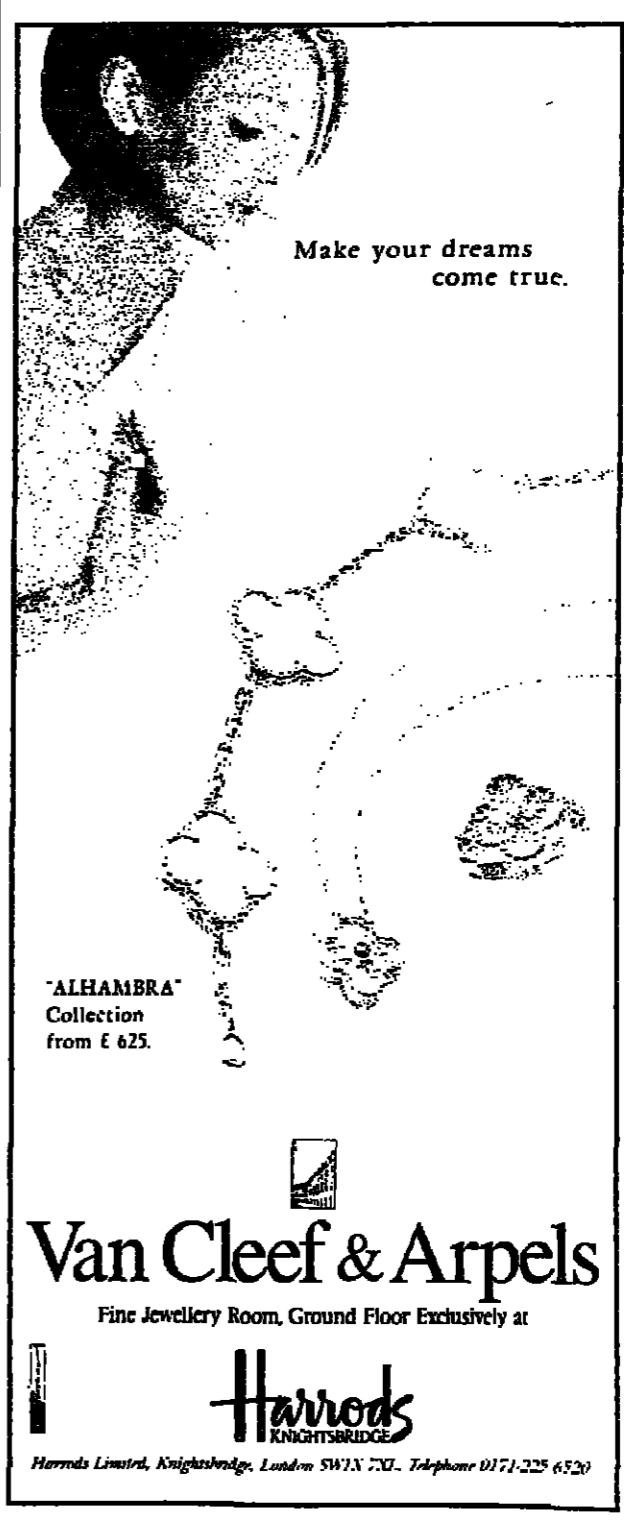
relationship with Britain at breaking point.

Aware that parts of the British media have portrayed the Saudi judicial system as barbaric, the judge declared: "this case is an appropriate occasion to acquaint the non-Muslim world with the basic characteristics of Sharia (Islamic) law in healing wounds and in ensuring fairness between disputing parties."

According to a statement released by the defence lawyers, the judge added that the procedure to be followed would be in accordance with the law.

Continued on page 2, col 3

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Tougher A levels delayed in plan for wider curriculum

By JOHN O'LEARY, EDUCATION EDITOR

TOUGHER A levels pushed through by the Conservative government are likely to be delayed by a year as new ministers pursue plans for a broader sixth-form curriculum which would lead to a British version of the baccalaureate.

Schools and colleges are already preparing for the revised A-level courses, which are due to begin in September. Ministers are, however, concerned that the biggest shake-up of the examination in 40 years will fail to deliver the sort of education they want.

Instead, they are working on a version of the 'French baccalaureate' which would become the basis of university entry. Students would be required to take a variety of subjects, rather than the three A levels which are today's norm.

Vocational qualifications, which might include rescaled 'applied A levels', would be on a par with academic courses in the new system. David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, is determined to raise the status and standard of job-related courses to help boost the



Blunkett wants to widen curriculum

staying-on rate. The Conservative proposals, derived from Sir Ron Dearing's review of qualifications for the 16-19 age group, encourage sixth-formers to take a wider range of subjects to qualify for a new Advanced Diploma. Revamped, one-year AS levels would enable students to embark on a range of subjects after GCSE before deciding which to convert into tougher A levels.

The Labour administration

feared that the diploma will be ignored by leading universities, and many sixth-formers will continue to specialise too narrowly. A new framework would require students to take both arts and science subjects, as well as a foreign language, and give them equal credit for vocational courses.

Initial proposals to reopen the debate on sixth-form qualifications met resistance from Downing Street, where officials are nervous of any suggestion that Labour is deviating the 'gold standard' of A level. But, with many schools already complaining that the timetable for introducing the new courses is too tight, a delay to allow further consultation seems acceptable.

Mr Blunkett said, in a post-election interview: 'Our task is to look at the curriculum and make it coherent so that there is a new vigour and momentum.' Labour sources confirmed, yesterday, that he was still considering how to broaden A levels and make vocational qualifications more rigorous.

The Education Secretary may use a speech on Friday at the National Association of Head Teachers conference in Scarborough to sketch out his plans. A motion to be debated on Wednesday, reaffirming the union's existing policy, is close to Labour thinking.

The motion, drafted by the union's national council, calls for the Advanced Diploma to be developed into a 'broader and more flexible 16-19 package, which would enable it to become a "requirement for entry to higher education". It suggests a year's delay, while work continues on bringing together academic and vocational courses, giving schools time to prepare for the changes to A and AS levels.

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Among the options under consideration by Sir Ron is the transfer of part of the cost of tuition to the student through 'learning accounts', which would be repaid in National Insurance contributions. As with existing student loans, repayment would start when a graduate reached a set proportion of national average earnings.

Government sources yesterday discounted a report that students might be charged the full cost of tuition, which would leave graduates with debts of at least £15,000 for tuition alone.

Education funding
Letters, page 18

Decision on tuition fees not yet taken

By JOHN O'LEARY

MINISTERS are yet to be persuaded of the case for charging university students for tuition, government sources said yesterday.

Labour announced almost a year ago that it would require students to pay more towards the cost of their education. The money saved on maintenance grants would help fund further expansion of further and higher education.

However, David Blunkett, the Education and Employment Secretary, is awaiting the recommendations of Sir Ron Dearing's review of higher education before deciding whether the principle of free tuition will have to be breached. The inquiry, which will produce options on future funding and student support, is due to report in July.

Baroness Blackstone, the Higher Education Minister, said before the election, as

Master of Birkbeck College, London, that she believed tuition fees would be necessary to meet a growing funding gap in universities. But since taking office she has emphasised that the Government remains to be convinced of the case.

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Education funding
Letters, page 18

Early change on pension rules for divorcees likely

By PHILIP WEBSTER
POLITICAL EDITOR

EARLY legislation that could mean divorcees taking half of their former spouse's pension is being drawn up by the Government.

Ministers have decided to implement swiftly the pension-splitting proposals that were forced on the former Conservative government last year after rebel Tories lined up with Labour.

Earlier this year the Department of Social Security published a White Paper that would allow pensions to be split 50-50 on divorce - but it said that complex amendments to tax and

pensions legislation meant that it would be unlikely to happen before 2000.

The new Government has a crowded first legislative session, with up to 50 measures in the Queen's speech ten days ago. At its meeting last Thursday the Cabinet agreed to underline its commitment to seven more measures by deciding to publish draft Bills during the next few months. They include: the pension-splitting measure, a Freedom of Information Bill, and proposals for a Food Standards Agency, promised in the wake of the BSE and Ecoli scares.

The Bills will go out for full consultation, a process aimed at speeding their passage when they are brought forward. Labour sources hope that if the Bill goes through in the 1996-97 session the changes can come into force earlier than expected.

More than 170,000 couples divorce each year. Under the Bill, pensions will effectively be regarded as another asset to be considered when it comes to a financial settlement between the two divorcing parties. But it will not be compulsory and the split does not have to be exactly 50-50.

The value of divorcing parties' pensions at the time the divorce is announced would be calculated by the pension scheme's provider. Di-

vorce courts would be able to order pension schemes to give divorcees their own separate pension rights from the assets built up by their partners. Courts must already trade pensions against other assets, such as the matrimonial home. But thousands of former spouses - mainly women, face difficulties in retirement when they are divorced with no pension rights of their own.

□ Gordon Brown has been forced to give up hopes of bringing in his first Budget as early as June 10. Sources close to the Chancellor accepted yesterday that the package would not be ready in time, although they denied that the delay had been

caused by difficulties over the windfall tax on the privatised utilities by which Mr Brown intends to raise up to £5 billion for his plan to take 250,000 youngsters off welfare and into work.

According to Treasury officials the proposals are ready to be unveiled, but they say that work is still proceeding on the National Audit Office assessment of public spending and that Mr Brown will want to see that before he makes his final judgments. Their remarks will increase speculation that Mr Brown is planning wider-ranging changes on tax than indicated in the run-up to the general election.

Judge urges 'blood money' deal

Continued from page 1

to the spirit and dictates of Islam which are relevant to settling cases and disputes between non-Muslims living in the Islamic world.

The victim's brother, Frank Gilford, an Australian taxi driver, has so far refused to show any compassion for the accused.

If convicted, the two nurses face public beheading. Both women, who have been arriving shackled, at the court under heavy police guard, pleaded not guilty to killing Ms Gilford. Her body was found on December 11 on the floor of her flat in the King Fahd Military medical complex, where all three lived and worked. She had

been stabbed, bludgeoned and suffocated.

The defendants say that Ms Gilford's credit cards were planted on them and that they were made to sign false confessions under duress from police interrogators who, they claim, stripped them naked, sexually harassed them and threatened to rape them. They retracted the admissions soon after being charged with murder but the Saudi prosecutor read them out when the trial opened.

Their lawyers yesterday presented 18 pages of legal submissions detailing complaints by the nurses that their alleged confessions had been made under 'duress, misrepresentation and promises

of an early release'. Ms Parry, 38, and Ms McLachlan, 31, will present their own accounts of how their alleged confessions were obtained by Saudi interrogators at a later stage.

Michael Dark, one of their four lawyers, alleged their clothes were removed and they were made to stand naked for hours without sleep. The police fondled their breasts and some men started to unzip their trousers, threatening to rape them. They were also lied to if they confessed they would be released and repatriated because as Christians they were not subject to Saudi's Islamic law, Mr Dark said.

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Mohammed Sarwar, whose solicitor said that a key witness attested to his innocence

Sarwar's lawyer rejects new claim about cash handover

By SHIRLEY ENGLISH

FRESH claims about the Glasgow Govan MP Mohammed Sarwar's alleged attempt to bribe a rival election candidate have been denounced as defamatory by his solicitor.

Chris Kelly, for Mr Sarwar, claimed that a key witness quoted by the *News of the World* yesterday as being present at the cash handover had voiced his firm belief in Mr Sarwar's innocence.

Mr Sarwar, Britain's first Muslim MP, is being investigated by the Labour Party over allegations that he gave Badar Islam, an Independent Labour candidate, £5,000 to run a losing campaign. He is expected to face questioning this week. Fraud squad detectives are also investigating.

affidavit from Mr Malik where he denied making any of the statements attributed to him by the newspaper.

Mr Kelly went on to say that Mr Malik said he was present at the meetings between Mr Sarwar and Mr Islam. He affirms his belief in Mr Sarwar's innocence.

Earlier this week Mr Sarwar claimed he had given Mr Islam the money as a loan and not as a bribe. He is suing the *News of the World*.

Yesteray the Labour Party said that the latest claims would be submitted to its own inquiry, which was set up by the National Executive Committee last Wednesday, and is expected to report within the next few weeks.

Clarke wins support in leadership fight

Kenneth Clarke's low-profile campaign for the Tory leadership received two important boosts yesterday. He was supported by Sir Bryan Nicholson, a former head of the CBI, who warned Tory MPs in a letter that choosing a right-wing leader would damage the party's relations with the business community. At the same time, friends of Michael Heseltine indicated that they expected him to announce his support for the former Chancellor - an old friend and close former Cabinet ally on Europe - but that he was determined to 'choose the right moment' to do so.

With the first ballot only just over two weeks away, John Redwood yesterday issued what he called a 'wake up' warning to the country over the new Treaty on Europe expected to be signed at Amsterdam next month. He said that he was now convinced that it was 'the final blueprint for a new country and new government called Europe'.

There is a widespread expectation that Mr Clarke will do well in the first and second ballots as the right-wing vote splits between Peter Lilley, Michael Howard, Mr Redwood and William Hague. It is also argued that Mr Clarke would then struggle in the final run-off if Tory rightwingers then fell in behind the leading candidate of the Right.

Economic confidence up

Economic confidence has jumped to its highest level for more than four years following the election, according to a MORI Financial Services survey of consumer attitudes (Peter Riddell writes).

MORI has calculated an index from questions asked each month about the economic optimism of the public, fear of redundancy among those in work and the number who say they are unemployed. The 'mood of the nation' index has risen from 136 to 145 this month, continuing a sharp upward trend this year. This reflects increased confidence in the economy, greater personal security, and falling unemployment. The release of windfall payments to building society depositors might also play a part.

MP's father electrocuted

The father of a Conservative MP has been killed trying to save his dog from a garden pond that had become electric. William Collins, 67, whose son Timothy is the MP for Westmorland and Lonsdale, was found floating next to his golden retriever in the pond at his home near Epping, Essex, on Saturday. His gardener pulled him from the water, but Mr Collins died on the way to hospital.

Coalition crisis meeting

Bertie Ahern, the Fianna Fail leader, held a crisis meeting in Dublin yesterday with his prospective coalition partner, Mary Harney of the Progressive Democrats, caused outrage within Fianna Fail last week by suggesting changes in benefit for single mothers and 25,000 public sector job cuts. An opinion poll yesterday showed the Fianna Fail/Progressive Democrats' lead down to four points.

Race warning ignored

Last month's Grand National was re-run in spite of police receiving an IRA bomb warning threatening the safety of spectators who were at Aintree. Merseyside Police said yesterday. Police were able to search the location named in the telephone call before the re-arranged race, there was no bomb. The authenticated telephone warning had not been made direct to Merseyside Police.

Flying Squad reprieved

Scotland Yard's Flying Squad has been reprieved and given the additional role of investigating commercial robberies. The Metropolitan Police squad, commonly known as the Sweeney and traditionally responsible for investigating serious armed robbery in London, was faced with the possibility of being cut under a review. No final decisions have been taken on the staffing levels or funding.

Bouncing bomb relic

A miniature dam, which helped Barnes Wallis to create his bouncing bomb during the Second World War, is threatened by development at the Building Research Station at Garston, near Watford. Members of the Barnes Wallis Memorial Trust hope to move the dam, which is 3ft tall, 42ft long and 2ft wide at its base, to the Yorkshire Air Museum in Elvington, near York.

Climber killed in fall

An experienced woman climber died when scaling a rock face without safety ropes on a trip with friends. The woman, in her twenties, from London, who has not yet been named, may have struck the cliff face as she fell 200ft into the sea near Perranporth, Cornwall, on Saturday evening. Three friends were near by but were not climbing with her. She was picked up 500ft out to sea by a Royal Navy helicopter.

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Abortion row wife returns to parents

THE pregnant woman whose estranged husband is fighting to stop her having an abortion came out of hiding yesterday. Lynne Kelly, 21, took a stroll with her parents and her 18-month-old daughter, Hazel, after the family resolved to resume a normal life despite the legal action.

Mrs Kelly, who is 14 weeks pregnant, refused to answer questions and smiled shyly when asked how she felt. She fled to England last week but returned to her parents' home in Edinburgh late on Saturday.

The Scottish courts ruled against Mrs Kelly's husband, James, 28, last week but he hopes to persuade the House of Lords to force her to have the child.

Mrs Kelly's father, John Falconer, said earlier yesterday that his daughter was "as well as can be expected", adding: "We have decided we are not going to run away and hide. Today my family will be going about their normal business. But no comment will be made by any of us."

Mr Falconer, 42, said that his granddaughter, Hazel, was the main reason behind the decision to return to normality. I have never been through anything like this before and I hope I never will again. In the fullness of time there will be a statement made but no comment at the moment."

Mrs Kelly sought a termination 11 days ago after an argument split from her husband several weeks before. The courts have been told that Mr Kelly was convicted of assaulting his wife and threw her out of their home.

She has won every stage in the legal battle so far. Four judges have upheld her right to have an abortion, but she still cannot go ahead with it legally. On Saturday Mr Kelly, a roofer from Inverkeithing, Fife, won the right to appeal to the House of Lords in an effort to stop his wife going ahead with the abortion.

Lord Cullen, sitting with Lords McCloskey and Wyke, refused to lift the abortion ban until it was known whether the House of Lords would hear Mr Kelly's appeal. The Lords' decision may be made on Tuesday.



Sebastian Marcellin-Rice, who has become the first ballroom dancer in history to be awarded a full Blue, and his dancing partner, Jasna Ruzdjić, who is also expected to receive a Blue

Student wins first full Blue for dancing

Ruth Gledhill reports on a sporting triumph in the ballroom

A STUDENT at Oxford University has become the first ballroom dancer in history to be awarded a full Blue.

The award of a Blue to Sebastian Marcellin-Rice, 22, gives dancing a status comparable with traditional Blues sports such as rugby and rowing at a time that many still question its sporting credentials. The award also strengthens the case for dancing as an Olympic sport.

Although male dancers at Oxford qualify only for a half-Blue, Mr Marcellin-Rice, who is studying psychology and philosophy, at Exeter College, has been awarded an extraordinary full-Blue because of his exceptional performance on the

dance floor in the recent Varsity match. Women at Oxford also qualify for full-Blues, but Mr Marcellin-Rice has been awarded his blue first simply because the Oxford men's blues committee met before the women's committee. His partner, Jasna Ruzdjić, 26, from Bosnia, who is studying mathematics at St Peter's, is also expected to be awarded a full-Blue.

Mr Marcellin-Rice did not begin dancing until he reached Oxford. Two years later, he and his partner won the South of England universities Latin American competition. Mr Marcellin-Rice, who has also

competed for his college rugby team,

and this year won the national student contest. They travel the country to dance team-matches against other universities and won the jive contest in the recent intercontinental student match near Weymouth.

Several Oxford students have

done well at amateur level on the open circuit, where Mr Marcellin-Rice is already making a name for himself and his partner against couples, many of which have been dancing since the age of 12 or 13.

Mr Marcellin-Rice, who has also

competed for his college rugby team,

said that the award was personally satisfying after the hours of work he had put in. "On a more general level it is an important turning-point in the way the world perceives dancing," he said. "Until now, the other sports have never really considered us a true sport at university. By awarding this Blue, they are saying we are on the same level, as rugby, rowing and cricket."

Matthew Buck, spokesman for

the Oxford team, said: "We are

hoping this will set a precedent and

we will be able to claim more blues

in future. It shows the Blues commis-

tee is viewing dance sport in a

completely different way."

Vicky Cunniffe, the teacher and

adjudicator who coaches the Oxford

Latin team, said: "Sebastian is a

showman and a very good competitor. They work very hard and have

done very well. Art and sport are not

mutually exclusive and I believe

dancing is an artistic sport. Like

other sports, there is a lot of sweat.

But it does not have to be all dirty

and muddy to be a sport."

The award comes as more than

1,300 couples from 45 countries

besides Britain take to the floor in

the British Open Championships at

the Winter Gardens, Blackpool, this

week.

Woman 'too old to buy on credit'

BY ALEXANDRA FREAN

A CONSUMER credit company told a 72-year-old widow that she could not buy furniture under a two-year hire-purchase agreement because she might die before the payments had been completed.

Catherine Gillespie arranged to buy a £1,000 three-piece suite from a furniture shop in Nottingham. Although the sale had been agreed, a salesman from the store later telephoned Mrs Gillespie to say that her request for interest-free credit had been turned down by the finance company, Chartered Trust.

Mrs Gillespie said: "I was absolutely furious. I am very fit and I do a lot of gardening and walking. I have no intention of dying in the next two years. There are eight million pensioners in the UK who contribute a great deal to our country. We should be allowed to buy things on credit if we want to." she said.

Age Concern accused Chartered Trust of "utter ageism". A spokeswoman said: "To make a decision like that on the basis of age alone is blatant discrimination. They should have looked at her ability to pay and then, if they were worried that something might happen to her, they should have looked at her family situation. If someone dies with outstanding debts, then their estate has to pay."

There is no official "cut-off" age for hire-purchase agreements and insurance policies, but there is nothing in the Consumer Credit Act that forbids lenders from discriminating on the basis of age.

After hearing of Mrs Gillespie's complaint, David Gow, executive director of Chartered Trust, apologised. "A member of staff at our local branch decided the lady did not qualify on age grounds. But that was a mistake on our part and she can have her three-piece suite on interest-free credit," he said.

Mr Gow conceded that elderly customers were often more reliable payers than younger people, because they had fewer financial commitments. Mrs Gillespie said she would buy her suite from another shop.

Italy honours English hero who saved a wartime baby

FROM JOHN PHILLIPS IN SUIO, ITALY

ITALIANS paid tribute in style yesterday to a humble "Tommy", Ernie Foster, who at the age of 19 saved the life of a newborn baby in a mountain village under a bombardment of shells.

"We didn't expect all this," said his widow, Sylvia, wiping away tears under a scorching sun in the main square of Suio, a heat-drenched village between Naples and Rome. "My family is very, very proud. Ernie would have looked up and said, 'I don't know what they're doing all this for.' But I know he would have been especially proud."

Mrs Foster sat through a solemn open-air Mass in the square and more than an hour of speeches from local notables paying tribute to the Hampshire Regiment private, although she admitted she did not understand very much of what they said. "As long as I didn't faint, that was the main thing," Mrs Foster said afterwards with relief. "It was all very moving, if only I could have understood the language."

She was talking about the tributes paid to her husband who, as a 19-year-old from Bedhampton, was scouting from an observation post in a



Sylvia Foster, Ernie's widow, with Alessandro Lefano, the man her husband saved as a baby

in the village square. "I was covered in blood but he was to become a second father for me, bringing so much joy and happiness."

Signor Lefano broke down and cried into the microphone. "Ernest came to me to stay in my home twice a year," Signor Lefano recalled. "I know he will not come to find me again. But I know he will always be with me as a second father."

The streets of the mountain village were decked with Union flags and Italian tricolours to pay tribute to Mr Foster. Lance Corporal Steve Cook, a 25-year-old bugler from the Royal Regiment of the Princess of Wales, played "Last Post", bringing more tears to the eyes of Mrs Foster, as a wreath was laid in her husband's memory in the presence of an honour guard.

Girls in gaily coloured pe-

ant costumes and grizzled Italian war veterans cheered and saluted as the British and Italian national anthems were played by a brass band from Castelforte. Church bells rang as the parish priest, wearing gold vestments, urged the crowd to pray for "our England brothers, for their nation and for their families, for justice, solidarity and peace".

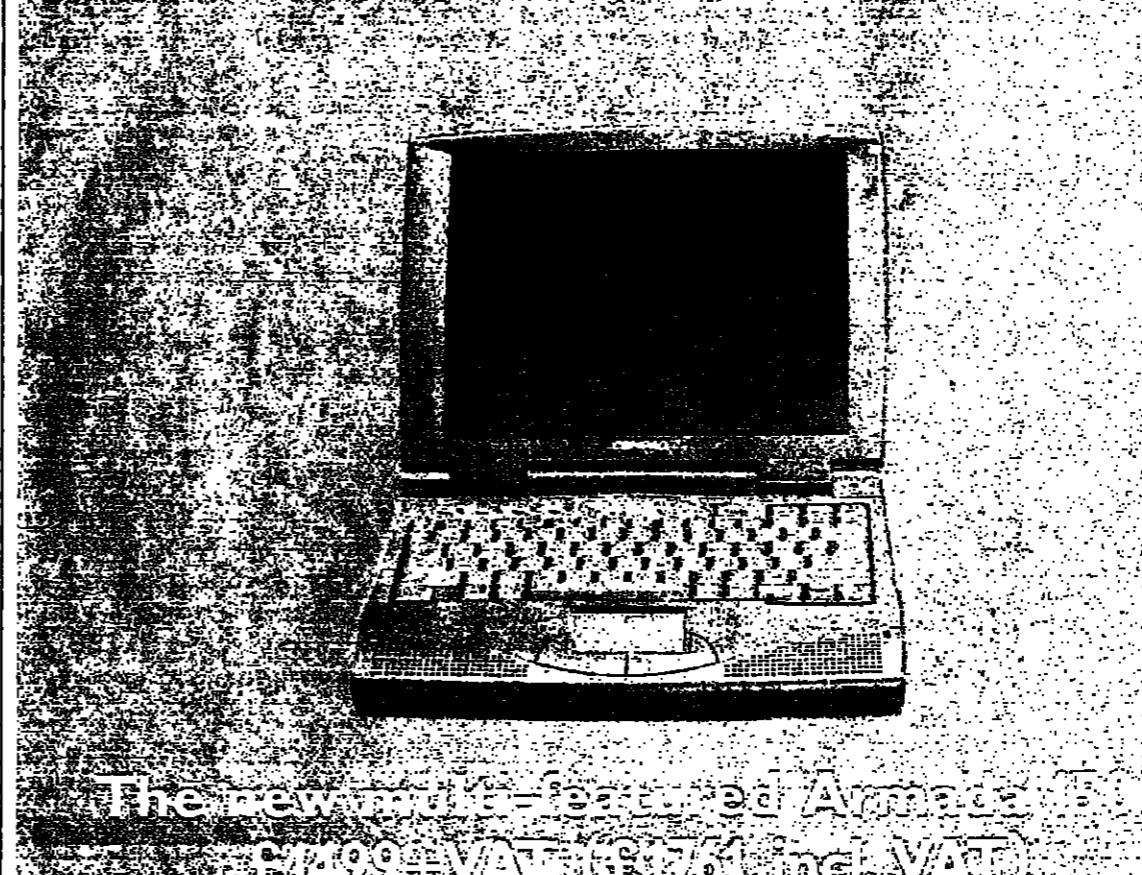
Afterwards the farming families of Suio organised a street party in which their English guests, including scores of English tourists who had read about the occasion and arrived uninvited, were regaled with gifts of cheese, beans, lemons, oranges and the local strawberry wine.

Mrs Foster and the mayor of the village then unveiled a plaque naming the main piazza after "Ernest Foster, an English soldier who during the Second World War, with an heroic act, under grenades, on February 17, 1944, risking his own life, saved that of a child in the village of Suio."

As the plaque was unveiled, solemn police saluted and an Italian military march was played. The priest blessed the memorial, spraying holy water on the assembled crowd of soldiers, British Embassy officials and relatives of Mr Foster. "May this square become a place of love," the priest intoned.

"I only wish that Ernest could have been here to see this," Mrs Foster said. "many many thanks to you all, and God bless."

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A picture of Ernest Foster taken during the war, and the plaque in his honour



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The Archbishop of Canterbury showing schoolchildren the ruins of the Abbey of St Augustine, where a £1 million English Heritage museum was opened yesterday

Carey welcomes the followers of St Augustine

BY GLEN OWEN

FIFTY pilgrims yesterday marked the 14th centenary of St Augustine's arrival in Britain by completing a journey from Rome in his footsteps.

The group, which included a nun, a student, a bishop and a chemist's shop assistant, were greeted by the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr George Carey, and Cardinal Basil Hume, the head of the Roman Catholic Church, as they ended their week-long journey at the saint's reputed landing place on Hugin Green, near Ramsgate, in Kent.

Today the pilgrims will join the church's leaders and the Prince of Wales for a service at Canterbury Cathedral to mark St Augustine's feast day.

St Augustine, who was sent by Pope Gregory to convert the Anglo-Saxons to Christianity in AD 596, took over a year to complete the 900-mile journey. His latter-day followers managed the Pilgrims' Way in seven days, using coaches and high-speed trains to dart between European centres of Christianity, such as Assisi and Reims, before reaching Kent.

The ecumenical group, made up of 47 Britons, two

Americans and one Frenchwoman, is predominantly Anglican, but includes Roman Catholics, Baptists and American Episcopalians. Twenty-two of them will be joined by 450 others to journey on to Londonderry to commemorate the 1,400th anniversary, on June 9, of the death of St Columba of Iona.

Dr Carey welcomed the

travelers in a service for the

pilgrims at the church of St

Martin and St Paul. "As

today, so in the time of

Bertha, a congregation met

faithfully here to bear witness

to Christ in the midst of a

population that had either

never had or had largely lost

touch with their Christian

roots. But as today, too, so in

the time of Augustine, people

came from afar to this city to

share their faith and to spread

the good news of Christ."

A reception followed the

opening of a £1 million Eng-

lish Heritage museum on the

site of St Augustine's Abbey,

built with the help of a

£696,500 grant from the Her-

itage Lottery Fund. St Augus-

tine founded the abbey as part

of his mission.

Becket abbey, page 8

Grass loses greenness for radio show defectors

BY CAROL MIDGLEY
MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

THE former panel of *Gardeners' Question Time*, which defected from the BBC to start a rival show on Classic FM, are searching for a sponsor to keep the programme from wilting.

A substitute has yet to be found two months after the Cheltenham and Gloucester Building Society ended its three-year financial backing of *Classic Gardening Forum*.

The news comes in the week that Radio 4's *Gardeners' Question Time* prepares to celebrate its fifth anniversary. The hardy perennial will mark the occasion next Sunday by recording a roadshow from the heart of the National Forest.

Although Classic FM insists that its programme is not under threat — it has been running without a sponsor since March — officials say it is the most expensive show on the commercial station, costing £250,000 a year, and has to pay its way. A spokeswoman said: "We only have three ad breaks an hour and we find that sponsorship, a concept developed on television as with Cadbury's and Coronation Street, is a good method of funding."

"Unlike the BBC, which has the licence fee to keep it going, we have to fund ourselves. It is true that we do not have a

GARDENERS' QUESTIONS

The most commonly asked questions are: How can I control my vine weevils? How can I control slugs in the garden? Why won't my wisteria flower? How do I get rid of moles? How can I get rid of honey fungus? How do I banish moss from the lawn? How can I have success with brassicas? What are the best plants to attract wildlife and pondlife? Can you name your favourite roses? What are the best plants for North-facing walls and shady sites?

The most ludicrous questions include: How can I grow a Chilean fire bush in Ireland? How do you collect fish maw? How can I stop frogs knocking over my water lilies? What plants are suitable for a nudist colony? Am I right or is my husband?

The tips of which the panel are proudest: Bob Flowerdew: sharpen your hoe and use it often. Anne Swithinbank: look at your plants all the time and if you're short of time, get your seeds sown. Geoffrey Smith: anyone moving into a new or established garden should spend a year studying the site before making any alterations.

ers' Question Time will be recorded in an amphitheatre in the National Forest which will be officially opened to the public in 1998. Trevor Taylor, the show's producer, said: "The demand for facetsheets now beats all records and the enjoyment, enthusiasm and humour of the panel and the audiences is obvious on air."

James Boyle, controller of Radio 4, said: "The expertise of the panelists, the passion they bring to the programme and their rapport with those listening at home explain why it is so highly valued by Radio 4 and its audience."

Since *Gardeners' Question Time* went on air on April 9, 1997, from the Broadmoor Hotel, Ashton-under-Lyne, it has been broadcast from locations including New Scotland Yard and Bristol Zoo.

The original panel comprised Bill Sowerbutts, who stayed with the show for 30 years, Fred Leads, Tom Clark and Dr E. W. Sansome.

Among the detailed questions that have been submitted to the panel was one from an inmate of Leyhill Open Prison, Gloucestershire, about the effect on plants of day length and light levels in artificial conditions.

After the recording, the prison governor pointed out that the inmate was serving a sentence for growing large quantities of cannabis in a barn.

Mr Vere, the zoo's marketing manager, said there was no evidence that Karha had died from an infectious illness which could affect other animals. "We became concerned last week because she was not eating and was not her usual lively self," he said.

Karha collapsed after being taken to Liverpool University's Leahurst Animal Hospital.

The elephant became famous when 143,000 viewers of the BBC children's programme voted to call it Karha, out of six names suggested by keepers. The name means "noble group of elephants".

Mr Vere added: "Karha's death does not diminish our commitment to a continuous and viable breeding programme for this endangered species. She was a wonderful ambassador for our work."

Blue Peter elephant dies at 17 months

BY JOANNA BALE

THE elephant calf named Karha by viewers of *Blue Peter* died yesterday at Chester Zoo.

The 17-month-old female had been refusing to eat for several days and had been cared for by a team of specialist vets. It was only the second Asian elephant to be born and successfully reared in this country and had attracted thousands of visitors to the zoo.

Although the cause of death has not yet been established, Karha had been recovering from an operation to remove a stone from its oesophagus.

A zoo spokeswoman, Pat Kade, said: "All those who knew and worked with her are very upset. She was hand-reared from birth and her keepers had worked with her 24 hours a day from the day she was born."

"She was extremely popular with visitors and she will be missed by us all."

Chris Vere, the zoo's marketing manager, said there was no evidence that Karha had died from an infectious illness which could affect other animals. "We became concerned last week because she was not eating and was not her usual lively self," he said.

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Mr Vere added: "Karha's death does not diminish our commitment to a continuous and viable breeding programme for this endangered species. She was a wonderful ambassador for our work."

Aids victim denies she passed on HIV virus

FROM DANIEL MCGRORY IN LARNACA

THE family of Janette Pink say she is "devastated" by allegations made in court by her former lover that she passed on the Aids virus to another man.

Her fragile health has deteriorated after three days of often gruelling cross-examination about her private life as she confronted the Cyprus fisherman accused of negligently infecting her with HIV.

Her cousin, Sharon Keefe, has been at her side throughout what she called her "insidious and wicked" treatment in a Larnaca court by Pavlos Georgiou, who Mrs Pink dismisses as "a disgusting man with no morals".

Mrs Keefe said: "Jan was in such pain all the time in court but she was determined to stop this man hurting any more women. The girl is dying. She is slowly dying like a flower before our eyes."

Looking gaunt and exhausted, Mrs Pink, 48, who is divorced with two children, confessed yesterday she feared that her recent improvement in health would suffer and

Mrs Pink admits she is not fit enough to attend the verdict, expected next month, and is unlikely ever to see Mr Georgiou again.

"Being in court with him was much harder than I expected. I'm glad it is over but not sorry I did it," she said.

Mrs Georgiou's twin brother, Petros, said yesterday that

he had been offered "many thousands of pounds" by a British television production company to play his brother. He did not say whether he would accept.

Pavlos Georgiou is considering suing medical staff in Nicosia who revealed he was HIV-infected. He will ask the court to stop his doctor revealing how Mr Georgiou knew he had Aids and was repeatedly lectured about the dangers of having unprotected sex. His doctors have already suggested they know of other women on the island he has infected.

Yesterday, Mr Georgiou spent the day sailing with his four children, including Rafael, four, who is also infected. He said his own medical condition was deteriorating. "People forget I am in the shadow of death too," he said.

He believes he contracted HIV from a woman tourist. He shrugged when asked if he considered himself a womaniser. "I am a gentleman. Just because I have Aids it does not mean I am a bad man."

Janette Pink meeting Petros Georgiou, twin of her former lover. He claimed that a British television company had offered him money to portray his brother



From left: Eric Robson and Bob Flowerdew of Radio 4 and Stefan Buczacki and Sue Phillips of Classic FM

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Family study aims to identify genetic cause of depression

By ANJANA AHUJA

PSYCHIATRISTS are seeking 25,000 brothers and sisters in a hunt for the genes that control depression and anxiety. The project is thought to be the largest in the controversial field of psychiatric genetics.

Previous research has used families with medical histories of depression, with limited success. However, this latest exercise — which has been granted £160,000 by the Medical Research Council (MRC) — will scan the spectrum of human personality. David Fulker of the Institute of Psychiatry in London, who is heading the study, said: "We're not looking for clinically depressed people or those suffering schizophrenia or manic-depressive psychosis. This is more about general personality traits. We want relatively normal people who feel down in the mouth occa-

sionally." Participants will be found through a network of doctors' surgeries affiliated to the MRC.

In the first instance, 10,000 people will be given personality questionnaires — with questions such as: do you suffer from sleeplessness; do you feel lonely — to elicit whether they are mildly anxious or depressed. That first set of people is expected to have 15,000 siblings between them, who will undergo similar testing. The researchers will then select two broad sets of siblings — those who are very similar in outlook and those whose dispositions are poles apart. This will create a pool of about 800 sets of siblings who will be subjected to more detailed psychiatric interviews. Their DNA will also be analysed.

The main aim, Professor Fulker says, is to find an

"index of psychiatric vulnerability". The results could also help to create a new class of drugs for treating depression, which affects one in ten people at some time during their lives.

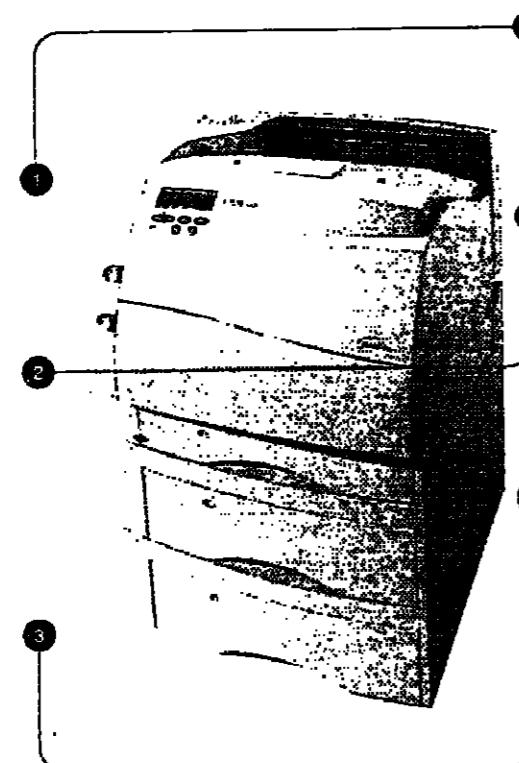
The three-year project will catapult Britain to the forefront of research in psychiatric genetics. Unlike America, Britain has shied away from funding such research, partly because of ethical concerns about the use of genetic information. As a result of a general change in attitude, the Social, Genetic and Developmental Psychiatric Research Centre was founded at the Institute of Psychiatry. Professor Fulker, who left Britain to become one of the leading statistical geneticists in America, was lured back from the University of Colorado to help to direct research at the institute.



Alf Wight, better known as Yorkshire vet James Herriot, was beset by anxiety throughout his career



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It needn't happen to a vet — or any elderly person

TWO biographies are being written about Alf Wight, better known as James Herriot, the Yorkshire vet and author.

In his books Wight did not describe the anxiety caused in him by the life and death responsibility of being a vet, but he was always conscious that the death of a lonely widow's dog, or a valuable cow belonging to an impoverished farmer in the agricultural depression, would devastate their lives.

One of the biographies is being written by his son, Jimmy Wight. He is quoted as saying that his father had certainly been a severe worrier since his student days, and that in his private diaries he frequently bemoaned his perceived lack of knowledge, and wished that he could do more for his patients.

Feelings of professional or social inadequacy, low self-esteem together with anxieties about money, are common in depressed patients. The James Herriot books were not written until Wight was over 50 and up to that time the family had always been hard-pressed

MEDICAL BRIEFING

Dr Thomas Stuttaford

financially. Wight suffered his first severe attack of depressive illness when he was nearly 50, at the time of his father's death. Many patients who become severely depressed in the second half of their life have shown evidence in the early years of trouble ahead. They may have been excessively anxious and unusually rigid in their lifestyles, with hyper-conscientious and compassionate personalities all too easily undermined by self-doubt and misplaced fears of incompetence.

As the depressive illness deepens in the older patient they, like younger sufferers, will also have the characteristic symptoms of hopelessness and loss of sense of pleasure in previously enjoyed activities, a vanishing appetite, weight loss, insomnia and, particularly, hypochondria.

The older depressive has morbid fears about death, financial security and, since

there is a large component of anxiety in their condition, are unable to separate the truly worrying from the merely trying.

Contrary to popular belief, modern drugs mean depression in the elderly can usually be treated. As in all age groups there is a minority who are not helped by anti-depressant drugs, but the majority respond either to the older preparations or the new SHT reuptake inhibitors.

Those drugs that also have an anti-anxiety action are usually the ones preferred in treating the older depressive.

Trust opens first special unit for eating disorders

By RUSSELL JENKINS

WHAT is believed to be the first health service clinic in Britain dedicated to treating patients with eating disorders will open this week.

Recent figures suggest that between 60,000 and 200,000 people in this country suffer from either bulimia — the condition of binge-eating followed by vomiting, whose most well-known sufferer was Diana, Princess of Wales — or anorexia. As many as one in ten die, the Eating Disorders Association says.

High Meadow, a six-bed unit in Burnley, Lancashire, is designed to take highly stressed, young bulimic and anorexic sufferers out of the psychiatric wards of hospitals, where acute cases are routinely treated.

It aims to provide a pleasantly decorated "home from home" with consultations available from dietitians, nurses, psychologists, occupational therapists and psychiatrists, in what could become a model for future practice.

On hospital wards, sufferers could find themselves with the acutely psychotic. Dave Thornton, the unit manager, said: "Their care could be affected as a result. "We are dealing with people who are distressed, with low body weight, low motivation and low self-esteem. Acute admissions wards are not the best place to deal with complex and sensitive cases such as these."

The treatment is based on 15 years of dealing with patients with eating disorders at the Burnley Health Care NHS Trust's Brierfield health centre. High Meadow will take patients, aged 16 to 65, from anywhere in the country. Mr Thornton is not sure what the demand will be because the unit is so novel.

Mike Launer, consultant psychiatrist and clinical director of the trust, promised a non-threatening and varied approach; the homely atmosphere would be an integral part. Each patient, referred directly by a GP, is expected to stay for up to three months. "It is important to treat not just the symptoms, but also the associated body image and self-esteem," Dr Launer said.

Anorexia and bulimia are often tied into other psychological problems, such as phobias, depression and alcohol abuse.

David Chew, chief executive of the trust, said: "The availability of a purpose-built facility will provide GPs with the specialist support service they have been asking for. We hope that it will also encourage more individuals and their families to seek help."

A Department of Health spokesman said: "Normally people with eating disorders would be referred to psychiatric hospitals and, if particularly acute, would be treated on an acute ward. Then you would be treated as an outpatient."



Churchill with his celebrated cigar and victory sign

New York fan kept Churchill in cigars

By JOHN SHAW

SIR Winston Churchill's cigar supply was maintained throughout the war thanks to the diplomatic bag from Washington, it was disclosed yesterday.

A well-wisher in New York, Samuel Kaplan, sent the Prime Minister his celebrated Cuban cigars and had bands printed with Churchill's name. Batches were supplied to Churchill via the British Embassy and a letter thanking Kaplan for his generosity, along with two cigars in Churchill bands, is being sold at Christie's, South Kensington, on June 6. The Kaplan letters and the two cigars are expected to fetch about £1,000.

"I can assure you that their forebears were quite the best I have ever smoked and I look forward to this new batch."

Churchill wrote to Kaplan on December 27, 1941. "It is very kind of you to think of me and I was much complimented by the bands having my name upon them."

Churchill was at the White House when he wrote the thank-you note, having just addressed Congress after Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor.

The letter is part of a collection of Churchill correspondence formed by the late Robert Hastings, a lawyer who was a trustee of the Winston Churchill Foundation in America. Mr Hastings was involved in the scholarship programme, enabling Americans to study at Churchill College, Cambridge. The sale of his collection, which includes earlier letters, will benefit the foundation and the scholarship scheme.

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Henry II: penance

Becket abbey is found in Dublin

By AUDREY MAGEE
IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

IRISH archaeologists believe that they have uncovered the ruins of a church built by Henry II in atonement for the murder of Thomas à Becket.

The discovery was made during development of a derelict site in the centre of Dublin. Archaeologists uncovered walls, decorated window surrounds and painted floor tiles consistent with a 12th-century abbey. The site, near Meath Street, corresponds with a 10th-century map showing the site of the Abbey of St Thomas the Martyr.

Daire O'Rourke, an archaeologist with Dublin Corporation, said: "It is a phenomenal find. It is very exciting." The Corporation and National Monuments Service stopped the development and is to spend £250,000 excavating the site. The developer has been given an alternative site in the city.

Henry II commissioned the abbey outside the walls of Dublin in 1177 as part of his penance for the murder in 1170 of Becket, the Archbishop of Canterbury, who was canonised in 1173. Becket was murdered in his cathedral by four knights who had reportedly overheard Henry ask if no one would "rid me of this turbulent priest". The former friends had come into conflict over the relative powers of Church and State.

The abbey built in St Thomas's memory was a thriving Augustinian foundation and an important religious house for more than 350 years, until Henry VIII's Dissolution of the Monasteries.

Excavation is not expected to begin until next year. The site has been re-covered with earth to protect it from vandals or art thieves and there are security guards.



Worried parents told that BBC's *Teletubbies* are smarter than they sound

Education experts praise 'dumb' show on children's TV

By PETER FOSTER

PSYCHOLOGISTS have praised a new BBC programme for children which mothers and educationalists have accused of "dumbing down" to youngsters.

One parent described *Teletubbies* as slow, banal and ill-conceived, and several wrote complaining to the *Radio Times*. The programme stars four brightly coloured characters described as half-child, half-teddy bear.

They talk like babies, have televisions for tummies, aerials sticking out of their heads and act clumsily. Each action they perform, such as dropping a hat, is repeated several times during a single 25-minute segment.

However, concerns about the language of *Teletubbies* — the characters speak in baby-language, saying "haro" instead of "hello" — were not echoed by educational specialists from continental Europe and America when shown an episode of *Teletubbies* by *The Times*.

Diederik Van Rossum, a clinical psychologist from Amsterdam with 25 years' experience, watched *Teletubbies*

with two children aged 2 and 6: "I loved the programme and so did the children," he said. "It gives free range to their imagination and is made with young children in mind."

Dr Van Rossum added that he could not understand the fuss: "I think it is typically British, with very traditional ideas about education, to worry about this programme. If anything I think *Teletubbies* is better than *Sesame Street*, which tries to force ideas onto the child."

Dr Van Rossum also said the repetitions in the programme were part of the attraction. "This is how children actually behave. The language and movement are slow, straight and communicative. My children loved it, you could see how involved they were by their eyes."

Ulrich Schmitz, a psychologist from Cologne who specialises in the effect of television on children, said *Teletubbies* would not harm linguistic development. However, he was concerned that *Teletubbies* would encourage children to watch more television at an earlier age.

"Television is often used to keep children quiet and this programme will only help them to get them hooked," he said. "Television should always be the secondary alternative to real life. Children need no more stimulation than is provided in their immediate environment."

Mr Schmitz dismissed concerns over the characters' speaking habits. "The programme aims to communicate not through language but through abstract structures and colours and so cannot be judged by adult measures such as language."

Anne Wood, who devised *Teletubbies* and has won Bafta awards for her other

work, *Tots* TV and *Rosie and Jim*, said she could not understand all the attention. "We simply set out to entertain young children growing up in a technological world. We are not dumbing down" and take always take the opportunity to name things clearly through the narrator, who has a natural adult voice. The programme is deliberately sensitive to children and their needs," she said.

Charlotte Cole, vice-president of international research at the Children's Television Workshop, which produces *Sesame Street*, said repetition played an important part in the learning process for preschool children. "Young children need a balance of what is new and what is familiar. After all, adults often reinforce what has been agreed earlier when they get to the end of a telephone conversation," she said.

Ms Cole, who would not comment directly on *Teletubbies*, said that one of the rules of *Sesame Street* was not to patronise the young viewer. "We try never to talk down to the child, and start with a level of respect for the child, but this is only one philosophy. Every programme has different goals."

However, the first foreign television company to buy *Teletubbies* is to cut some of the repetition from the episodes. KTV, a children's channel in South Africa, bought 260 episodes for an estimated \$300,000 (£185,000) after viewing the programme at a BBC sales fair.

The BBC expects to sell *Teletubbies* throughout the world and is in negotiations with television companies across Europe. The corporation's licensing department is also developing a range of *Teletubbies* merchandise,



The Teletubbies' baby talk and frequent repetition has been criticised by parents

which will be in the shops from October.

Debby Venter, schedules manager at KTV, said the first programme would be broadcast later this year. "The standard 25-minute episode will be cut to 15 or 20 minutes to cut out some of the more clumsy repetitions which we

think might leave our children feeling bored," she said.

Teletubbies will also be shown on KTV's 12-hour satellite channel, which reaches across Africa from the Cape to northern Egypt. Ms Venter added that she had bought the programme because it offered an alternative to the Ameri-

can-style programmes currently on offer for her pre-school audience.

"We liked the programme because it left more to the imagination for the children, who will feel very comfortable listening to voices like their own," she said.

□ *Teletubbies* is on BBC2 every weekday at 10am.

Research race hits medical schools

The quality of teaching in medical schools is deteriorating as departments are forced to focus on research to win funds, it was claimed yesterday. Dr Colin Smith, chairman of the BMA's medical academics' committee, blamed the star-rating system by which the quality of teaching at medical centres was assessed every four years. The results are used to determine government research funding levels.

Dr Smith said the scheme was damaging medical education irrespective of whether a centre had scored well or not. Top-scoring universities saw research as the formula for continuing success while others redoubled their efforts.

Matthews better

Sir Stanley Matthews, 82, is improving and expected to be kept in hospital for another week after a suspected minor heart attack. Doctors said there had been an "encouraging improvement in heart function" after tests showed he had low blood pressure, one symptom of an attack.

Funicular fight

A legal challenge to planning permission for a £17 million funicular railway in the Cairngorms will be made tomorrow by conservationists. Visitor numbers are declining and the Cairngorm Chairlift Company says the railway will attract 200,000 visitors a year in the summer.

Milk teeth saved

A girl, 15, whose teeth were knocked out in a car crash in Cannock, Staffordshire, has been able to have them replaced because a paramedic saved them in a glass of milk. Dentists say it is vital that dislodged teeth are not cleaned, and are kept in the mouth or in milk.

Family injured

A 12-year-old boy is stable in hospital with a fractured skull after a minibus in which 16 members of his family were travelling overturned on a motorway. Fifteen of those in the vehicle were injured in the incident on the M11 near Duxford, Cambridgeshire, on Saturday.

Paramedic dies

Paramedics arrived at a house fire in Newport, Isle of Wight, to discover that a man who had died was one of their colleagues. Andrew Ash's wife Jane and one of their three children had already escaped and firemen rescued the other two. Mr Ash, 40, was overcome by smoke.

Royal relief

The Queen, the Duke of Edinburgh and the Queen Mother attended Crathie Kirk on the Balmoral estate yesterday, ending local fears that a decision to substitute an electronic organ for a pipe organ with links to Queen Victoria would damage the relationship with the Royal Family.

Bright young things who behave just like students

By PETER FOSTER AND SIMON HORSBOROUGH

EVER since the days of Dougal, the fluffy dog from *The Magic Roundabout* who was hooked on sugar lumps, there has been a cult following among students for children's television.

The psychedelically coloured *Teletubbies* are compulsory breakfast viewing on some university campuses. The attraction may have something to do with the fact that the characters behave much like students after a night in the Union bar — giggling and falling over. The fact that one of the characters is called Dipsy has not escaped notice.

Students have also developed theories on the subversive subtext of *Teletubbies*. One young man from Oxford said it was clear that the green dome where the *Teletubbies* lived was a symbol for a

nuclear bunker and that the tubes that emerged from the ground to give instructions to the *Teletubbies* — such as "it is time for bed" — were identifiable as Orwellian instruments of state control.

Anne Wood, the programme's creator, dismissed such a reading. "Students have always read things into children's television," she said. "Reverting to their childhood helps them to relieve tension."

Karl Dayson, 29, the president of the student's union at Salford University, said that *Teletubbies* was the ideal "no-brain-required" programme before setting off for library or lecture theatre. "I like the nice bright colours. But Laa-Laa [the yellow one] is my favourite because he's really happy and smiley," he said.

Toby Earle, reading ancient



history at Nottingham University, said he thought the surreal movements and bright colours were "hallucinogenic". "I can see the day when students' unions will be holding special *Teletubbies* events or parties, with maybe cocktails with the names and colours of Tinky Winky, Dipsy and Po." Mr Earle, 20, from south London, added that as well as being a bit "trippy", "I reckon if you play the gurgled baby talk of the *Teletubbies* backwards there

might well be some hidden messages". Katie Coy, doing business studies at Northumbria University, said she thought the programme was "very silly". However, she was able to produce a faultless impression of Tinky Winky [the purple one] saying "harrow".

The growing fascination with *Teletubbies* has also infiltrated the fancy dress business. Peter Evans, 38, manager of The Costume Studio in Islington, north London, said he had had at least half a dozen requests for *Teletubbies* suits in the past fortnight. "Perhaps it's because it's the May ball season and there are lots of students with nothing better to do than watch it."

Teletubbies is by no means the first children's programme whose characters who do not speak a conventional language. In the 1970s

programme *The Clangers* the characters communicated through whistles. Bill and Ben managed little more than "flobbadob" and, more recently, *Pingu*, an animated penguin, only squeaks.

Primary school teachers are also having to get abreast of the new craze. Vanessa King, 45, who teaches in a north London primary school, said: "Even my four-year-olds love it. They've managed to see differences in the characters and they imitate their mannerisms." Ms King also countered the criticism that baby-talk and catchphrases such as "uh-oh" and "bye-bye" would retard her charges' language development. "As a child I watched *Bill and Ben* and I haven't grown up to be stupid. The inventors of *Teletubbies* must have very good observational skills: their body language mirrors that of young children."

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AUTOMOTIVE DEFENCE SYSTEMS PROPULSION TECHNOLOGY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT

Gene-modified fish grow three times faster than normal

By NIGEL HAWKES, SCIENCE EDITOR

GENETIC engineers have created fish that grow at three times the normal rate. The research aims to speed up production of tilapia, a staple food in the Third World.

Professor Norman Maclean of Southampton University hopes to begin trials of the "super-fish" later this year to prove that they reach edible size much more quickly than ordinary fish without eating any more food.

The tilapia is widely farmed throughout the Third World, although the same technique could be used for any type of fish. The rate of growth is speeded up by modifying the fish's genes so that it produces more growth hormone.

Growth hormone gene was taken from an Atlantic salmon and attached to another length of DNA, whose normal job is to regulate production of a substance used by Arctic fish to prevent them becoming frozen in cold seas.

The regulator gene is pro-

duced in the liver, a large organ. This means that instead of producing a small amount of growth hormone in the brain — the normal process — the modified fish produce large amounts of it in the liver, and grow much faster.

Tilapia are the broiler chickens of the Third World," said Professor Maclean, whose work has been supported by the Overseas Development Administration. "They are an African fish originally, but now they are widely grown in ponds in Asia, China, Israel and South America."

The trials are needed to show that the modified fish, rather than simply eating more, convert their food more efficiently. Professor Maclean hopes to conduct them in Israel, Thailand or Iceland.

Tilapia is a warm-water fish, so Iceland may seem an odd choice," he said. "But they have warm lakes caused by

hot springs which would support the fish. If they were to escape, they would die in colder water, so there wouldn't be any risk of accidental spread of the modified fish."

He is also working on making the fish sterile, so that they could not interbreed with wild varieties and alter the natural population. Escapes of farmed salmon in Scotland have raised concerns that the wild stock may be altered and weakened by genes from the farmed fish.

Sterility is engineered into the fish by blocking the production of the hormone which is responsible for the formation of the gonads. This can be done by inserting into the fish a reversed version of the gene responsible for making the hormone — a technique known as "anti-sense".

Tilapia which are farmed

often mature precociously and start breeding, producing large colonies of small fish, which is not what fish-farmers want. This problem should be avoided with the sterile variety — "and if we want to breed from any of them, all we have to do is inject the hormone and they will become fertile," said Professor Maclean.

He has not yet eaten any of the gene-modified fish, so cannot say whether they will taste different from the regular variety. "The main appeal is not to produce larger fish, but normal-sized ones in a shorter time," he said. "If you could grow tilapia in a year instead of 18 months, that would be a big improvement in productivity."



The tilapia, which is widely farmed in the Third World



Kodiak, a pure wolf, makes a guest appearance in Gloucestershire yesterday

Wolf-dogs 'too dangerous' to be kept as pets

By ROBIN YOUNG

TOBIN, a year-old Canadian timberwolf hybrid, was bought by his owners as a pup-sized "bundle of fun". He now stands 6 ft tall on his hind legs and weighs 8 st.

He was seized last month by a local authority which claimed he was a danger to the public and should be destroyed, but won a reprieve at the weekend at a private sitting before a judge at Durham County Court.

Animal experts say wolf-dogs such as Tobin, which are increasingly being sold as pets, could prove more dangerous than pit bull terriers or rottweilers, which are already subject to restrictions under the Dangerous Dogs Act.

Tobin is being kept in a secret location until his case returns to court for a full hearing. Trevor Cooper, a solicitor specialising in defending allegedly dangerous dogs, is representing his owner, Thomas Coates. He said yesterday: "The council have agreed not to destroy the animal. We will be able to get in experts and have a full hearing to decide exactly whether Tobin can be classed as a wolf or not."

Tobin was seized last month after Sedgfield council claimed that he needed a special licence under the Dangerous Wild Animals Act, 1970, which covers animals such as wolves and coyotes. Mr Coates, from Chilton, Co Durham, maintains that his pet does not need a special licence because he is not a wolf, but a type of husky and therefore a domestic pet.

Mr Cooper said: "This case will set a legal precedent as to how wolves are defined. I sit

on the dangerous dogs reform group, where the issue of wolf hybrids has been discussed. There is a real need for clarification of the law."

A spokesman for the RSPCA said yesterday: "There are fears that wolf-dogs will be the next craze among the lovers of exotic animals. We do not believe they make suitable pets. No-one should keep them in their home. They are potential killers."

Meanwhile, hand-reared wolves, well-trained and obedient, are taken on school visits and make guest appearances at zoos and animal parks. Two wolves belonging to the UK Wolf Conservation Trust, based in Reading, Berkshire, have been on display this weekend at Sleepy Hollow Farm Park in Gloucestershire, where they have been paraded on leads by their owners, Tina Bennett and Colin Thorn.

Tina Spittle, owner of the park, said yesterday: "We have had the wolves on guest appearances before. They are no trouble, but we do not allow contact sessions with them, because crowds would put them under stress."

The Wolf Conservation Trust, which aims to increase understanding of wolves but has no plans to reintroduce them in the wild, keeps its two zoo-raised and hand-reared wolves under licence.

Wolf-hybrids, some with more than 75 per cent wolf in their make-up, are either imported from North America or Eastern Europe, or raised in Britain from imported stock. They cost about £450 as puppies. Until now, a licence for them has not been regarded as necessary.

Bell and horn section prepares to mount up and pedal allegro con brio

By DALYA ALPERE

A MUSICAL composition scored for 111 "humming, whistling, hooting cyclists" is to be given its British premiere next month.

Eine Brise (A Breeze), by the Argentinian composer Mauricio Kagel, 65, who lives in Germany, will be presented on June 28. The

cyclists will be led in formation down Upper Street, Islington, north London, by Stephen Montague, the American composer, himself a keen cyclist. Fortunately, the traffic need be stopped for only 90 seconds — that is how long the piece lasts. Performances set off at 2.15pm and 4.30pm.

Montague, whose own compo-

sitions have featured the spokes of a bicycle being played like a harp, and who is finishing a piano concerto to be premiered at this summer's BBC Proms, explained that all Kagel's theatre pieces had "absurd combinations". Previous mixed-media works have required singers to produce "screams and yells" and a percus-

sionist to wield a heavy axe, chopping away at a log — in time, admittedly. Another piece asked that backstage staff at an opera house should do what they normally do: the only difference was that they were being watched by an audience.

Eine Brise is not scored with the usual musical notation. Instead,

the composer indicated the pattern in which the cyclists should ride, how they were to be arranged and when they were to ring a bell, toot a horn or utter a "sssshhh" sound.

Montague explained that they would line up in a row, two or three abreast, and ride down Upper Street. The event, which

can be seen and heard free of charge, is presented by the Islington-based Almeida Opera, beginning a season of contemporary opera and music theatre.

Montague said that the sounds would change as the cyclists moved: "It's a progression. Each cyclist's bell will be unique in a block of sound. It's a wide band of

sound that is changing all the time."

The cyclists will include non-musicians. The London Cycling Campaign advertised for participants, noting that "musical experience is optional but a horn or bell would be appreciated".

Music reviews, page 16

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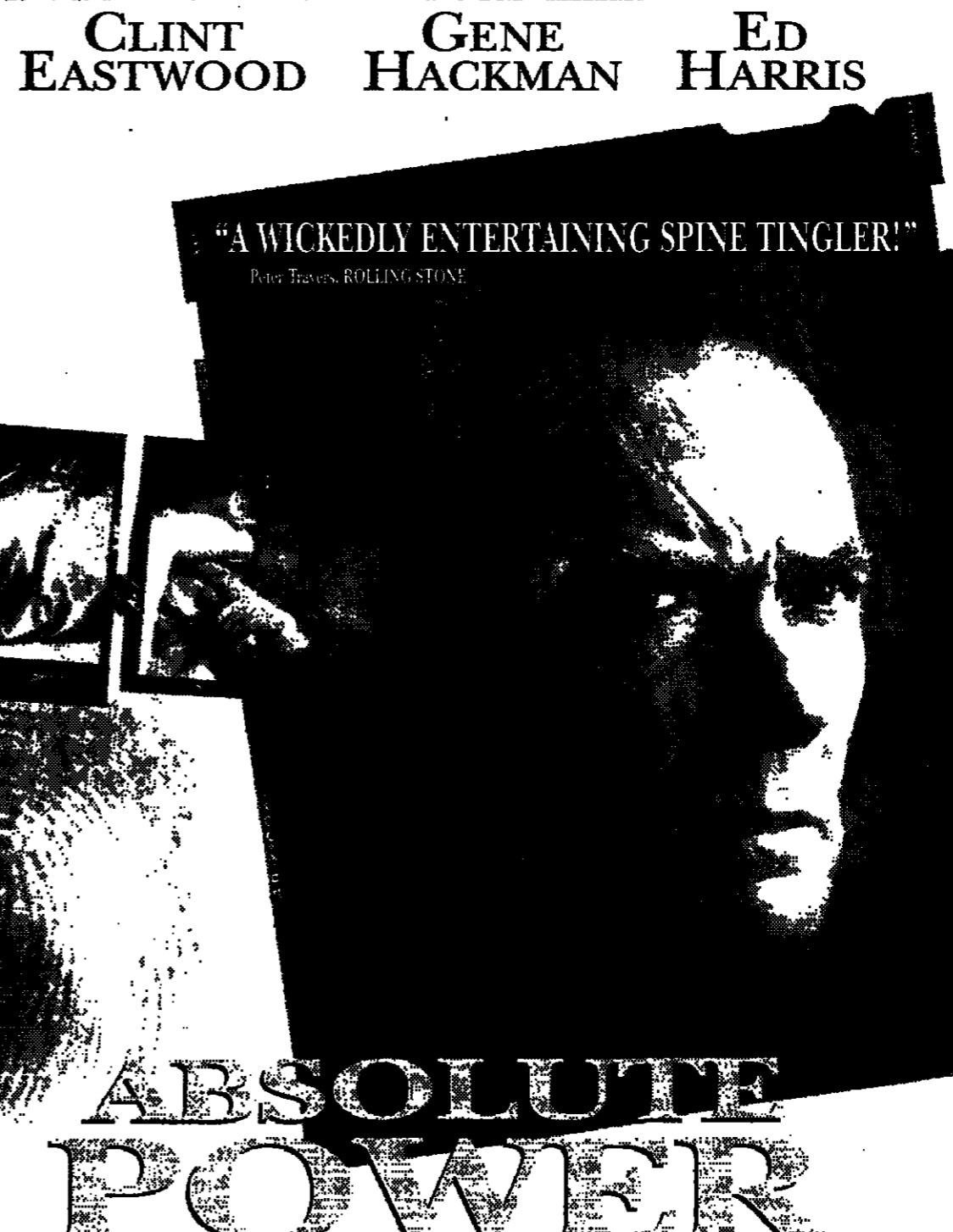
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TALKING PAGES

Wave of looters heralds new era in Dostum's panic-stricken ghost town

FIRST, there was anarchy. Young looters with Kalashnikovs arrived in lorries, scaled the walls of United Nations compounds and international aid agencies, screaming "dollars, dollars". They kicked in doors, slapped people, took watches and wallets, radios, torches and — especially popular — Thermos flasks.

They examined camera equipment worth thousands of pounds and discarded it as worthless to their meagre world of bare survival. They



Christopher Thomas finds himself caught up in the initial anarchy as Mazar-i-Sharif falls to new Taliban masters

demanded my laptop computer, which I had been trying to hide. I resisted: a rifle barrel was thrust into my belly. Deciding against shooting me, the gunman raised the butt to smash my head. I gave him the computer. He turned

it around, wondering what it was, tried to open it, failed, and tossed it across the room in disgust. I caught it. He was already on his way downstairs to search for better loot, yelling abuse randomly at people standing frozen in

fear. This happened in the United Nations guest house, where several foreign aid workers and journalists were staying. Several people had made it to the gloom of the underground bunker, where they shrank into the dark corners, unseen.

The gunmen practically tripped over them. This mayhem carried a message as clear as any formal announcement: it was over for the Government of northern Afghanistan. The first sign of collapse came at 5.30pm on

Saturday, the desert sun still baking this sleepy town of 200,000. Automatic gunfire erupted to the west of the city, and there were explosions in the air from rocket-propelled grenades. This was designed to clear the streets.

There was frenzy. Barrow boys ran home, pushing their carts fruit tumbling off. Shop shutters fell in a clattering chorus, men on donkeys slumped their animals to a trot, ponies pulling carts were whipped into a gallop. Every body ran, even an old man

with a stick. The full veils of women lifted above their ankles, an indignity that did not slow their flight.

In minutes it was a ghost town. There had been rumours all day of momentous events about to happen, but few really believed that the army of General Abdul Rashid Dostum, 43, warlord of the north, could cave in like a house of cards. General Dostum was seen at the airport in Mazar-i-Sharif four hours earlier. His wife, children and father were flown abroad on

Friday. His generals were told to get out as best they could; most escaped.

The ugly mood of defeat moved swiftly to celebration of victory. Pro-Taliban forces came first in a dribble, then a wave, shouting reassurances as they took up positions that people had nothing to fear, that this was not another plundering Afghan army come to rape and terrorise. The troops hurt nobody, their behaviour was impeccable.

At 7.30pm the muezzin in the central mosque called the

faithful to prayer — in vain — as darkness fell over a new Mazar-i-Sharif, one that must obey unfamiliar regulations of Islamic orthodoxy.

Commander Qazi Gargari, who led the seizure of both Mazar-i-Sharif and General Dostum's headquarters town of Sheberghan to the west, leaned against his tank outside the mosque, beaming at the triumphant yelping of his young troops and said: "A new order has begun. True Islam has arrived in northern Afghanistan."

EK BANGASH/AP

Taliban triumph as warlord bribes his way into exile

FROM CHRISTOPHER THOMAS IN MAZAR-I SHARIF, NORTHERN AFGHANISTAN

RUSSIAN helicopters patrolled the Central Asian border with Afghanistan yesterday, backed by thousands of ground troops — the first military response to the collapse of the main resistance to the fundamentalist Taliban Islamic militia in northern Afghanistan. The manoeuvres were a warning to the extremist student army to stay its side of the Oxus River.

Taliban's allies moved swiftly from the west, first capturing the small town of Sheberghan where General Abdul Rashid Dostum, the Uzbek warlord of the north, had his headquarters. Tanks then charged 70 miles down the narrow desert road to Mazar-i-Sharif, the northern capital, unchallenged, unexpected and mostly unwanted by a population used to a liberal interpretation of Islam.

Pakistan became the first country last night to recognise Taliban as the Government of Afghanistan after the militia announced it had captured the Salang Pass. Taliban is demanding to be granted Afghanistan's seat at the United Nations, still held by the former Government of President Rabani, ousted from Kabul eight months ago.

A huge portrait of General

Dostum stared down from a customs hall as he drove out of Afghanistan across a bridge over the Oxus into Uzbekistan. On the way to the border post he passed many towering portraits of himself, most of which were destroyed with gunfire or torn down a few hours later. He also had to bribe some of his own soldiers with dollars to let him pass.

Behind him 22 Jeeps and cars filled with 120 generals and senior government officials snaked towards the border, battered by sand kicked up by a windstorm that made the road perilous. They, too, had to bribe their own people to get away.

At the last checkpoint they encountered men who had just arrived from the invading army. They somehow got by.

Most had enriched themselves handsomely when in power. The political organisation they abandoned has been reconstituted into allegiance with Taliban, a classic Afghan compromise. It will seek to bring in General Ahmed Shah Massoud, the Tajik military leader, who runs two or three provinces in the northeast. Two other commanders, controlling a province each, are being invited to join a national government of reconciliation. The invasion was launched by supporters of General Abdul Malik, 35, a former Dostum loyalist who switched to Taliban last week over a personal feud. The Dostum empire started immediately to crumble.

YEVGENI PRIMAKOV, the Russian Foreign Minister, said "very tough action" would be taken against the Islamic movement if it threatened any of the former Soviet republics.

The Russian leadership states that if the CIS [Commonwealth of Independent States] border is violated, the mechanism of the CIS collective security treaty will be immediately activated," said a statement by the Russian Government, which has more than 50,000 troops in the region.

By far the most vulnerable country is Tajikistan, which shares an 800-mile common border with Afghanistan, along which 25,000 Russian troops have been struggling to maintain security. President Rakhmonov of Tajikistan held an emergency meeting of his security advisers at the weekend to decide how to meet the potential Taliban threat and what to do with the thousands of expected refugees. Uzbekistan is also troubled by the Taliban victory. It backed General Abdul Rashid Dostum, the Afghan warlord

and ethnic Uzbek, who was driven out of his stronghold. In Kyrgyzstan, border troops were put on alert.

For the Russians the latest developments pose a huge headache. The Kremlin is determined to maintain its political influence and military presence, but is still haunted by its disastrous nine-year intervention in Afghanistan.

Troops who defected to Taliban's side ride past the Hazrat Ali mosque in a truck bearing an anti-aircraft gun after Mazar-i-Sharif's fall

Border alert by Russia after 'keep out' warning

FROM RICHARD BEESTON
IN MOSCOW



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Texas accused of 'assembly line' rush on death row

FROM IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON

WHEN a double murderer is put to death by lethal injection as scheduled on Wednesday he will bring a gruesome distinction to Texas.

The Lone Star State will have executed eight condemned men during May, the highest monthly total for any state since the death penalty was restored in 1976. The new tally will stand briefly: Texas has set 11 executions for June, breaking a record held by North Carolina since 1920.

Texas now has assembly-line capital punishment, says Clive Stafford Smith, a British lawyer whose New Orleans practice is devoted to helping death row inmates in the American South.

The Texan rush to irrevocable judgment began in March when the state appeal court upheld a new law that severely restricts the rights of appeal against the death penalty. Texas lawmakers were determined to postpone at least two-and-a-half years off the average life expectancy of eight years on death row. The law works in conjunction with tough new constraints imposed by Congress to curb the transfer of appeals from state to federal courts.

The speeded-up system has brought unexpected repercussions. Executions have become mundane. No longer newsworthy, they rate barely a mention in Texan newspapers and on television. Sometimes no lawyers can be found to handle the all but hopeless task of

last-minute appeals. Hundreds of death penalty opponents used to demonstrate outside Huntsville prison, known as The Walls. Now there are few. Just eight showed up for the vigil last Tuesday when a rapist murderer was put to death. Four days before that, three protested against an execution.

The tradition of waiting until midnight before activating the flow of poison into the condemned man's veins has changed. The new time is 8pm.

As a warden explained, people who must go to work the next day have no wish to stay up late.

The grisly custom of granting the inmate's wishes for a final meal prevails, but there are limits. A last gasp on a cigarette or a shot of spirits to dull the brain are banned by prison rules. So is bubble gum.

Asked by tradition if he had

anything to say, one man prattled on for 30 minutes after being strapped to the table before he was cut short by a signal to the executioner, unseen at his panel behind a one-way mirror. The man's last words were: "Warden, you didn't let me finish."

The 442 men and eight women on death row in Texas view their shortening odds with grim resignation. Earl Behringer, due to die on June 11 and still protesting that he did not kill a couple in a parked car, said: "I'm a Chris-

tian and I have a better place to go to than this."

Texas has executed 122 since 1976, far ahead of second-place Florida and Virginia, both 39.

Texas is the capital of capital punishment because of its large urban populations, a gun-toting tradition of violence and deeply-felt support for frontier justice.

Mr Stafford Smith's goal is

to carry his campaign to Texas, but he said yesterday the state is so huge that it takes

monumental resources to cover even a handful of appeals.

There has never been an

adequate organisation pre-

pared to wage the fight, and

legal representation at trials is

often abysmal. He said that

America has 3,700 people

awaiting capital punishment,

and if one were executed every

day except Sundays for ten

years the number would

scarcely have changed. Ameri-

can courts sentence more than

300 to death row every year.



Winning hold: Akebono, the Hawaiian-born sumo grand champion, with the Emperor's Cup in Tokyo yesterday after beating Takanohana

Tobacco firm to unsaddle ad hero

FROM TUNKU VARADARAJAN
IN NEW YORK

MARLBORO MAN, the rugged American icon who has puffed away in the great outdoors for more than four decades, now faces the sack.

Under a radical deal hammered out between the American tobacco industry and the country's powerful anti-cigarette lobby, the chain-smoking cowboy could be consigned to oblivion as early as next month.

The agreement commits the industry to cutting teenage smoking by 30 per cent within five years, 50 per cent in seven years and 60 per cent by the end of the decade. Companies could be fined as much as \$1.5 billion (£920 million) for each percentage point that they fall short of the targets.

The industry has agreed to make far-reaching changes in the way in which it sells its products. This includes an end to all "character" advertising, which is thought to convey the message to teenagers that smoking is "cool".

"Characters" are defined as people—real or symbolic—as well as animated cartoon creations. Marlboro Man, tobacco's top salesman, falls foul of the prohibition, as does "Joe Camel", the "hip" cartoon dramedy who trumpets the cause of Camel cigarettes.

The deal also calls for an end to billboard advertising and a ban on cigarette vending machines in places to which minors have access.



Marlboro Man: may disappear next month

The restrictions come in the context of talks, started two months ago, between the industry and 30 state attorneys-general. Under negotiation is a proposal to set up a "compensation kitty" for smokers. The industry's fund would contribute \$300 billion over 25 years to help to pay for tobacco-related illnesses.

In exchange, the industry wants an end to punitive damages in future lawsuits, the elimination of "class-action" suits (for example, all air stewardesses being able to sue because they once worked in a plane's smoking section), and a requirement that smokers should go through a medically monitored "kick the habit" programme before they can sue for damages.

As anti-smoking hysteria grows in the United States, tobacco firms are pursuing the negotiations vigorously. An industry lawyer said: "The risks have now grown too large for the tobacco companies to continue gambling on wins and losses in court. They want clear rules to be laid out now."

Central Park killing panics New Yorkers

BY TUNKU VARADARAJAN

A KILLING in Central Park allegedly carried out by two 15-year-olds who were high on drugs and drink, has sent tremors through New York City.

Police charged Christopher Vazquez and Daphne Abdela yesterday with the murder of Michael McMorrow, 44, an alcoholic with whom the pair had been drinking.

Mr McMorrow's mutilated body was recovered from the park's lake on Friday. He had been stabbed more than 30 times—“frenziedly”, a police spokesman said—and had been disembowelled by the pair so that his body would sink to the bottom.

The two teenagers are lovers. He comes from a modest Hispanic home on the Upper East side of the city, while she is the adopted daughter of a millionaire who lives just off Central Park. Although he has no record, she has been in

and out of borstals and drug rehabilitation clinics.

The pair apparently had been drinking late on Thursday when Mr McMorrow joined them. After providing convivial company for an hour, however, he is alleged to have put his arm around Miss Abdela and made sexual advances. Enraged, and egged on by his girlfriend, Christopher Vazquez killed him.

The case has caused panic among many New Yorkers who regard Central Park as a metaphor for the city's well-being. The 843-acre park, an oasis of green amid the skyscrapers, has always been a source as much of civic pleasure as of urban paranoia.

The last park murder took place in September 1995, and one of the boasts of Rudolph Giuliani, the city's tough Mayor, is that Central Park is now free of "punks, pimps and pushers".

THE TIMES MONDAY MAY 26 1997

Army coup forces Sierra Leone's President to flee

FROM INIGO GILMORE IN JOHANNESBURG

"now in control of the state". He added: "We want democracy, but not this democracy. Our soldiers have been suffering for too long." He called for the return to Sierra Leone of Foday Sankoh, the leader of the rebel Revolutionary Front, and of Captain Solomon Musa, a former deputy military leader linked to another coup in 1993.

Reports from the capital, Freetown, said that heavy fighting broke out around the government offices and military headquarters soon after 5am. Soldiers using automatic weapons, mortars and rocket-propelled grenades apparently met with some resistance, but there was no immediate estimate of casualties. Witnesses said that about 20 heavily armed soldiers had broken into the central prison and freed 600 inmates.

After the soldiers had made a radio broadcast ordering all ministers to report to military headquarters, a helicopter was seen taking off from Mr Kabba's Freetown residence. Last night he was believed to be in neighbouring Guinea.

Corporal Gborie, a spokesman for the soldiers, said in a radio broadcast that they were

now in control of the state".

He added: "We want democracy, but not this democracy. Our soldiers have been suffering for too long." He called for the return to Sierra Leone of Foday Sankoh, the leader of the rebel Revolutionary Front, and of Captain Solomon Musa, a former deputy military leader linked to another coup in 1993.

The Commonwealth Secretary-General, Chief Erico Anyankw, said that he viewed the coup with great concern and condemned it as totally unacceptable. "This is a particularly retrograde step for Sierra Leone after the advances in building democracy, peace and reconciliation in recent years," he said.

Sierra Leone, a former British protectorate set up in 1808 for freed slaves, was plunged into a civil war in 1991 that killed 10,000 people and brought the economy in the mineral-rich country to its knees. President Kabba took office in March last year after multiparty elections ended four years of army rule.

SMOKING
Chief Medical Officer
Dr. Ian Tizard

Tehran euphoria greets moderate's landslide

FROM MICHAEL THEODOULOU IN NICOSIA

THE landslide victory of a moderate clergyman in Iran's presidential elections represents the most stunning political upset since Ayatollah Khomeini ousted the pro-American Shah, and could signal a turning point in the country's Islamic revolution.

Some diplomats in Tehran likened the mood of euphoric relief, and disbelief at the scale of victory, to that which swept Britain after Tony Blair's victory, but they cautioned against expecting any dramatic changes in Iran's behaviour.

Sayed Muhammad Khatami, a former Culture Minister, won nearly three times as many votes as his challenger, Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri, the hardline Speaker of Iran's parliament, who was backed by the conservative-clerical establishment that has ruled Iran for 18 years. Hojatolislam Khatami's message of open-minded toleration won him the enthusiastic support of intellectuals, women, and young people, all longing for more freedom. While his left-wing economic agenda se-

duced the urban poor. There was a record turnout of more than 90 per cent of Iran's 33 million eligible voters. Hojatolislam Khatami took 69 per cent of the popular vote to the Speaker's 25 per cent.

The outgoing President, Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, said Hojatolislam Khatami's victory reflected a surging youth movement which the establishment would have to recognise as an important political force. "People here do not quite believe what they have done," a Western envoy said. "They never thought the establishment would allow

Boost for women's hopes

Tehran: The outgoing President Rafsanjani of Iran said yesterday he would like to see women appointed Cabinet ministers under his newly elected successor, Sayed Muhammad Khatami.

"We are in favour of the presence of women in the new Cabinet," Hojatolislam Rafsanjani told a press con-

ference in Tehran. "The education and the ability of Iranian women are such that they can be appointed to high-level posts," he said.

Hojatolislam Khatami was especially popular among female voters after promising during his campaign a greater role in public life for women. (AFP)

ic Verses and subject of a death order by Ayatollah Khomeini] certainly will not be top of his in-tray, nor any overture to the United States," a European envoy said. "Why should he risk getting stabbed in the back when he would gain little domestically?"

The powers of Hojatolislam Khatami are likely to be curbed by hardline conservatives and powerful religious institutions, as well as by parliament, which is dominated by his defeated rival's conservative supporters. Diplomats were doubtful that a parliamentary pledge of support for the new President yesterday meant that he could enjoy its genuine backing.

The President's position is also subordinate to Iran's dour spiritual leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, who is in overall charge of strategy and foreign policy and had tacitly backed Hojatolislam Nateq-Nouri. He remains virulently hostile to America and the West in general.

Leading article, page 19



Hojatolislam Sayed Muhammad Khatami at a Tehran polling station, where he was mobbed by supporters

Jiang seen as head of Asia's powerful

FROM JONATHAN MIRSKY
IN HONG KONG

ASIA'S 50 most powerful people are headed by President Jiang Zemin of China, according to annual rankings published in *Asia Week*, a Hong Kong-based news magazine. Tung Chee-hwa, his handpicked Chief Executive for Hong Kong, comes fourth, just four ahead of the chief of Hong Kong's most feared Triad.

Second on the list is Dr Mahathir Mohamed, Malaysia's Prime Minister. Third, down from first in 1996, is President Suharto of Indonesia, "adept at playing off one rival against the other". Up from sixth last year and now fourth is Rupert Murdoch, chairman and chief executive of The News Corporation, parent company of *The Times*. It will make Li Peng, the Chinese Prime Minister, up to seventeenth from twenty-first in 1996, furious to see that Zhu Rongji — "abrasive, arrogant, with no shortage of enemies" — one of China's deputy prime ministers and economics chief, lies fifth, up from eighth. Mr Zhu may replace Mr Li in November. Lee Teng-hui, Prime Minister of Taiwan, third last year, is seventh, "shaken by public anger over corruption and crime".

Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan, eighteenth in 1996, is out of power and off the list, and so is Burma's democracy leader, Aung San Suu Kyi, who *Asia Week* claims is less challenging to the ruling junta than last year.

Three women are on the list: Siti Hardiyanti Rukmana, Mr Suharto's daughter and a leading tycoon, at 31, up from 33; at 33 is Sheikh Hasina Wajed, Prime Minister of Bangladesh; unchanged at 37 is Sri Lanka's President Bandaranaike Kumaratunga. In *Asia Week's* dissidents category, first is Daw Suu Kyi; Martin Lee, leader of Hong Kong's Democrats is third, just ahead of China's jailed dissident, Wei Jingsheng.

WORLD SUMMARY

130 'looters' killed in Indonesia

Jakarta: At least 130 suspected looters were burnt to death in an Indonesian shopping centre during a riot on the last day of campaigning for the country's general election, the police said yesterday. Four other people died elsewhere in the city of Banjarmasin, in Borneo island, as thousands of people ran amok after clashes involving supporters of rival political parties. Hundreds of wooden shanty houses, a church, a Buddhist temple and the headquarters of the government party, Golkar, were burnt down.

Senior senator

Washington: Strom Thurmond became the longest-serving member in the history of the US Senate (Ian Brodie writes). "I feel like a million dollars," said Mr Thurmond who, at 94, has promised to retire at the end of his current six-year term for South Carolina, when he will have turned 100. His 41 years and 10 months in the Senate exceed the previous record held by Carl Hayden of Arizona.

Corsica bombs

Bastia: A series of bomb attacks, one a 33lb charge that badly damaged a roads department building, went off around Corsica in what appeared to be a new offensive by militants seeking greater autonomy for the French Mediterranean island. The attacks were timed to coincide with the French parliamentary elections. (AP)

Crew rescued

Madrid: The crew of a Spanish expedition which left Easter Island on May 5 in the hope of sailing across the Pacific on a primitive reed raft was rescued 250 miles into its journey by an American yacht two days after the vessel, modelled on Inca craft, was split by a storm. (Reuters)

Yeltsin to discuss future of Kuriles

BY DAVID WATTS

RUSSIA and Japan have opened the way for regular summits after President Yeltsin committed himself to the withdrawal of troops from the disputed Kurile Islands claimed by both countries.

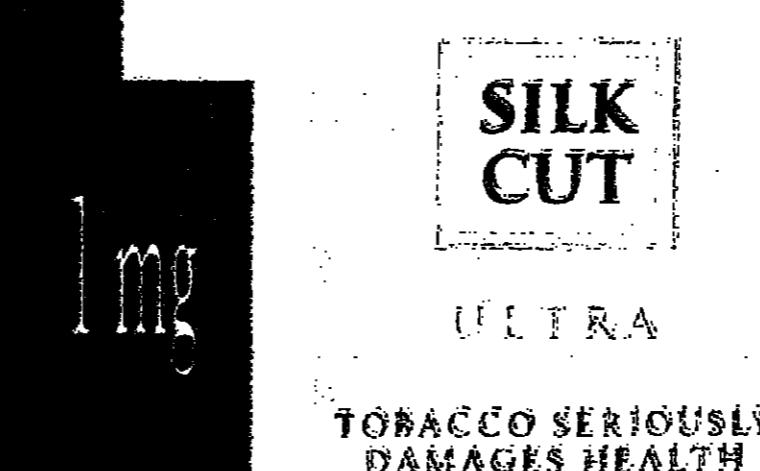
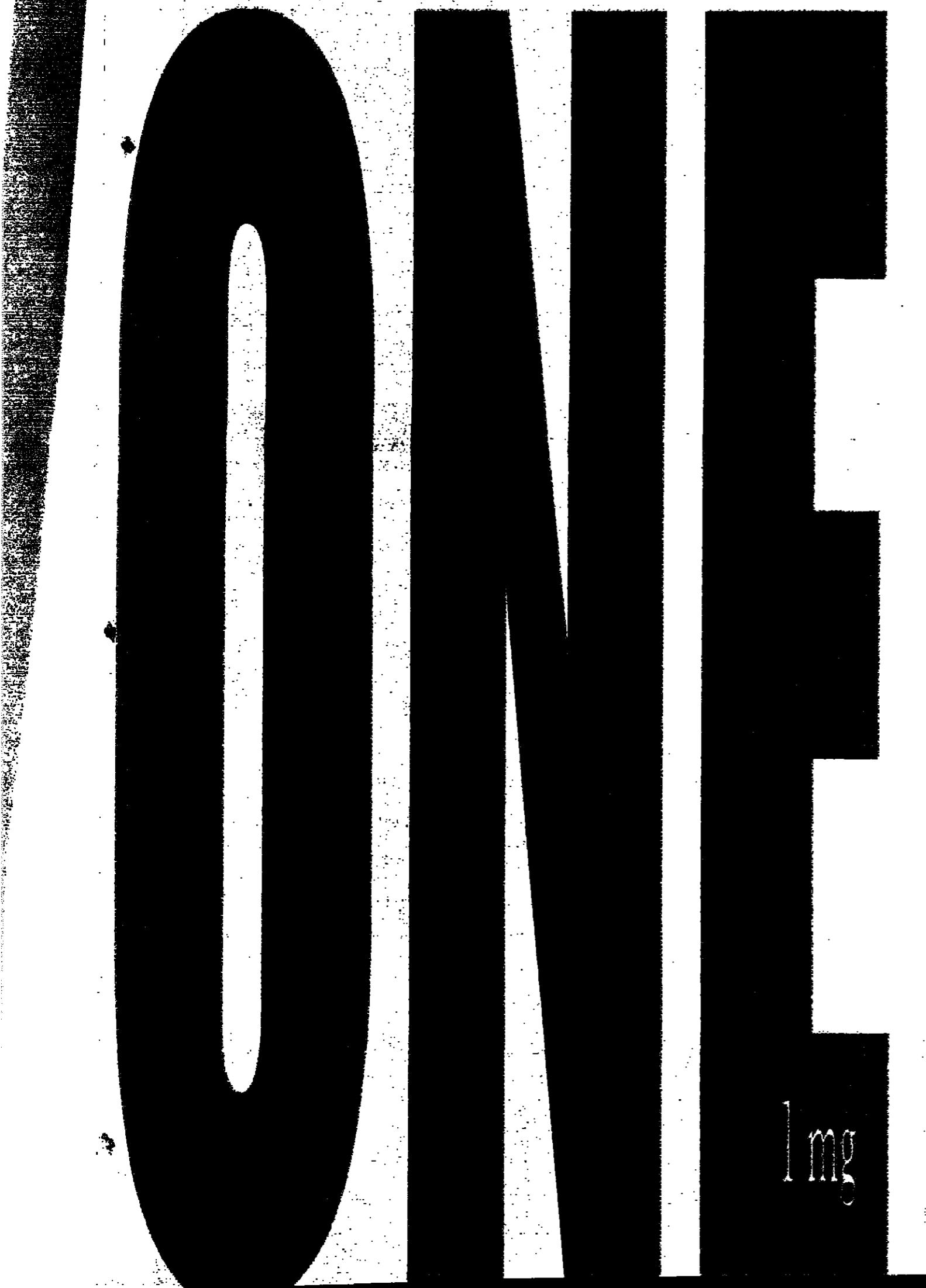
The first top-level meeting will come at the Denver conference of the Group of Seven leading industrialised nations when the Russian leader will meet Ryutaro Hashimoto, the Japanese Prime Minister, signalling a new attempt to resolve the northern islands dispute.

But Yukihiko Ieda, the Japanese Foreign Minister, said in London the issue of sovereignty over the islands, which Russia seized in the closing weeks of the Second World War, had yet to be resolved. Japan did not know how many Russian troops remained on the islands, although at the end of 1995 there were 3,500.



The islands are just the most prominent element of a relationship that has been among the most prickly in the world, beginning as it did with Japan's defeat of the Russian Imperial Navy at the Battle of Tsushima Strait in 1905 and leading through the years of constant Cold War tension.

It is a further mark of the changed atmosphere that the two navies have exchanged port visits for the first time since the Tsushima battle.



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Drivers' love of danger money

WAYNE MILLER/MAGNUM

A study of driver behaviour, toll roads and traffic congestion has produced results that have alarmed researchers. Anjana Ahuja reports

Diving into the psyche of car drivers can prove a worrying business. Experiments at Leeds University have suggested that if drivers were made to pay for road use according to the amount of time they spent on the road, they would be twice as likely to drive dangerously.

The volunteer drivers who participated in the experiment were more inclined to jump red lights, break the speed limit and indulge in risky overtaking. When questioned afterwards, the drivers said that they felt more anxious after the journey. They also admitted to feeling less in control of their vehicles.

Alarmingly, the experiment was performed on a driving simulator. The researchers found the results so shocking that they decided it would be unethical to allow the experiment to be repeated on the road.

This is the first discovery of a £152,000 project being carried out jointly by academics at the Institute of Transport Studies based at Leeds University, and Newcastle University. The aim is to find out how drivers are likely to respond to road charges. The project is funded by the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council, and is headed at Leeds by Professor Peter Bonsall and Professor Tony May, and at Newcastle by Professor Peter Hills.

The results will be incorporated into a computer model showing how driver behaviour affects urban congestion. The researchers are hoping to hit upon a magic pricing formula that will limit car use, encourage drivers to steer clear of congested or environmentally sensitive routes, prompt commuters to use public transport and reduce pollution. The model also should help planners to devise a strategy for avoiding the ultimate traffic nightmare: permanent gridlock.

It is generally agreed that traffic is a menace that needs to be curbed. Road pricing often has been touted as a way of easing overcrowding. However, nobody seems sure of the

most effective way to implement it. Should there be toll roads, where drivers are charged a flat fee to enter a particular highway? Or should payment depend on distance? Will road pricing encourage drivers to use less suitable routes? The important unknown is how drivers will react when faced with a fee.

Thanks to the Leeds University simulator experiment — which used a saloon car positioned in front of a curved screen showing the road — one option has been abandoned already. "We saw enough in the driver-simulator experiment to convince us that charging for time spent on the road posed an unacceptable safety risk," says Professor Bonsall.

The simulator experiment involved 44 men and women drivers, who were charged according to two schemes. In the first, they paid for time spent below a particular speed, say 10mph. This penalised rush-hour traffic, which clogs the roads and produces pollution. In the second scheme, drivers paid for time spent in a particular area.

To make the experiment as realistic as possible, volunteers had to feel as if they were dipping into their own pockets. So, at the start of each journey, they were each given a sum of money. As the experiment progressed, deductions were made according to road use.

Despite the small sample size, it did not take long for two worrying trends to emerge. Professor Bonsall says: "Charging according to time spent below a particular speed seemed to encourage the jumping of red lights. And charging according to the time spent in a particular area produced speeding and dangerous overtaking."

The results were published last month in *Traffic Engineering and Control*, a professional journal.

Professor Bonsall is taking charge of another interesting experiment: the route choice simulator, called Vladimir. The idea is to see whether charging on certain



The researchers are hoping to hit upon a pricing formula that will limit car use and encourage drivers to steer clear of congested or environmentally sensitive routes

routes prompts people to find alternative routes, even if this entails a longer journey. "It's a trade-off between money and time," Professor Bonsall says. "We want to see how people handle this trade-off, and whether the same attitude is shared by different types of drivers, such as commuters, shoppers and visitors."

Another important component of the project is a detailed questionnaire that will be answered by thousands of drivers in Leeds and Newcastle. It will ask respondents for their opinions on road pricing, and whether this would encourage the use of public transport, park-and-ride facilities and car-sharing.

The final contribution to the project started last week in Newcastle. Sixty staff at the city's university have had their cars equipped with technology which automatically deducts money on certain routes. Some participants

are being charged a flat fee for entering the city; others pay per mile for the privilege of using certain roads. Again, volunteers on the two-week experiment have been given some money to start with.

Before embarking on the experiment, volunteers had to fill in a questionnaire. However, what people say and what people do are often very different.

"The field trial is to see what people are really prepared to pay to

drive on their preferred route," says Neil Thorpe, a lecturer in transport studies at Newcastle University, and a researcher on the project. If they change to another route, an algorithm calculates a lower price.

Mr Thorpe says: "There is a price which people are prepared to pay to stay on their preferred route. For some, it will be 30p per journey. Others are happy to pay a pound."

All these different strands will be pulled together in a computer

simulation, called a network assignment model. The model, which will be based on either Cambridge, York or Leeds, will predict the effect of different pricing policies. It assumes that petrol prices and road tax are fixed.

The simulation will be finished in the middle of next year. It should allow traffic planners to come up with a workable way of introducing road pricing without alienating too many behind the wheel.

□ Satellite pinpoints approach of red dwarf star □ Successful brain operation in the Stone Age □ Mysterious reserves of water

Star with its sights on Earth

A SATELLITE launched by the European Space Agency in 1989 and designed to measure the precise positions of the stars has produced a surprise: a star that seems to be heading our way. The red dwarf star Gliese 710 is more than 100,000 times larger than the Earth and is approaching at 14 kilometres per second.

There is no immediate need for alarm, as Gliese 710 is 63 light years away and will take a million years to get here. A collision is unlikely, but even a near miss could prove exciting. If Gliese 710 just grazes the solar system and disturbs the Oort cloud, the region around the edge which contains thousands of comets, it could create a secondary bombardment by nudging comets on to new orbits that might intersect that of the Earth.

The discovery was reported earlier this month at a meeting in Venice to discuss the Hipparcos results. Dr Robert Preston and Dr Joan Garcia Sanchez of the US Jet

Propulsion Laboratory in California used data from Hipparcos to study how the positions of stars changed over time. The satellite can pinpoint the stars with an accuracy of half a millionth of a degree, so any sideways movement is easily seen. The researchers picked the 1200 stars that moved sideways the most.

Next, they had to find if they were moving towards or away from us, easily done by measuring their Doppler shift, the degree to which the spectrum of light is shifted by the relative motion. Combining such movements with knowledge of the distance of stars and it is possible to work out how soon to expect a stellar visitor. They found eight stars that are likely to come



SCIENCE BRIEFING
Nigel Hawkes

within five light years of the Sun in the next million years. A red dwarf called Barnard's star will be the first. Within 10,000 years it will approach the solar system more closely than our current nearest neighbour, Proxima Centauri, which is 4.3 light years away.

By far the closest, on present calculations, will be Gliese 710, which is in the constellation

Opicinus. "If you believe the data we have, it will strike the Oort cloud in about a million years," Dr Preston told *New Scientist*. "It would certainly throw lots of comets inwards."

There are plenty of uncertainties about the calculations, including the possibility that the incoming stars may have com-

panions too dim to see. If they do, then the two will be rotating around each other, and the inferred direction of motion of the visible star will be wrong.

There is a fair chance that more precise observations will prove that Gliese 710 doesn't actually have our number on it, so panic is hardly called for. But the same technique might provide interesting information about what happened in the past. Early in the life of the Earth, about 4.5 billion years ago, it was subjected to a blizzard of cometary impacts.

Dr Preston is now looking at stars heading directly away from the Earth, in the hope of finding one that made a close pass at about that time. He even suggests that one day it may be possible to identify the star that unleashed the comet that put paid to the dinosaurs — if, indeed, one did.

"Fossils tell us about past disasters," he says. "We hope to identify culprits among stars now hurrying away from the scene."

Skull reveals early surgery



THE earliest-known brain operation was successfully performed more than 7,000 years ago, a Stone Age skull found in Alsace has shown.

A man who had died at the age of 50 had undergone trepanning, a process in which holes are made in the skull with the aim of relieving headaches or curing disorders such as epilepsy.

This particular patient, found in a grave at the Neolithic burial site at Eulshiem, had been trepanned twice, creating large holes in his skull. Remarkably, he does not appear to have become infected, and the evidence of bone regrowth shows that he lived on for some considerable time after the operation. Dr Kurt All of the Institute of Human Genetics and Anthropology Freiburg University and colleagues report in *Nature*.

Analysis of grave goods found with the body enable it to be dated to 5100-4900 BC, which has been confirmed by carbon-dating of the human bones. The success of the operation, say the team, attests to the "high craftsmanship and well-founded anatomical knowledge of the surgeon".

The fact that the patient survived to a good age indicates that the operation at least didn't kill him — making it "the oldest healed neurosurgical operation known worldwide", the team says. Whether it did any good may be open to more doubt.

Chalk's storage secret found



AFTER a run of dry seasons, the chalk streams of England are low. But the fact that there is any water flow in them at all is thanks to the ability of chalk aquifers to store prodigious amounts of water. Quite how they do it has long been something of a mystery. A team from the University of Reading has now produced

an answer. Chalk is filled with small fractures and cracks, which fill and empty as the water table rises and falls. But when a stratum is raised some years ago of two rivers, that were fed by chalk catchments, it was found that the actual flow during dry spells was ten times greater than the volume of the fractures, so somehow the rock must have extra storage capacity.

The Reading team — Dr Mike Price, Professor Clive McCarn and Rob Low — used a variety of methods to study chalk from three sites, including passing sound waves through the rock as pressure was increased, to see if there were invisible microfractures that closed under greater pressure.

These irregularities create a large surface area to trap the water. The actual volume is only a quarter of 1 per cent of the rock, but given the quantity of chalk, it adds up to one billion cubic metres — or half the capacity of all the reservoirs in Britain.

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'If everyone was a rebel, I'd want to be a bank clerk'

Patience is not Keith Allen's strong point. "This is pathetic," he jeers at a perfectly forgivable memory lapse. "Oh come on. This is ***ing ridiculous!" Veins bulge and bluish jowls clench. For a moment, it looks like he might punch himself in the face.

Thankfully, just as you are casting about for a diversion — this is the man who famously stopped a fight in the Groucho Club by organising a penis-measuring contest — Allen retrieves the word he has been looking for from a smoking memory bank and resumes his rant against the "accountant-led s***" at the BBC. "Oh it annoys me. It's just sick. Oh God, it's sick. It's really ***ing sick. It annoys me so much."

It's 10am and Allen is stone-cold sober. This is just the way he talks, in furious, repetitive italics, pacing out his thoughts like a caged madman. He is here to promote BBC1's new six-part drama series, *Born to Run*, and is talking up the project like a trooper when he recalls the indignity of having to shoot sensitive scenes in a warehouse next to a go-kart track because the budget would not stretch to a BBC sound-stage.

"It's an incredibly graphic illustration of how things are going down the pan," he says, almost weeping. "And it's not fair to expect actors and directors to operate under those conditions. It's just not fair."

Such quivering sensitivity is unexpected, in a performer who once threatened a comedy club audience with darts and turned a fire hose on a female heckler. But as Allen points out: "It's been 13 years since I was a comedian." Performances in classy TV productions such as *Making Out* and *A Very British Coup*, and cameos in the cult movies *Trainspotting* and *Shallow Grave*, established Allen as a compelling screen presence.

Actor Keith Allen is an ex-Borstal boy who has the reputation of being the thinking woman's Oliver Reed. Interview by E Jane Dickson

but it was his skin-crawling incarnation of the grasping, wife-beating Jonas in BBC1's *Marin Chuzzlewit* that finally persuaded a wary public that the former Borstal boy had "gone legit".

I told the director that he had to cast me as Jonas Chuzzlewit because it was all in here," says Allen, making a scary face and tapping gingerly at his temple, as if his brain were an unexploded mine of

long as anyone can remember. One of Britain's most original and uncontrollable comic talents (his early pirate radio broadcasts made Chris Evans sound about as near the knuckle as Sooty), Allen has the reputation of a thinking woman's Oliver Reed.

Born in Wales, the son of a Royal Navy submariner, he won a scholarship to public school but flunked out and ended up in Borstal for petty thieving, older, but no wiser, he did a brief stretch in prison for smashing up a nightclub. Allen has always claimed that he only went drama school "to meet girls", and a turbulent personal life suggests that meeting them is the easy part. The tabloids had a field day when his wife, Alison, moved out with the couple's two children to live with comedian Harry Enfield, and later cracked their concern over "Mr Nasty's" relationship with Julia Sawalha of *Absolutely Fabulous*. Most recently Allen hit the headlines when he and his current girlfriend, Nira Park, took out an injunction against Anjela Talbott, an ex-lover who has pursued Allen through the courts for child maintenance for her daughter. A wodge of "love-rat Keith" press cuttings lays seven children by five different women at Allen's door. Besides correcting the figure to "five children to four women, two of whom are the planned children of my marriage", Allen stonewalls all questions about his personal life with a courteous "no comment".

"Byron's a nice guy," says Allen, and he means it. "He's a man of his time — fortyish, too old to be a punk and too young to be a hippy. It's a difficult time for men."

Allen is 43 and has been having a difficult time for as

Fast and furious: Keith Allen's ideas on creating a new social order include banning the Spice Girls "so dull, so boring" and bringing back National Service

to express who I am. And if you don't get it," he says, pointedly, "what do you want me to do about it?"

I put this in my pipe and smoke it. Allen nips out for more fags and returns in more accommodating mood. Outlining his ideas for a new social order, he becomes positively statesmanlike. Chief among his dictats are: 1) No more kids calling their parents middle-class parents by their first name ("I think that's disgusting"); 2) No more Spice Girls ("So sad, so dull and so boring"); 3) No more political correctness ("New feminists — just another word for slag"); 4) No more thinking.

He grows passionate on this last point: "Much the same as kids and animals," he explains, "people are blessed with the ability to feel, but I find the ability to feel is eroded by intellectual discussion. I really do. People rely too much on the intellect when they should appeal to the heart, to our sense of right and wrong."

These bracing principles are enshrined in Allen's personal manifesto, a propaganda film entitled *Legalise Dope and Bring Back National Service*, which has already been submitted to the BBC.

"They [the dots at the Beeb] couldn't quite get their heads round it," says Allen. "It's as much a comment on the rock star generation and their children as it is on the Government and its terribly hypocritical."

'I really believe the dole culture has gone too far'

cal stance on class B drugs. But it's also a comment on usefulness in society," says Allen, who is "totally serious" about square-bashing the way to social reform.

"It's a fact that post-war British comedy wouldn't have existed if you hadn't had National Service," he points out. "The Goons, Galton and Simpson, all that lot met in the Army. I just love the idea of a disparate body of people from all classes having to come together and talk and cope with each other."

This rosy view of institutional life is, Allen admits, coloured by his own impressions of Borstal ("I bloody loved it"). And this unlikely recruit to the backbone-stiffening brigade sees a new improved National Service as an obvious solution to youth unemployment.

"I genuinely believe that the dole culture has gone too far. I'm not talking about the people who are on the dole, because I believe that they really want something to do, and I don't think that learning to spot-weld some ***ing Jap-

كذا من الأصل



ane radio is the answer. The point about structure and regulation is that they are there to be tested. Testing them is what gives you character. If everybody was a bank clerk, then I would be a rebel. But if everyone was a rebel, then I promise you I would go out of my way to be a bank clerk."

Given this horror of the herd, Allen is understandably appalled by his recent media elevation to patron saint of Lad Culture. "It's funny," he

says, mirthlessly, "because I'm referred to as 'the original lad' a lot of the time, like I'm some kind of role model. The idea of aspiring to that kind of s*** is ludicrous."

When he's on a roll, Allen is terrific company, his conversation fast, fluent and bitterly funny. When he's bored or beleaguered, he regresses before your eyes, intoning "I dunno"

like a bolshie teenager. Consequently, you find yourself quizzing him strictly on his "direction in life". Will he concentrate on acting or return to comedy? What about writing? (he has long promised a "pop-up autobiography").

"I remember Damien Hirst saying that it is better to be very good at something than to be the best," says Allen, who is at pains to make it clear that, despite his friendship with

Hirst (he is godfather to the artist's son), he "has no interest whatsoever in art".

"If you're superlatively good at one thing, you'll never try another. I used to think that

maybe the reason for my being

jack of all trades and master of

none was a fear of failure.

Now," he concludes, with a straightening of the shoulders and an adult gaze, "I'm certain that's not the case."

• *Born to Run* is on BBC1. Sundays at 9.35pm.

THE TIMES

FOOTBALL

The fight for the
Premiership. Sheffield
United vs Crystal Palace
in the play-offs.

GOLF

The final day
of the Volvo PGA
tournament.

IN TOMORROW'S TIMES

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ARTS

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It has been argued that among the many revolutions of the 20th century the most lasting will be that which saw the world's population move decisively away from the land. Humankind is everywhere racing faster to the cities while the movement in the other direction is the merest of trickles. After 10,000 years as agriculturalists, our species has made the city its preferred location.

George Ewart Evans, an oral historian I greatly admire, wrote in the 1930s: "A way of life that has come down to us from the Age of Virgil has suddenly ended. A whole culture that has preserved its continuity from earliest times has now recorded its quietus."

One aspect which interests me is the impact this could be having on art and especially on literature. Since Hesiod, nine centuries before Christ, it has fed fruitfully on the countryside as a setting, a source of metaphors and a locus for our lives. Our natural contacts. Where is that "natural" now? For

as we have left the countryside, so the countryside as we have known it is leaving us. It is now, and not only in developed countries, largely a place for agri-business — in other words, a factory.

In a recent issue of *The Times Literary Supplement* David Craig wrote that "97 per cent of our meadow land has gone since the war; 150,000 miles of hedgerows at 11,000 miles a year; 880,000 jobs ... in the past quarter-century, three-quarters of the song thrushes have gone and more than half the lapwings, skylarks and linnards ... fertilisers, weed-killers and herbicides" now dictate the shape, scent and variety (lack of) of our countryside.

It is often said that the countryside has moved to the suburbs and Hampstead is better for ornithologists than Hampshire. But that is almost beside the point. There is

always the danger of nostalgia and it is true that many thought that the real countryside began to disappear in the 1820s and 1830s (the period Hardy wrote about). In 1809 John Clare lamented a disappearing world, and 40 years previously Oliver Goldsmith's *Deserted Village* did the same for yet another receding golden age. But few would dispute that now we are in a different world.

In the mid-18th century in this country the population became greater in the cities than on the land. Perhaps significantly, a year after the publication of *The Deser- ed Village*, our greatest poet of nature, Wordsworth, was born. His whole work can be seen as a heroic act of reclamation. But, though he found morality and natural law and pantheism in the countryside, even for him it was not the necessity it once had been.

impact the place has on his mind:

*Once again
Do I behold these steep and
lofty cliffs
That on a wild secluded scene
impress
Thoughts of more deep
seclusion; and connect
The landscape with the quiet
of the sky.*

Who can find a quiet sky in Britain today? Who can, in that sense, connect? And am I in a minority, perhaps of one, in thinking that the difficulty and the erosion of that connection could have and perhaps is having deep disruptive effects?

Wordsworth's influence is still there, and in my own work I respect it — just as my own background in a small market town still felt resonance from the older England. But the question is:

has the countryside stopped feeding our imagination, just as it has drifted out of our collective life?

Who now could write with the confidence of D. H. Lawrence in the First World War: "They felt the rush of the sap in the Spring; they knew the wave which cannot halt but every year throws forward the seed to begetting, and, falling back, leaves the young born on the earth. They knew the intercourse between heaven and earth, sunshine drawn into the breast and bowels; the rain stuck up in the daytime, nakedness that comes under the wind in autumn, showing the birds' nest no longer worth hiding."

There is a bond there which talks of a world assumed to be known to everyone. Who could say that such a bond still exists? And if

it is gone, what are the consequences? One consequence is that to read Hardy is to enter a foreign country. Not only is the dialect blander than a foreign language to young readers; the customs, the buildings and locations are off the radar, I suspect, for most people under 35.

There is, of course, the argument that the old nature is now replaced by the new nature of science — some would say a deeper understanding of nature. Science fiction thrives just as city novels flourish and perhaps, like classical allusion, nature will simply accept a meek place down the list in the imaginative hierarchy.

I suspect, though, that what we would have lost will not be easily replaceable. The measure of ourselves, images of our minds, a sense of completeness — these are there to be experienced daily, if we found another way back to the place that technology drove us from. But nature, as we have known it in art for so long, is now in need of urgent attention.

OPERA: The Royal Opera revives Trevor Nunn's problematic Janáček staging. Plus, children to the fore at the Brighton Festival

Stirring
human
tragedy

Katya
Kabanova
Covent Garden



Eva Jenis (Katya) and Nadja Michael (Varvara) in a production blessed with magnificent individual performances

The way that despite all its current difficulties the Royal Opera still manages to give performances of the quality of this *Katya* and the current *Elektra* is a tribute to the extraordinary determination and resilience of what I suppose we have to call the workers on the shop floor. Management spirals off into ever more amateurish flights of fantasy, and the professionals simply get on with the job.

The only sadness about this revival is that Trevor Nunn has been too busy to supervise it. Once the focus, the concentration of his original direction is loosened, there is time to harbour doubts about some of the effects, especially the gauzy goings-on at the beginning and what, three years ago, seemed a stunning *coup de théâtre* at the end. Today they look a little *aplomb*, a little too "West End musical". And Maria Björnson's first permanent set resents too much on careful lighting for last Friday's somewhat random

efforts to pass muster. But there are still wonderful things — especially the many moments of stillness — and a series of magnificent individual performances.

Above all, there is still Bernard Haitink. Now that Janáček is as much a repertory composer as Mozart and Wagner, we can acknowledge that there are as many ways of approaching him as there are in the case of those masters. There may be those who miss the astringency, the wiriness that a Mackerras, say, has brought to this music, but Haitink's spacious, un hurried lyricism is something quite unique and equally rewarding. He seems to be conducting Katya herself, her spiritual beauty, her heartfelt yearning, with a sense of personal identification just as strong as that which the composer felt for his most tender creation.

The string playing — so silken, so gentle — at her first entrance breaks your heart, and from then on it's uphill (or downhill, if you prefer) all the way. It is impossible to witness Haitink's unfolding of profound human tragedy without

being stirred to the depths of your soul.

In Eva Jenis he has an ideal

protagonist to work with. The Slovakian soprano is truly a woman in a child's body, rendering her almost unbearably vulnerable. With its indefinable Slavic "tang", her voice may not be conventionally beautiful, but it is individual and highly expressive, and her soft singing could not be sweeter. Her body language is as expressive as

her voice, and she has the secret of turning Katya's suicide into an act not of despair but of triumphant victory.

Among those returning from 1994 is Eva Randoval as Kabanicha. Often audiences cope with this mother-in-law from hell with nervous laughter at her sheer monstrosity, but you don't laugh at Randoval: with her hooded eyes and thin-lipped smile she freezes your blood. Keith Olsen repeats his brilliantly

acted Boris — Katya's well-meaning, fatally ineffectual lover — and Gwynne Howell is again the machoistic small-town tyrant J. Patrick Raftery and Timothy Robinson are new as Tichon and Kudrjaš, both good. Nadja Michael, the new Varvara, is outstanding, her nearly mezzo and sparkly demeanour ideally complementing Jenis's plangent retrospective interpretation.

RODNEY MILNES

POP: Boz Scaggs on a triumphant note at the Jazz Café

Perky return to roots

THERE is a neglected musical territory that lies between blues and rock'n'roll that they used to call R&B. Modern urban black music has hijacked the name for the clean, classy swing beats that now dominate the charts. Boz Scaggs offers us an increasingly rare taste of the real thing — dirtier, bluesier and ultimately far more satisfying. Beginning with T-Bone Walker's classic *T-Bone Shuf-*

flie, Scaggs gave a smouldering performance of many of the old R&B standards that make his new album, *Come On Home, such a delight*. His style at times recalls a wide-awake version of J.J. Cale but his range is far greater. He mixed the R&B tributes with several soulful classics of his own, including such 1970s hits as *Lowdown* and *Lido Shuffle*, when Scaggs's foray into sophisticated dancefloor grooves

turned him briefly into a platinum-selling pop star. Yet good as it was to hear them again, they sounded thin alongside the fluent power of honest and rootsy covers of Fats Domino's *Sick and Tired*, Earl King's *It All Went Down The Drain* and Bobby Blue Bland's *Ask Me 'Bout Nothin'* (But The Blues). On such material Scaggs really has come home and his unflashy assurance was positively serene.

He was assisted by a superb nine-piece band that included Cornelius Bumpus on tenor sax, Bucket Baker on drums, Scott Plunkett on keyboards and Drew Zingg on guitar. The names may raise a laugh, but their playing was seriously awesome. Finest of all was a long, extended version of *Loan Me A Dime*, a slow 12-bar blues that moves up three gears at once halfway through as the horn section kicks in with a thunderingly soulful riff. It is now 26 years since Scaggs first recorded the song on his solo debut album. The original featured the late Duane Allman on guitar and the legendary Muscle Shoals rhythm section and is still regarded by many as Scaggs's finest moment. It was a tribute to his current band that the live version lost nothing in comparison. When they left the stage the entire crowd kept up their demand for an encore for over ten minutes.

A touch of magic

THE British premiere of Lorenzo Ferrero's *La figlia del mago* brings heartwarming operatic success to the Brighton Festival this year. Opera at the festival has become a hit-and-miss affair, performed in unsuitable venues to audiences who sometimes look as if they would rather be up the road at Glyndebourne. But everything came together at the Theatre Royal on Thursday: Ferrero's work enjoyed a strong staging and enthusiastic reception from an audience of mainly children, who gave a new meaning to the expression "chattering classes".

The Sorcerer's Daughter is

a children's opera with much for even the most operatically jaded adults to enjoy. Marco Ravasi's witty libretto is inspired by some of the more improbable scenarios found in comic operas of the 18th and 19th centuries: with love between a prince and a princess thwarted at first by their cruel fathers, but restored through the intervention of magic.

Ferrero succeeds where most composers have failed: this concise, two-act work is one of the least patronising children's operas ever written. The score draws on conventional forms, but fills them with spiky tunes of unmistakable Italianate warmth. There are further operatic "signposts", such as the Verdi-like accompaniments that give the King recognisable authority. Tantalising hints of well-known music are worked in, but nothing is mere pasticcio.

JOHN ALLISON

voices, with children taking minor roles and playing the chamber orchestra accompaniment. This production adopts a more grown-up approach, using adult players (conducted by Paul McGrath) and excellent dance students from Lewes Terriary College.

The base John Hall is vivid

as the Sorcerer, getting the deliberately nonsensical text (English version by Mark Herman and Ronnie Apter) across with clarity. Talitha Theobald's soprano Princess, Philip Shefield's tenor Prince and Richard Chew's baritone King all give lively performances. Rebecca Meilis's taut production, in colourful cut-out designs by Sarah Ashpole and choreography by Anna Carlisle, is a model of its kind, filling the stage with fantasy and enchantment.

THE TIMES



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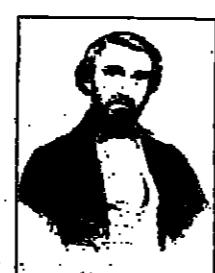
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■ DANCE

At the Albert Hall Altyanay Asymuratova stars in *Swan Lake* with large OPEN: Thursday REVIEW: Saturday



■ OPERA

The Royal Opera launches its Verdi Festival with *Simon Boccanegra* OPEN: Friday REVIEW: Monday



■ FILM

Clint Eastwood directs and stars in a new thriller, *Absolute Power* OPEN: Friday REVIEW: Thursday



■ MUSIC

The diminutive Japanese violinist Midori displays her artistry at the Barbican RECITAL: Saturday REVIEW: Monday

ARTS
TUESDAY TO
FRIDAY
IN SECTION 2

THEATRE: How *The Comedy of Errors* exercised cultural diplomacy in the Gaddafi Stadium, Lahore. Plus reviews

Back to the old agony

THE chief challenge when it comes to presenting drug culture dramatically is that most of the interesting action is below the surface. The least creative response to this situation, and the one which Max Haffler's *Ecstasy* drama at the Andrews Lane Theatre, *Melting Doves*, makes, is to attempt to sidestep this issue by evoking, rather aimlessly, the social context of drug use.

A pair of apparently troubled youngsters from the rural West of Ireland, Cally (creechy Aoife

Melting Doves
Dublin

O'Beirne) and Feargal (Annette Lavern), light out from their small town towards an Eatsy-friendly venue in Galway, hitching lifts from a set of now almost stock West of Ireland characters. A young priest (John Delaney) with a mobile phone offers them a lift and a defensive rant about the victimisation of paedophilic priests, while a "crusty" extends an invitation to a spiritual gathering.

Eventually the pair meet up with a runaway farm boy (Daniel Guinnane). He too is in "pain", as the others quickly realise, so all head West together in search of the eponymous "doves" and temporary oblivion at a place called Club Soluble. Tabloid tragedy awaits.

The key to exactly what is wrong with *Melting Doves* comes in a musical form. The music played at Club Soluble sounds like a forensic concoction, a drum machine work-out reconstructed from eyewitness reports. Vocals, sung by the cast, are frequently roared aggressive martial chants. Shayman — Ian Beattie as a DJ and Ecstasy "early-adopter" — and the programme both refer to jungle music, although nothing in that style is heard. This joint ought to have been called Club instrument.

The play's greatest weakness, however, lies at deeper level. A readiness to characterise all drug-taking, from cigarette smoking to E-popping, as an attempt to escape some amorphous and unexplained "pain" makes for some thoroughly dull, tendentious writing. The writers dealing best with the contemporary drug scene show an absence of didacticism and a real interest in recreating psychedelic spaces in prose. After a decade of broad public debate on drugs, it is depressing to see such a didactic and reactionary grab-bag of cliché and stereotypes as *Melting Doves* hold the stage.

LUKE CLANCY

The RSC has been on its travels abroad.
Andy Lavender followed it to Pakistan

An amphitheatre in Lahore, Pakistan. Two hours to midnight, when British technicians over-time rates shoot up. "How's it going?" I ask Tim Supple. His production for the Royal Shakespeare Company of *The Comedy of Errors* opens the next day. "The lights don't work, we haven't got enough time, the actors are ill and knackered, but apart from that, fine," he replies.

Steve Woods, the company's electrician, is looking askance at a stringlike length of cable. "We need something like that," he says, making a circle the size of Popeye's biceps with his hands. Meanwhile, the actors are running through the play, using the cool evening hours to gauge this new arena.

Lahore seems a long way to go for a gig, but Supple's production will have visited a good few other corners of the globe before it is done. It started life last June at the Other Place, the RSC's 200-seat studio theatre in Stratford, before doing the rounds of British backwaters, complete with its own portable 500-seat auditorium. It has been to Mexico, Ireland and Holland, is about to go to Germany and Los Angeles, and will end with a six-week residency at the Young Vic in London. The most draining leg of all, the five-week tour to India and Pakistan, is now a lingering memory.

We all know that the RSC is resolutely peripatetic, following artistic director Adrian Noble's notorious decision to abandon a year-round commitment to the Barbican in London. But international touring is now increasingly important to the company, whose travels abroad are funded for the most part by the British Council. Here we enter the fascinating territories of "cultural diplomacy". There is massive worldwide demand for what the RSC has to offer," says Simon Gammell, the British Council's head of drama. Last year the company toured five shows to 11 countries on five continents. Such visits, Gammell suggests, disseminate a sense of British culture which might ripple for years to come. "The Foreign Office have woken up to this agenda in a big way in the last five or six years."

It seems ironic nevertheless that the RSC should find itself involved in the golden jubilee of Indian independence and the statehood of Pakistan. What bizarre colonial reflex would lead the Asian sub-

continent to invite the old masters to the party? As it turns out, the tour was proposed and arranged by the British Council itself. Isn't this another imperialist adventure in more subtle guise? Consider that Pakistan, which emerged less than ten years ago from military dictatorship, has a literacy rate of less than 40 per cent. Its theatre culture is slowly rebuilding itself, but the dominant form at the moment is upscale modern farce (imagine a Punjabi Ray Cooney). What use Shakespeare in this climate?

Know, then, that the three performances in Lahore generated a good deal of local interest, which was further engaged during a fine workshop that Supple led with 20 Pakistani teachers, actors and directors. And if the Bard seems to you a rather dusty emblem of British culture, you will be pleased to note that the British Council organised a visit to Pakistan in February by the contemporary dancer Nahid Siddiqui, while Aki Nawaz and his rap group Fundamental will go later this year.

In any case Supple's *Comedy of Errors* fits hardly any stereotype of the RSC you might care to imagine, which makes it a rather interesting export. "I think this production recognises that at the heart of Shakespeare is a mythic, folk storyteller," says Supple. "So he's a storyteller that translates to other cultures successfully." With designer Robert Innes Hopkins, Supple has produced a modern dress production which does not fix the play in any particular setting.

The cast have pursued a kind of "naturalness", rather than the fruity style which sometimes attaches itself to Shakespearean offerings. And they revel in the play's dark and mysterious side. Here, then, is a show which confounds older attitudes about Shakespeare, about the RSC, perhaps even about Britishness.

The Alhambra Gaddafi Stadium in Lahore is a red-brick coliseum used for one-off music and dance events. The RSC imported its own lighting rig direct from England and with a job-lot of chairs and rugs, created an enticing 1,300-seat theatre. This was to be the company's first open-air production — appropriate when you think that Shakespeare's *Globe* was itself open to the elements. The elements in Pakistan, of course, are a little

different from those on the South Bank. As the production wound up in the balmy evening, you could allow your attention to be caught by the rasp of cicadas, the occasional moped-drone of a passing rickshaw and, once, the call to prayer from a distant mosque. As an added diversion some of the lights dipped on and off in the final scenes.

The travails of touring. It turned out that after a hasty rewiring job in the morning desperate measures were still necessary. "During the show there was a very brave man

holding a circuit breaker on until his fingers became burnt," explained Jasper Gilbert, the production manager. "At which point he let it go and the light flickered until he held it back again."

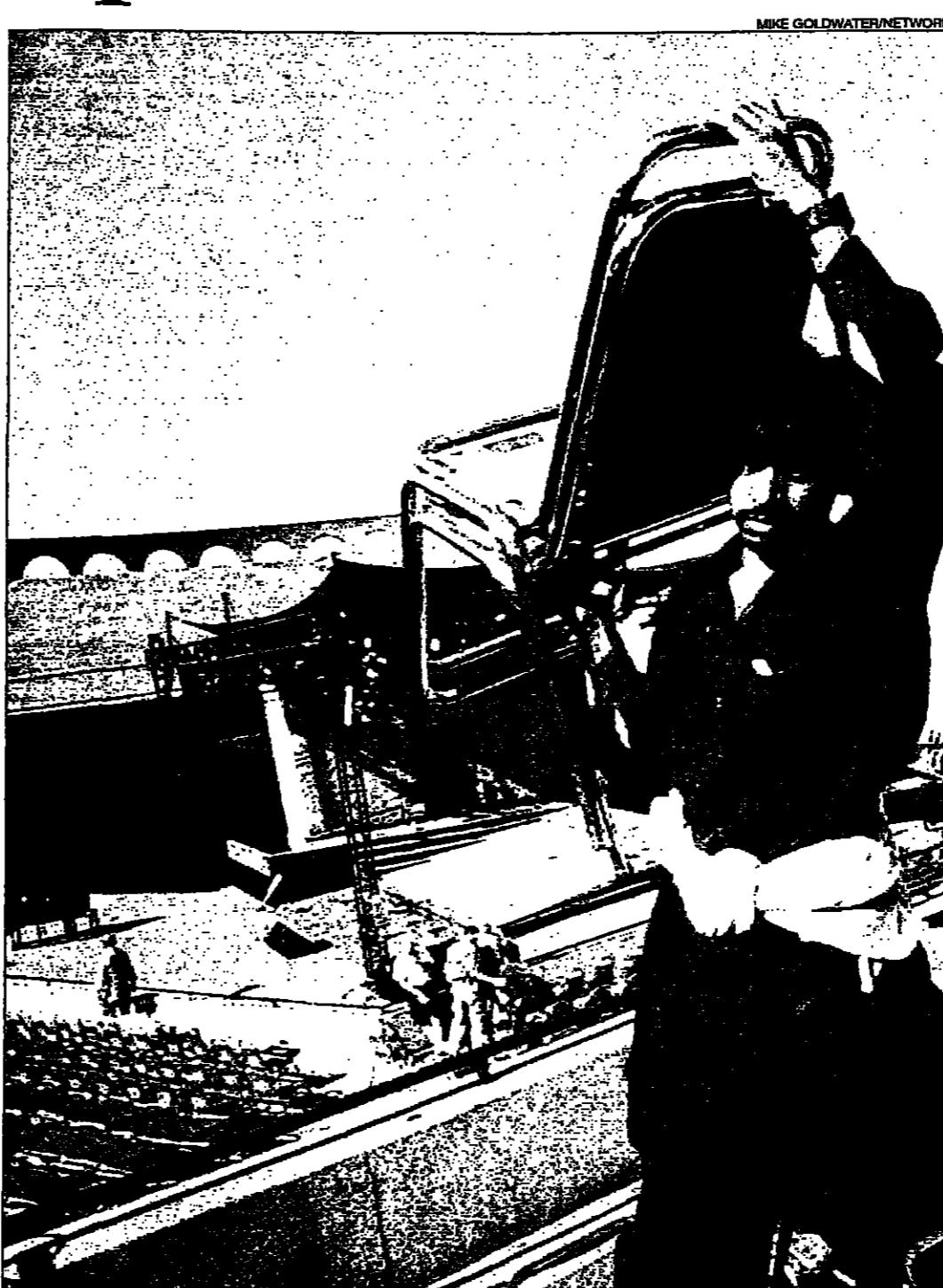
Not that the audience lost concentration. In fact they contributed to one of the more moving experiences I have been privileged to have in the theatre. Towards the end of the show the chastened characters enter an Abbey, one by one. The first knelt and crossed himself before stepping through the doors. The audience spontaneously ap-

plauded this show of humility, and they gently clapped every exit thereafter — a demonstration of what a Pakistani actress had previously described to me as the generosity of Islam.

The next day, in front of Lahore's Badshahi Mosque, the grandest in the country, two Pakistani students learnt that we were from England. "The sun never sets on the British Empire," one of them said, approvingly. It was oddly touching, so wrong yet not quite false.

• *The Comedy of Errors* is at the Young Vic (071-923 6363) from September 1

JAMES CHRISTOPHER



The RSC took its own lighting rig to Pakistan, but had to move seats into the Gaddafi Stadium

Black, white and gloomy

"WE'VE spent 3,000 years defending Britain from people like you," shouts a British National Party thug who launches himself at Ben Hoath's sensitive black artist at a bus stop. A scuffle, a knifing, and Ben finds himself on the wrong end of the legal system when he voluntarily reports the incident to the police.

Robin Keys's new play is a gloomy slice of rough justice, illuminated by some thoughtful directing and several powerful performances.

Black Dove
Old Red Lion

The play, for the most part divided between Ben's tiny prison cell and his family home, unfolds in a series of short, pungent scenes, prompted more by Ben's impressionistic memory of the events than by any linear structure. The technique softens the all-too didactic message, creating a nice sense of unease which is never quite quite.

Clint Dyer has the unenviable task of prising emotional and psychological yardage from Ben's slide from jailed innocent to stigmatised free man. To his credit Dyer nails several key moments of frustration and growing resentment, but at other times his performance is so self-effacing you almost expect him to evaporate in front of your eyes.

Richard Tate and Manfred Bloomfield as his wonderfully vile cellmates, Reg and Raymond, unpick the stitching of Ben's sanity with ease. The resulting mess they make of his head threatens to turn Ben into the monster he patently isn't or wasn't.

It is a desperately claustrophobic but entirely predictable scenario. Even when Ben wins his freedom after a high-profile campaign, stage-managed by his doughty white girlfriend, Sally (Emma Tate), the family fall-out proves as unbearable as prison. While his perky brother Martin (Ryan Romain) and Sally potter off to Mexican restaurants, Ben sits and stew in the family's sofa, haunted by the taunts of his former cellmates, jealous of his brother's growing intimacy with his girlfriend, and running his grievances like a reel of loop-to-loop tape through his imagination.

It is almost enough to make you want to picket the Old Bailey... or throttle Keys's interminably depressed hero.

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All the help Parliament prescribed

Alf Morris says entitlements for the disabled should not be eroded

Why were they all so ready to bust a gut standing for Parliament when you can change the law without being elected even to a parish council? That is what disabled people are asking as they reflect on the election and weigh the implications of a perverse recent ruling by the Law Lords.

The ruling allows local authorities to circumvent the statutory duty, imposed on them by the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970, to provide home care appropriate to the individual needs of Britain's 6.9 million disabled people. Spending decisions, not statutory duty, say the Law Lords, can now dictate whether or not they receive the services Parliament intended for them.

The Royal Association for Disability and Rehabilitation says the ruling is having a "devastating" effect on community care. They cite its consequences for the elderly man in Gloucestershire whose right to the services for which he had been assessed, upheld by the Court of Appeal, has now been removed by the Law Lords. Michael Barry, aged 81, has had several heart attacks, is visually impaired and since fracturing his hip, has relied on a zimmer frame to shuffle about his home as best he can. He lives alone.

Gloucestershire County Council's social services committee was asked to assess Mr Barry's entitlement to services under the Act. It decided, with scant risk of being charged with profligacy, that he needed a home-carer to call twice a week for shopping, a pension, laundry, cleaning, plus meals-on-wheels four days a week.

That was the help he was receiving until a cut of £25 million was made in the council's grant from central government, leaving it with "nowhere near enough to meet demand" for services. Along with 1,500 other disabled people in the county, Mr Barry was told that his needs could no longer be met.

The five Law Lords involved in the decision to back the council did so by a majority of three to two. But their decision does not dispose of what has now become *cause célèbre*. Indeed, one organisation for disabled people has already said: "We are going to take this on to the Court of Human Rights. The Law Lords' ruling is not just tragic for some it will be fatal."

As the architect of the 1970 Act, I welcome their resolve. For while the Law Lords speculate about "what Parliament intended" at the time, as if *Hansard* were published in some indecipherable prehistoric language, no one who has read the parliamentary debates on that Bill could possibly think it was Parliament's intention that Mr Barry should be treated as inhumanely as he has been.

My principal concern, strongly backed on both sides of both Houses of Parliament throughout those proceedings, was to end once and for all a pot-luck system of help for disabled people that had more to do with where they lived

than the extent and urgency of their needs. But a reversion to that discredited system is precisely what the Law Lords' ruling will now achieve.

Only Lord Lloyd of Berwick's judgment showed any proper grasp of what Parliament intended, when he said: "Parliament cannot have intended that the standards and expectations for measuring the needs of the disabled in Bensomsey should differ from those in Belgrave Square." But he, unfortunately, was in the minority of two.

The Law Lords drew attention more than once to the Act's having been a Private Member's Bill. But what difference does that make to its status? Once a Private Member's Bill becomes law, it is as much an Act of Parliament as any Finance Act. To think otherwise is to bark not just up the wrong tree but in the wrong forest.

As something of a compulsive legislator, I now confide to the Law Lords that none of my output was more ably drafted than the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act. This was due not least to help freely given to me on a voluntary basis by one of Whitehall's most senior and distinguished

parliamentary draftsmen of the post-war years, now sadly deceased. His memory is dearest by this judicial decision.

Mixing questions of social rights with questions of cost has its dangers. Rights are about moral values and our vision of a just society. The questions of how we pay, what we provide and if it can be afforded are not for judges to determine, and must not be allowed to dilute or distort statute law on social rights won for the least fortunate of our fellow citizens. To leave councils to decide whether they are short of money, which is what the Law Lords' ruling does, is to guarantee that in some areas less and less will be spent in an already gravely under-funded aspect of social policy. This is judge-made law, power without accountability at its worst.

My Conservative successors as minister for the disabled agreed with me that the services provided for under the Act are mandatory. Sir Hugh Rossi, for example, instructed Liverpool and Wandsworth councils to meet *forthwith* their statutory duties to hundreds of disabled people who were being kept in queues "waiting for resources to become available". Now the queues are back. More and more disabled people are being denied the help that Parliament intended them to have.

There was some criticism in the general election of a perceived lack of difference between the contestants. But here is an issue on which few would object if all parties in the new House were to speak with one voice, to reassure millions of disabled people who now distressed and fearful of the future, that the Act they call their own will be quickly restored to full effect.

The author was the first Minister for Disabled People

With his present momentum, Tony Blair can do no wrong, but the trajectory won't always be upwards

Hero-leaders are like sky-rockets

I had not expected to see two Camelots in one lifetime. President John F Kennedy symbolised youth, energy and hope to the post-war generation. Foreign statesmen flew to Washington to borrow a few rays of his halo. The world's press wrote about him as though he were a filmstar rather than a politician. Even many of his political opponents saw him as "grace in action". He always had some critics who thought he was superficial, half-educated and over-competitive, but in the early television age image already dominated everything else.

President Kennedy had room to make mistakes — he survived his first foray for the Bay of Pigs when Richard Nixon, his defeated rival, could not survive a "two-bit burglary" in a Washington office complex. Kennedy was, in some ways, not even a particularly good President: his handling of the Cuban crisis was heroic, but he achieved little social legislation and saw the United States slide into the Vietnam commitment. Yet he was America's hero-President, and he would certainly have been re-elected in 1964.

Now it is happening again in London. The phenomenon is a psychological one, which might be described as democratic Caesarism. The young leader is in touch with his particular moment of history: his *intuition* is a kissing cousin to the intuition of the people; he speaks not only for his own generation, but also more broadly for the whole emerging class and the nation itself. He fits the old heroic images, and revitalises them. "Young men shall see visions": "young came, I saw, I conquered".

These hero-politicians may be good or bad men — John F Kennedy was somewhere in between — but for the time that it lasts they have a special gift with the public. The darkest of the hero-politicians of this century was Adolf Hitler himself. He once said of

his rise to power in the early 1930s that he felt "like a sleepwalker" who could make no mistake. His glory period lasted eight years, from 1933 until the invasion of Russia in 1941. Napoleon Bonaparte had a longer period of triumph, from 1799, when he became First Consul, to 1812, when he invaded Russia. There is a natural limit to these periods of heroic leadership, yet when they are in their early stages they are almost irresistible. They correspond to a deep public yearning for golden leadership. The heroic leader is a Jungian archetype.

Their careers have three stages. The first is the most individualist, in which the hero either creates his own party, like Caesar or Hitler, or succeeds to the leadership of an established party, like John F Kennedy or Tony Blair. The second stage, which often misfires, is the one in which the leader takes his party to power. Two very different hero-leaders in British 20th-century history, Oswald Mosley and David Owen, failed at that stage; David Owen came much the closer of the two to succeeding, and can indeed be regarded as the Social Democratic precursor of Tony Blair. The third stage is power, when the hero-leader first demonstrates heroic government. That leads to a climactic victory, the Battle of Agincourt for Henry V, the Cuban crisis for Kennedy. Tony Blair has only just entered the third stage, and has yet to meet his dragon.

Yet Tony Blair has already achieved lift off. In one week he has

received the almost sycophantic ap-

plause of his fellow European heads of government, the apostolic blessing of Margaret Thatcher, whose natural successor he has become, and the acceptance by the President of the United States of a symbolic attendance at a British Cabinet meeting. I think that no American President has ever before attended the Cabinet meeting of a foreign power. Roosevelt would not have done that for Churchill; Eisenhower would not have done it for Macmillan; perhaps Reagan would have done it for

William Rees-Mogg

Thatcher, if she had thought to ask.

So far this is the manipulation of symbols. But Tony Blair understands, as all the successful hero politicians have understood, that symbols persuade the public to give power, and that only then can power be expressed in action. In *Mein Kampf* Hitler describes how he designed the Nazi flag, with the swastika and the old German colours of red, white and black. A dentist from Heidelberg visits him, they squat on the floor, they try out various sizes of white circle cut in paper on the plain red background of the flag. Tony Blair wears a blue tie

during his campaign to symbolise that he is as much the heir of Thatcher and Churchill as of Attlee. He offers himself as the symbol of national unity: blue tie, purple backdrop, Union Jack. He understands the power of the aesthetic in public politics.

The nation gave him a great election victory; statistically, it was not quite as great a victory as it looked. Tony Blair in 1997 won fewer votes nationally than John Major in 1992, a fact of little importance now, but not quite to be forgotten. The nation now wants him to succeed in the Thomas Carlyle spirit of heroes and hero-worship. The nation is not at all interested in opposition, nor even in recent criticism. Anatole Kaletsky may well be right that the early economic decisions are blunders, but the nation is not listening. Tony Blair could get away with much greater blunders than those, even if they are blunders, because the nation is willing him forward.

The negative is no longer news. Labour ministers could take parcels full of fibres from the proprietor of Harrods; they could dance naked with their teenage mistresses on the dome of St Paul's: the nation would still, for the present, smile as on the antics of an indulged boy child. The politics of rational detail plagued the previous Government, but are no threat to this one.

How different Europe looks. The other major European politician, Chancellor Kohl, saw off Margaret

Thatcher and dominated Jacques Chirac, as surely as Bismarck overcame Napoleon III. Now Chancellor Kohl is the old man, approaching the end of his career, while Tony Blair is just at the start of his. A month ago, the British saw Europe as an arena in which they would always be defeated. That may still be true for Germany is much more powerful than Britain. Yet now the British are starting to feel that they have the strongest leader in Europe, the young man, the hero-figure, the man of the future, the Prime Minister with the large majority. Both his freedom in terms of British opinion and his bargaining power in Europe are of a different order to anything enjoyed by his predecessors.

The Blair rocket will not always be rising in the sky. Like Thatcher, like Kohl, it will start to run out of fuel, the trajectory will level off, at last the rocket will plunge back to earth. Probably Tony Blair will win two terms in office; three is more difficult. Yet this is his moment of greatest acceleration. The first three weeks have demonstrated that he is as adept as dramatising government as he was at dramatising opposition. Perhaps in the future he will become bogged down in Europe, will fall out with Gordon Brown, will see unemployment rising, or will lose the confidence of the new class which voted for him. He will almost inevitably suffer from the hubris of heroes, even though he recognises that it is a danger to him.

Yet his greatest problem is that a hero has to do heroic deeds. With the largest majority for more than 60 years, and a golden image, he cannot justify himself by any humdrum level of success. He has to measure up to the hopes of the public, something that John F Kennedy never quite managed. Tony Blair faces the challenge, and perhaps ultimately the tragedy, of the great expectations he has himself aroused.

Just play along for now

The Tories must regroup, says Peter Riddell, but it is no time for fixed positions



A party that suffers a landslide defeat loses control over its future. In the language of markets, it becomes a price-taker rather than a price-maker. It no longer decides the agenda. That brutal lesson has yet to be understood by many Tory MPs. Of course, a defeated party should update its organisation and policy. But these are necessary, not sufficient, conditions. The timing of any Tory recovery will be primarily determined by Labour's record.

The Tories have suffered two previous landslide defeats this century, in 1906 and 1945. However, the May 1997 rout was worse, since the Tory share of the vote was far lower. Ingenious attempts have been made to suggest that the result was not as bad as it looked because of the lowest turnout since 1935, and "temporary" Tory absences. But this is mostly wishful thinking. Many Labour supporters also stayed at home, and there was substantial direct switching from Tory to Labour. Moreover, the electoral system now helps Labour rather than the Tories. And by contrast with the late 1940s, the Tories will not have the benefit of a redistribution of constituency boundaries which is reckoned by John Ramsden, a leading historian of the 20th-century Tory party, to explain about a third of its gains in 1950.

Some common features have been

present in all Tory recoveries. The

prolific Anthony Seldon plans to fol-

low his biography of John Major this

autumn with a book on "How Tory

Governments Arise". He lists six

factors: a revitalised party organisa-

tion; a programme realigned with

voter preferences; either a new or a

reinvigorated party leader; a tired or

gloomy record; and a sea-change in

intellectual or popular opinion; and a

record of demonstrable failure by the

party in government. The balance

has varied, and not all factors have

been present on each occasion when

the Tories have recovered, apart from

a tired or divided government at a

record of failure.

The identity of the Opposition

leader has seldom been of critical

importance — although admittedly

this has changed in the age of

television elections. Tory leaders have

had a miserable time in opposition

with a frustrated and sullen

party, as Balfour found from 1916

until 1922, Baldwin in 1929-31, Sir

Edward Heath in the late 1960s and

Margaret Thatcher in the late 1970s.

Neither Heath nor Thatcher was

personally very popular on becoming

Prime Minister. In the late 1940s,

divided government; a sea-change in

intellectual or popular opinion; and a

record of demonstrable failure by the

party in government. The balance

has varied, and not all factors have

been present on each occasion when

the Tories have recovered, apart from

a tired or divided government at a

record of failure.

The key is to demonstrate that the

party has learnt the lessons of defeat,

has not become extreme and has

changed, as Tony Blair has shown so

successfully since 1994 with his

emphasis on the newness of Labour.

This involves both organisation and

policy. The success of Lord Woolton

was in making membership of the

Tory party a normal part of middle-

class life, especially for younger

people. The peak Tory membership

of 2.8 million in 1951-52 will never

again be attained, because in face of

many other attractions political parties no longer fulfill the social function they did. Nonetheless, the Tories' membership of probably well below half a million is a recipe for continued decline, especially as it is ageing and is linked to a collapse in the party's local government base. The case for one member, one vote involvement in future leadership elections is not just to provide democratic legitimacy but also as an incentive to join.

Some Tory MPs are wary of Manchonisation, copying the gitz and gloss of Labour's Millbank Tower. But that misses the point. Labour's campaigning techniques were, for the time ahead, of the Tories, but these would not have worked without the deeper changes: the rise in membership, self-discipline and the desire to win.

sons are mortified," says a school

teacher. "Usually, the worst a parent

can do is to bring out a picnic-table

or arrive in a Jaguar. God knows

how they'll live this one down."

Electronic voting was suggested

when the Chamber was rebuilt

after the war, but was dropped

when Members complained that it

w



A WORD IN HIS EAR

Blair takes notes from the Thatcher Guide to Europe

One of the cruellest traditions of the British political system is the immediacy with which a defeated administration is cleared out and a new one installed. There is no time for transition; no papers from the outgoing government remain to guide the next. This is government by blank sheet, a problem compounded when the new regime is staffed almost entirely by ministers with no experience of office.

So it is good news that Tony Blair felt able to cast aside old enmities and considerations of party competition to invite 10 Downing Street his predecessor but one. In an hour-long discussion with Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister talked mainly about foreign affairs, receiving the benefit of Lady Thatcher's advice about negotiating in Europe.

Negotiation is a skill that can be transferred from one forum to another; which is why Mr Blair appointed Doug Henderson Minister for Europe. But what is singular to each confrontation are the personalities involved and the ways in which tactical alliances are forged. In these areas, Lady Thatcher has first-hand knowledge, drawn from many painful bargains. She could give Mr Blair a head-start, equipping him better for the critical EU summit in Amsterdam.

John Major, too, called in his predecessor but one, James Callaghan, soon after he took office. In his case, the previous Prime Minister was the one person from whom he could not take advice, lest she be accused of "back-seat driving". Mr Blair, too, would be unlikely to draw counsel from Mr Major; he made exactly the mistake in Europe that Lady Thatcher warned against — opening negotiating battles that were impossible to win. On qualified majority voting and the beef ban, Mr Major talked tough, only to back down under pressure. His relations with his party and his European "partners" were never the same again.

Mr Blair is particularly in need of advice in these matters. Most Prime Ministers start out more interested in domestic policy,

tending to develop a taste for foreign affairs in their second term or even later. It is easily forgotten that even Lady Thatcher only became genuinely interested in "abroad" after winning her third election in 1987.

Before that, she was drawn into certain foreign difficulties, such as the Falklands War and Britain's budget negotiations in Europe. But Europe was otherwise virtually paralysed by what was known at the time as "Euroclerosis", allowing Lady Thatcher to indulge her domestic passions for deflating the trade unions, privatising nationalised industries and trying to conquer inflation.

Mr Blair does not have the luxury of dedicating his first term to domestic affairs. Passionate as he may be about education or spending the proceeds of the windfall tax, he has to concentrate on next month's Amsterdam summit, in any number of areas of which he could be tripped up by heads of government more experienced and crafty than he. Next January, Britain takes over the presidency of the EU, and the Prime Minister will have to take the critical decision about whether to join economic and monetary union in the first wave.

It is not accidental, of course, that news of this "secret" meeting leaked to the press. As well as reassuring sceptics in Britain, the meeting is intended to give notice to the other EU governments that Mr Blair's lack of experience may not be exploitable to win concessions that would have been withheld by such veterans as Lady Thatcher.

The suggestion that the Prime Minister intends to pick her brains again is as promising as it is politically calculated. The message from Mr Blair is that he is prepared to listen; to reach out beyond the normal party boundaries; and not to be constrained by tribal protests from his own side. All these innovations are welcome. But the proof that her words have been heeded and acted upon will be apparent only if Mr Blair emerges from Amsterdam with a deal that matches Britain's national interests.

TIRED OF REVOLUTION

Disaffected Iranians turn in a massive protest vote

In the theocratic Islamic Republic of Iran, Muhammad Khatami, the cleric elected with 69 per cent of the popular vote to succeed President Rafsanjani in August, hardly ranks as an outsider. He has been actively involved with Ayatollah Khomeini's Islamic revolution ever since his days as a theological student in Qom; was for ten years minister for Islamic culture and guidance and ran on a platform of Islamic socialism. He would not have been able to run at all had he not passed muster with the powerful Council of Guardians, one of only four candidates in a field of 238.

Yet no one in Iran doubts that the result is a challenge to Iran's "supreme guide", Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, and the hidebound religious conservatism he represents. He had made no secret of his preference for Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri, the Speaker of the Majlis, Iran's Parliament; in earlier years that would have made Mr Nateq-Nouri's election a foregone conclusion. Instead, he scored a humiliating 25 per cent.

Listening to Mr Nateq-Nouri's Militant Clergy faction and Mr Khatami's Militant Clerics outbidding each other in militant Islamic anti-Western rhetoric, foreign ears may detect little to choose between them. But Iranians, more concerned by domestic battles, saw their first real choice since the 1979 revolution and turned out in force.

Mr Nateq-Nouri stood for even tougher policing of female dress codes and the rest of the dreary, intrusive and arbitrary constrictions of religious rule. Mr Khatami openly argues for greater personal freedoms, respect for the rule of law in place of the arbitrary exercise of power, women's rights

and decent jobs for the young unemployed. He united left-wing Islamic militants, technocrats and most women. Above all, Iranians can vote from age 15 and he won over the 40 per cent of the electorate too young to remember either the Shah or the revolution, for whom the religious establishment is incompetent, out of steam and out of step with the country's needs.

Iranians have voted for economic reform as well as ideological relaxation. They may get neither. The diehard majority in the Majlis has hastened to turn coat and declare support for Mr Khatami; but that is not the only obstacle to reform. Religion second-guesses politics in Iran and in a system of dual control so bizarre that it even includes a Council of Expediency to mediate between the politicians and the religious "Guardians". Mr Khamenei has his hand on all the strongest levers. He is likely to use them against any Khatami reforms that threaten the clergy's substantial vested interests as ruthlessly as he has frustrated most of President Rafsanjani's cautious modernising gestures. As for foreign policy, that is controlled by the Supreme Security Council on which the President's voice is weak.

Power games at the top will therefore continue unresolved, at the expense of ordinary Iranians tired of revolution and even more exhausted by the strain of doing two or more jobs to make ends meet. As the diehards fight their corner, Iran may become still more intractably belligerent towards the outside world. The West may hope for better under Mr Khatami; but it should expect no early transformation of Iran into a country with which it can safely attempt to deal.

CRISIS IN THE KIRK

Scotland's Presbyterians should have faith in themselves

A preoccupation with internal reform is usually the sign of a body in decline. Of course, reform can be the precursor of renewal; but only if the institution preserves faith in itself. That, sadly, does not seem to be the case in Scotland, where the Kirk is considering reforming its internal structure to bring back bishops.

The suggestion that the Kirk should re-establish the episcopate comes from the minister charged with advancing ecumenicalism, the Rev Duncan McClements. With the traditional Scots preacher's gift for the arresting, if not in this case attractive, metaphor he argued, "There are issues in all the churches that function like gallstones in the bile duct — whenever they make their presence felt, the patient suffers pain. For us Presbyterians, still stuck in the time warp of royal abuse of episcopacy in the 17th century, bishops are one such issue."

By suggesting that his opponents think with their bile duct and are stuck in the 17th century Mr McClements follows the fine tradition of temperate Scots debating celebrated on the eve of the Sabbath in many a public house. Support for the Presbyterian form of church government is neither irrational, nor anachronistic, and it is a pity that Mr McClements appears to think so little of his Church's traditions as to imply it. It is not the maintenance of traditions, but their constant questioning, which unsettles the faithful and has seen church-going decline. Scotland's attachment to Presbyterianism

reflects its people's democratic temper. The election of ministers and moderators, and the character of the church which results, has, over time, ensured the Kirk a higher level of attendance than its English sister. The country's 17th-century rejection of bishops was but part of a broader assertion of national character. Scotland's education system, literary culture and society are all shot through with democratic traditions. Scots recognise that rank is but the guinea stamp and the mired head is likely to be as muddled as any other.

Closer union between churches is desirable but the Kirk's character should not be sacrificed. There may be pastoral arguments for the episcopacy, but the Church cannot stand for eternal truth if it alters its traditions for administrative convenience. A belated conversion to episcopacy might lead some to conclude that bishops were legitimate throughout. The only converts such a stance might make would be to Rome.

Pluralism needs to be defended, in religion as much as politics. The character of the British people has been tempered by the strong voice of Protestant witness, from Reformation to Disruption and Cranmer to Macleod, as much as it has been enriched by Catholic tradition, whether Roman or Anglican. Presbyterianism is not central to Protestantism but it has ensured a valuable voice has remained strong. Whatever reform of government occurs in Scotland, the spirit of the Reformation should survive.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

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Need for clarity on defence exports

From Major-General Alan G. Sharman, Director-General of the Defence Manufacturers Association

Sir, I fully endorse your leading article of May 14, "Horizon tour" (see also letters, May 19). The Government must move quickly to remove the uncertainty created by its foreign policy "mission statement" and be specific about its policy on defence export licensing.

The United Kingdom already has some of the most stringent defence export regulations in the world. Industry fully accepts these regulations, recognising that only the Government is in full possession of the facts necessary to make a judgment in these matters. The issues are invariably complex and include treaty obligations, regional relationships, economic factors and human rights considerations. The latter, too, require a judgment on whether they can best be influenced by working with a particular regime or against it. Thus government must decide.

At the earliest possible moment, and in full consultation with the DTI and the Ministry of Defence, the Government must declare whether it intends to add to the list of those countries for which it will not grant licences for the export of defence equipment.

The test case is, of course, Indonesia. Indonesia imports about £500 million of UK products and services a year, only 25 per cent of which are defence related. It is part of the close-knit ASEAN alliance with its partners Brunei, Thailand, Malaysia, the Philippines and Singapore, with some of whom the UK maintains direct defence treaty obligations.

These countries are within the most rapidly growing economic region in the world. Between them they import billions of pounds' worth of UK imports and account for tens of thousands of jobs in this country. A change in relationships with one or more of these countries may have far wider consequences than at first envisaged.

The previous Government positively encouraged defence exports to the ASEAN region and industry made plans and investments accordingly. Industry will, of course, respect any changes the new Government wants to make; but it must be given early and specific advice as to whether or not the export licensing regulations are to be substantially amended.

Yours sincerely,
ALAN SHARMAN,
Director-General,
Defence Manufacturers Association,
Marlborough House,
Marlborough, Wiltshire,
May 21.

Labour and hospitals

From Mrs Wendy Mead

Sir, "Health service funds should be spent on caring for old people and not old buildings," argues Mr Simon Carter (letter, May 21).

He should be reminded that at Bart's Hospital, for instance, the extensive internal and external restoration of an ancient building is costing millions and resulting in first-class facilities for patient care. Lottery or health-service funding is not required, the costs being met by special trustees who administer the vast donations from benefactors for the preservation of Bart's, given over almost nine centuries.

The trustees release £10 million per annum, not just for the upkeep of the buildings but for state-of-the-art equipment, research and post-graduate teaching grants — at no cost to the taxpayer but of huge benefit to patients and the Treasury.

Yours faithfully,
WENDY MEAD,
Spokeswoman,
The Save Bart's Campaign,
PO Box 822, Aldersgate Street, EC1,
May 22.

Value of education

From Dr Avner Offer

Sir, Robert Skidelsky ("Farewell, welfare, now what?", May 21) argues that education should be financed by user charges, because that increases freedom and choice. Perhaps, but it is not likely to improve standards as he expects.

For parents, the choice is between their own consumption now, and benefits to offspring many years hence. For all but the well-off, virtue is not an easy path. At lower incomes, pressing needs are greater, and the deferred benefits of education less compelling.

Families already invest heavily in children, and are not as stable and secure as they used to be. Consumers will choose less education than children and society require. That is why education is everywhere subsidised from taxes.

Yours sincerely,
AVNER OFFER
(Reader in Recent Social and
Economic History),
Nuffield College, Oxford,
May 21.

Sport letters, page 29

Letters to the Editor should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be sent to a fax number — 0171-782 5046.

Early evidence of the Holocaust

From Professor William D. Rubinstein

Sir, It would be quite wrong to derive the impression that documents released this week by the Public Record Office provide evidence that the Holocaust began earlier than was previously believed (reports, May 19 and 20).

All standard histories of the Nazis' mass murders of the Jews correctly state that they began with the German invasion of the USSR in June 1941. Martin Gilbert's *Atlas of the Holocaust* contains dozens of maps detailing these killings on a village-by-village basis.

Any suggestion that the killings in the Soviet Union were unknown in the West would be similarly false. On the contrary, these killings received widespread press publicity throughout the world, including the whole British press, within a few months of the German invasion. By September/October 1941 the killings were reported in Jewish underground newspapers published in the Warsaw ghetto, although the ghetto had been sealed from outside contact for a year.

A third and equally false impression exists that Winston Churchill and other Western leaders could have inferred from these early reports that Hitler had in mind killing every Jew in Nazi-occupied Europe. In fact, the

process did not spread from the Soviet Union to other parts of Europe until after the Wannsee conference of Nazi leaders, in January 1942, and apart from those in the USSR there were no mass killings of Jews by the Nazis in Europe until 1942, six months after the British Government became aware of those in Russia.

Finally, it is still widely believed that with knowledge of the Nazi intentions Churchill and the British could have done something to deter or prevent the "final solution". That too is false.

In mid-1941 Britain had been fighting alone for over a year and still faced every likelihood of a German invasion. It had no troops within 1,500 miles of the western Soviet Union and no planes capable of reaching past Berlin, let alone to the Ukraine or Belarus.

Tragically, the only accurate answer to the question "What could the British have done in 1941 to prevent the Holocaust?" is: nothing.

Yours sincerely,
WILLIAM D. RUBINSTEIN
(Professor of Modern History),
University of Wales,
Department of History and
Welsh History,
Hugh Owen Building,
Aberystwyth, Ceredigion.
May 21.

Blue football fan could be in the red

From His Honour Judge Ian Trigger

Sir, Your main front-page photograph today shows an apparently distraught lady from Wrexham lamenting the retirement of the Manchester United footballer, Eric Cantona.

Next season she could derive considerable consolation from transferring her allegiance to her local football team at the Racecourse Ground. She could mingle amongst the home supporters still sporting her red shirt without feeling any discomfort. She would not have the travel costs to Manchester and could discover the joy of watching football at grassroots level without the exorbitant cost of attending a match at Old Trafford.

And if she should miss the chant of "Ooh aah Cantona" we would willingly teach her the proper syntax of "Brian Flynn's red and white army" and "Joey, Joey, tell us the score", thus paying proper tribute to the honest and long-serving management team in place at Wrexham.

Yours faithfully,
IAN J. C. TRIGGER,
Queen Elizabeth II Law Courts,
Liverpool,
May 14.

Ban on 'Crash'

From His Honour Judge Keith McHale

Sir, The overruling by Westminster Council of the film board's classification for *Crash* is not, as you report (May 21), the first example of the exercise of... power.

In... the 1980s the council overruled the... board by giving a "U" certificate to... about a... camp — probably because the nudes had their backs to the camera or carried something strategically placed.

Yours faithfully,
KEITH McHALE,
Oak Lodge,
141 Albemarle Road,
Beckenham, Kent.
May 22.

Legion membership

From Mrs J. E. Campbell

Sir, I have been interested to read your correspondence on the need to expand the role and membership of the Royal British Legion (letters, May 14 and 19).

A motion that those who served in the Women's Land Army should be allowed to join the Legion as ordinary members was proposed and readily accepted at the RBL's northern conference last November. It was put forward to be discussed at the Legion's annual conference next weekend, and printed in the provisional agenda for the annual conference, along with 23 different motions from other branches around the country. We have now learned, to our dismay, that only the four motions proposed by the Legion's national council have been accepted for discussion.

There are many valid reasons why the Women's Land Army — which was finally disbanded in 1953 — should be accepted for membership: not least the fact that in two world wars, by rectifying an agricultural policy in shambles, it rescued Britain and her fighting forces from starvation. But no progress can be made

whilst the Legion's national council adopts such a closed-shop policy.

Yours etc.

JACKIE CAMPBELL
(Member, Royal British Legion),
Boxtree, Thornton Dale,
Nr Pickering, North Yorkshire.
May 19.

From Mr Warwick H. Taylor

Sir, As an ex-Bevin Boy, I thoroughly endorse Lord Lewin's view (letter, May 19) that wartime Bevin Boys should be represented at the Royal British Legion Festival of Remembrance at the Albert Hall and in the march past the Cenotaph on Remembrance Sunday.

We received official recognition from the Government in 1995 when we were part of the official VE and VJ-Day commemorations, and feel that it is now perhaps a little churlish still not to be recognised by the Royal British Legion.

Yours faithfully,
WARWICK H. TAYLOR
(Archivist,
The Bevin Boys Association),
Pilgrims Cottage,
7a Abbey Street, Cerne Abbas, Dorset.
May 20.

discarded if government and business are to forge a new partnership for funding London's infrastructure.

Yours sincerely,
IRVING YASS,
Director, Transport and Planning,
London First,
Caxton House, 6 Tothill Street, SW1.
May 20.

From Mr David Brinshaw

Sir, You are correct to say that the Tube carries more passengers per day than the national rail network, but of course passengers on the national network travel much further per journey than their counterparts on the Underground. In 1995-96, passenger-km on the national network totalled 29.25 million compared with only 6.37 million passenger-km on London Underground. This is a more meaningful comparison of how productive the two networks are.

What is clear is that public money is required immediately to underwrite the damage caused by cuts to the network in the last Budget. With that pumping-in place, attention can focus on how to mobilise private-sector investment to get money flowing back into London's Underground.

As a group campaigning on behalf of business in the



COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
May 24: The Queen visited the Municipal Buildings, Stirling, this evening and was received by Her Majesty's Lord-Lieutenant of Stirling and Falkirk (Colonel James Stirling of Garden), the Rt Hon Donald Dewar MP (Secretary of State for Scotland) and Mr John Paterson (Provost of Stirling Council).

Her Majesty toured the buildings, meeting Councillors, staff and couples celebrating their Golden Wedding Anniversary this year, and attended a Reception.

The Queen afterwards visited the Church of the Holy Rude and was received by the Minister the Reverend Morris Coull.

Later the Queen arrived at Stirling Castle and was received by the Hereditary Keeper (the Earl of Mar and Kellie) who presented to Her Majesty the Key of the Castle.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE
May 25: Princess Alexandra, accompanied by Rt Hon Sir Angus Ogilvy and attended by Captain Neil Blair RN, left Heathrow Airport, London, this afternoon to carry out engagements in Japan.

On arrival at the Airport, Her Royal Highness was received by His Excellency the Ambassador of Japan (Mr Hiroaki Fujii) and Sir John Mardon (Special Representative of the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs).

Birthdays today

Mrs Susan Baird, former Lord Provost and Lord-Lieutenant of Glasgow; 57; Miss Helena Bonham Carter, actress; 31; Miss Zola Budd, athlete; 31; Miss Gill Colridge, literary agent; 49; Mr Jeremy Corbyn, MP; 48.

Mr Roy Dotrice, actor; 72; Sir David English, Chairman and Editor-in-Chief, Associated Newspapers; 66; Sir Peter Fry, former MP; 66; Mr Howard Goodall, composer; 39; Mrs Judith Goodland, Head Mistress, Wycombe Abbey School; 59; Mr Anthony Greener, chairman, Guiness; 57.

Mr Alan Hollinghurst, novelist; 43; Sir Kenneth Jones, former High Court judge; 76; Sir Patrick Kingsley, former Keeper of the

Records, Duchy of Cornwall; 59; Miss Peggy Lee, singer; 77; Mr Alex McCowan, actor; 72; Lord Mayfield; 76; Mr Michael Portillo, former MP; 44; Mr David Prichard, Headmaster, Wykefield College; 63.

Sir Colin Sampey, former HM Chief Inspector of Constabulary for Scotland; 68; Mr Ian Sparks, chief executive, The Children's Society; 54; Lord Stevens of Ludgate; 61.

Wing Commander Sir Kenneth Stoddart, former Lord-Lieutenant of Merseyside; 83; Mr Philip Treacy, fashion designer; 30; Mr Glen Turner, cricketer; 50; Air Marshal Sir John Walker; 61; the Earl of Wharncliffe; 44.

Anniversaries

BIRTHS: Sir Henry Vane, parliamentarian, Hadlow, Kent; 1613; Sir William Petty, political economist, Ramsey, Hampshire; 1623; John Churchill, 1st Duke of Marlborough, soldier, Ashe, Devon; 1650; Nicolas Zinzendorf, leader of the Moravian Church, Dresden; 1700; Sir George Staunton, writer, Salisbury; 1781; Edmund de Goncourt, novelist, Nancy, France; 1882; Mary, Queen Consort of King George V, Kensington Palace; 1887; Al Jolson, singer, Suresia, Lithuania; 1896.

Sir Eugene Goossens, composer and conductor, London; 1893; John Wayne, film actor, Winterset, Iowa; 1907; Robert Morley, actor, dramatist, Semley, Wiltshire; 1908. DEATHS: St Augustine, 1st Archbishop of Canterbury 597-604.

Memorial services

Professor David Keith-Lucas A service of thanksgiving for the life of Professor David Keith-Lucas, former Chairman of the Airtworthiness Requirements Board, was held on Saturday at Emberton Parish Church, Buckinghamshire. The Rev Simon Weeden officiated.

Mr Christopher Keith-Lucas, son, read the lesson and Mrs Mary Benjamin, daughter, read an extract from *The Desert* by Minnie Louise Haskins. Mr Christopher Keith-Lucas, son, paid tribute and Lord Kings Norton gave an address.

Representatives from Cranfield University, the Aeronautical Society, the Mechanical Engineers Society and many friends and former colleagues were among those present.

Professor C. Colin Smith A service of thanksgiving for the life of Professor C. Colin Smith, Emeritus Professor of Spanish at Cambridge University, was held on Saturday in St Catharine's College Chapel, Cambridge.

The Rev Dr David Goodnew officiated.

Professor Nicholas Handys read the lesson. Dr Eric Southworth read *The Pilgrim Path to Santiago* by Colin Smith and Dr Geoffrey Walker read extracts from *Delight by I.B. Priestley*. Dr Brian Powell gave an address.

Members of the family, the Master and Fellows of St Catharine's College with senior members of the University and many friends were among those present.

BMDS: 0171 680 6880
PRIVATE: 0171 481 4000

As a shepherd goes in search of his sheep, so I go in search of my sheep. In every direction, so I shall go in search of my sheep and rescue them. Ecclesiastes 34: 12

BIRTHS
BENJAMIN - On Sunday 12th May 1991 at Christopher and Charlotte, Gomersal, in the Master of the Royal Engineers, son and daughter, Sebastian and Sofia.

DOUGLASS - To Lt. Martin Douglas and Mrs. Sophie God's gift of a daughter, Elizabeth, born at St Mary's on 21st May 1991 at St Mary's, Portsmouth.

MARLIN - On May 16th at Kingston Hospital, to Brenda (née McCloskey) and Ian, a son, Andrew Henry Joseph.

DEATHS
PLUMLEY - Cuthbert Cecil Beale, aged 86. Presently at Prebys' House, Rural Mortuary, Faversham. Service to take place at Darton Dean Crematorium at 12.30 on Friday 20th May. All enquiries to Mrs. S. & S. Funeral Directors, 01823 272183. Family flowers only please, but donations to the Royal British Legion would be appreciated.

IN MEMORIAM - PRIVATE
MITCHELL GREEN - Darling Mary Jean, born 1921, died 11th May 1990, always loved and missed by Peter, Alexander and Andrew.

TILLMAN - Alan George, In loving memory.

BIRTHDAYS
OLIVER - Patricia Oliver. Happy birthday to all my love, David and family.

WALSH - Caroline. Happy birthday to all my love, health, happiness and good always. Love Mum, Dad and Grandad, Sebastian and Sofia.

WILLIAMS - Caroline. Happy birthday to all my love, health, happiness and good always.

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WILLIAMS - Caroline

OBITUARIES

EDMUND FROW

Edmund Frow, founder of the Working Class Movement Library and Museum in Salford, died on May 15 aged 90. He was born on June 5, 1906.

As an engineer and trade union activist, Edmund Frow was dedicated to the struggle for workers' rights both on the streets and on the shopfloor. However, it is not so much for his militancy and moral stamina that he will be remembered as for the Working Class Movement Library which he founded — the result of some 40 years spent collecting the literature of the Labour movement in Britain.

Frow was an autodidact. His passion for collecting books began as "an insidious disease" but was to result eventually in the establishment of a valuable archive of working-class history. He and his wife — a schoolteacher — would spend their holidays scouring the country in search of first editions, union minute books and union banners and documents, mostly to do with the labour and socialist movement of the last century.

They toured the country in a 1937 Morris van, stopping whenever they found themselves conveniently near a town, camping on verges and in fields. "In the morning," his wife recalled, "when we were fresh and full of energy, we combed the shelves of unsuspecting bookshops. In the afternoon we lay in the sun, reading and gloating over our morning purchases.

In the evening we walked, or possibly moved on to another bookshop. And when all our money had gone, or when the van was full, we returned to Manchester."

The rooms — even the bedrooms — of their semi-detached home near Manchester United's ground in Old Trafford were stacked with volumes. Coachloads of visitors came from Labour parties and trade unions to be shown round. In 1973 the North West Labour History group was formed and its committee meetings were held in the house.

Then, ten years ago, Salford City Council took over the

library. It was rehoused in Jubilee House, a magnificent spacious building by the university and the Lowry art collection. The Frows were given a flat upstairs so that they could continue their close involvement with the collection. Today visitors come from all over the world to see the remarkable collection of books, documents and union memorabilia.

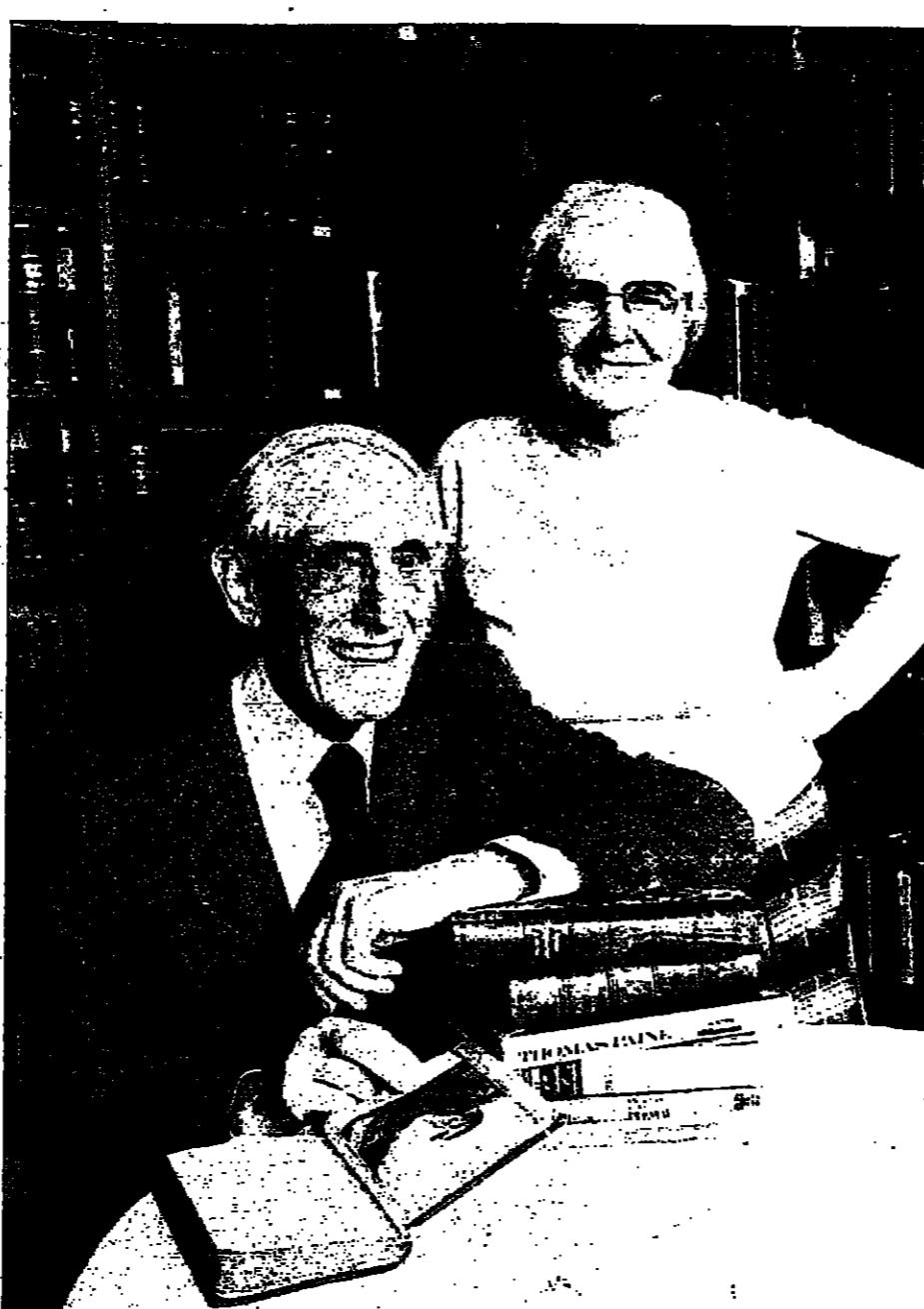
Stephen Edmund Frow was born into a farming family in Lincolnshire where his father tenanted a modest 18 acres. He left school at 14 and, after a year's industrial training course, began work as an apprentice in the drawing office of an engineering firm. He was to become a skilled engineer, reputed by his colleagues to have the finest kit of tools of any man in the industry.

In 1924 he joined the Communist Party and when Frow decided that he ought to show his solidarity with the 1926 General Strike, although the engineers were not called out, he lost his job. Eventually, however, he finished his apprenticeship as a turner. But after working for two years in an engineering tool-room in Liverpool, he found himself unemployed from 1929 to 1933.

British industry had gone into a slump after the 1929 Wall Street crash. Many more than the official figure of 2.5 million were actually unemployed. In 1931 the Government introduced the means test and cut the weekly dole for a single man from 18 shillings to 15 shillings and three pence.

Frow, living in Salford, had become a prominent figure in the National Unemployed Workers' Movement. When, on October 1, 1931, there was a march, by 10,000 workers through the streets of Salford to the Town Hall in Bexley Square to put the case of the unemployed to the council, Frow was there. The police met the demonstration with a baton charge in which many were injured and had to be taken to hospital.

Frow himself had his nose broken in the encounter, which became known as "the Battle of Bexley Square". He was arrested and, after defending himself in court, was



Edmund and Ruth Frow in their Working Class Movement Library in Salford

imprisoned in Strangeways for almost six months. Walter Greenwood, a Salford councillor at that time, based one of the characters in his *Low on the Dole* on Frow.

With an improvement in the British economy, Frow found work again. In the next 20 years he was to estimate that he held some 30 jobs, working at different times with such

companies as Ferranti, AV Roe and Gardner. In each he served as either shop steward or shop stewards' convenor. He was elected to the Amalgamated Engineering Union's national committee and later became the secretary for the AEU's powerful Manchester district committee.

Frow had met his wife Ruth at a meeting in Hastings.

When she had invited him over to look at her book collection he had commented, apparently, "your books and mine are complementary" and from that moment on had wooed her avidly. Before a week was out they had decided to marry. The partnership lasted more than 50 years.

Frow is survived by his wife Ruth and by their son.

PETER CREIGHTMORE

Peter Creightmore, a Master of the Supreme Court, Queen's Bench Division, 1975-96, died on May 15 aged 69. He was born on January 15, 1928.

From its inception in the 1930s they enthusiastically supported the Left Book Club, founded by Professor Harold Laski, the publisher Victor Gollancz and the then Communist but future Labour Cabinet Minister John Strachey. Frow regularly sold copies of its "book of the month" — costing half a crown — to fellow workers, many of whom had never bought a book in their lives.

Frow claimed that the Left Book Club involved both industrial workers and liberal-minded members of the middle class, especially during the time that it assisted the Republican cause in Spain. Although some dismissed it as just a middle-class affair, Frow always maintained it had great influence on the factory floor. He recalled how on one occasion when, after addressing a midnight meeting with the night-shift in a Manchester factory, he was walked down the aisle by a burly engineer who proudly opened a cupboard to reveal row upon row of Left Book Club books.

In 1937 Frow's personal book collection was taken into municipal control by Salford City Council. It continues to add to its resources and now includes the oldest trade union archive known: that of the Brushmakers of the mid-18th century. Both Frow and his wife were awarded honorary degrees by Salford University and by the University of Central Lancashire. Recently the library received £200,000 from national lottery funds to develop its work.

In his spare time Frow enjoyed long walks in the country. Even when he was nearly 90, he and his wife could still walk ten miles a day in the Welsh Mountains where they owned a caravan for many years.

Between them they produced a stream of books.

He is survived by his wife Ruth and by their son.

briefly for a pharmaceuticals firm before deciding to read for the Bar, being called by the Inner Temple in 1954. He was also commissioned in the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve.

Although Creightmore had built up a successful practice on the Oxford and Midland Circuit, he decided in 1975 against taking silk and instead accepted an appointment as a Master of the Queen's Bench. His aptitude for mastering detail and his patience made him seem especially well suited to the work, which entails the preparation of High Court cases before they come to trial in open court.



Creightmore was still better known, however, for his great kindness and unfailing courtesy both to litigants and to the junior Bar. Never fearful of puncturing pomposity, he once interrupted an eminent QC in full flow to remind him that he should first find a chair for his young female opponent.

His outside interests perhaps reflected the same qualities. These included cricket, the English countryside and music, especially Bach. While at Oxford he joined the university's Bach choir and in later years sang with local choirs near his Sussex home.

He suffered from diabetes and had been in poor health for some time — particularly since his brother's death, which affected him deeply two years ago. He finally retired for health reasons last December.

Peter Creightmore married his wife June 40 years ago. She survives him, together with a son and daughter.

PROFESSOR JAMES SCOTT

Professor James Scott, CBE, former regional medical officer for Trent Regional Health Authority, died of pulmonary tuberculosis on May 7 aged 65. He was born on July 3, 1931.

IN A life dedicated to the provision of better health care, James Scott worked in the National Health Service for 33 years, for the last 15 of these as regional medical officer for Trent. He was an energetic and inspiring leader.

He remained resolute and level-headed in the face of frequent reorganisations within the NHS, keeping always on his desk a quote from Petrucci: "I was to learn later in life that one tried to meet any new situation by reorganisation, and a wonderful method it can be for creating an illusion of progress while producing confusion, inefficiency and demoralisation."

James Alexander Scott was born into a medical family and educated at Doncaster Grammar School and Trinity College Dublin, where he obtained degrees as Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics.

Although a pathologist by training, he was lured into medical administration by the glittering promises of Enoch Powell's *A Hospital Plan for England and Wales*, published in 1962. However, he did complete his doctorate in medicine on the detection and significance of melanomelanoma in 1965.

His first role as a medical

administrator involved him in the task of establishing the first new medical school in Britain this century, at Nottingham. He was also engaged in the planning of the second new medical school at Leicester and in the provision of additional clinical teaching facilities for the expanding Sheffield University Medical School.

In 1971, aged 39, he was the youngest appointee to the post of senior administrative medical officer for the Sheffield Regional Hospital Board. This board was to become, two years later, the Trent Regional Health Authority, and Scott was appointed its first regional medical officer.

Under his administration he transformed the provision of health care within Trent, lifting it from the bottom to the top of the league tables. Dialysis and transplantation units were established at Sheffield, Nottingham and Leicester, together with peripheral dialysis units at Derby and Lincoln.

James Scott is survived by his wife Margaret and by a son and two daughters.

Nor were his professional interests confined to the locality in which he worked. He was appointed to a number of national committees and from 1972 to 1980 he served as the British representative on the committee of the European Union and in 1981 and 1983 was elected to three-year presidencies of this committee. He was a Europhile and could speak French, German and Italian.

His final task was to assist his Trent colleagues in launching the region's breast screening programme. He followed this project through to completion, despite the illness which forced him into early retirement.

Even in retirement he continued to work for the NHS, notably in the appeals unit and as chairman of the Mid-Trent College of Nursing and Midwifery. He also established the Trent Medal — an annual award for excellence in the field of health care.

In 1974 he was made Special Professor of Health Care Planning at the University of Nottingham. He was appointed CBE in 1985 and also, in that year, was made a member of the Royal College of Physicians. From 1980 to 1983 he was an Honorary Physician to the Queen.

Outside work he enjoyed stamp collecting, reading and doing *The Times* crossword. In his later years he renovated a 17th-century cottage in the Dordogne.

James Scott is survived by his wife Margaret and by a son and two daughters.

John Sykes Rymer, of Driffield, East Yorkshire, left estate valued at £1,391,770 net.

Leslie Henry Garthwaite, of London SW7, left estate valued at £4,483,250 net. He left £1,000 each to 17 charities.

Ernest Sidney Bailey, of Little Aston, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands, left estate valued at £4,273,356 net.

Alan Bevis Godkin, of Holloway, Derbyshire, left estate valued at £4,108,404 net.

Sir Edward Stephen Lyttelton Green, chairman, East Anglian Regional Hospital Board, 1959-74, of Stevenage, Hertfordshire, left estate valued at £3,404,321 net.

Sir Basil Edward Nield, former High Court judge, of Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the only judge to have presided at all 61 assize towns in England and Wales before the abolition of the assize system, Conservative MP for Chester 1940-56, left estate valued at £1,239,014 net. He left £5,000 each to Harrow School, Magdalen College, Oxford, Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, the Royal Society of Arts, the Inner Temple and the NSPCC.

Ida Muriel Chapple, of London N2, left estate valued at £1,599,600 net.

William Holborow Clark, of Horley, Gloucestershire, left estate valued at £1,052,092 net.

Alec Kindred Cooper, of Framlingham, Suffolk, left estate valued at £1,040,994 net.

Lady Empson, of London NW3, left estate valued at £1,051,991 net.

Sir Claude Hayes, chairman, Crown Agents, 1968-74, of Chiddington, Kent, left estate valued at £1,030,964 net.

Lord Roskill, Lord of Appeal in Ordinary 1980-86, of Newcastle upon Tyne, left estate valued at £888,787 net.

Alfred Alexander Harper, Professor of Physiology, Newcastle upon Tyne University, 1963-72, of Newcastle upon Tyne, left estate valued at £850,862 net.

Desmond John Fry, of Chedzoy, Somerset, left estate valued at £1,010,924 net.

Colin Thomas Freeman, of West Byfleet, Surrey, left estate valued at £888,787 net.

He left £10,000 to All Saints church, Woodham, and £5,000 to the Virgin, Sidlesham, fledgling.

Brian Maiden Croston, of Lytham, Lancashire, left estate valued at £850,994 net.

Emily Jenkins of Oldham, Lancashire, left estate valued at £1,040,138 net.

Arthur Cecil James Lambert, of Tibshelf, Nottinghamshire, left estate valued at £1,038,911 net.

He left £10,000 to All Saints church, Woodham, and £5,000 to the Virgin, Sidlesham, fledgling.

Eleanor Landreth, of St Helens, Merseyside, left estate valued at £1,040,488 net.

Victor Bernard Levison, of London N2, left estate valued at £1,010,924 net.

Arthur Cecil James Lambert, of Tibshelf, Nottinghamshire, left estate valued at £1,038,911 net.

He left £10,000 to All Saints church, Woodham, and £5,000 to the Virgin, Sidlesham, fledgling.

Samuel Snowden Housley, retired farmer, of Retford, Nottinghamshire, left estate valued at £1,012,299 net.

He left £1,000 each to several charities and organisations.

Latest wills

PROFESSOR JOHN HEMMINGS

Professor John Hemmings, French scholar, died on May 9 aged 76. He was born on December 13, 1920.

JOHN HEMMINGS was one of the most influential scholars of French of his generation. In the 1950s he was one of the first English-speaking academics to work on newly accessible manuscripts and produce substantial work on *Emile Zola*. He soon came to be acknowledged as a leading authority on literature and culture in 19th-century France, continuing to enhance his reputation by publishing important volumes until shortly before his death.

Frederick William John Hemmings was born in Southampton, where his father, a headmaster, encouraged his interest in France from an early age. He took a First in French and German at Exeter College, Oxford, in 1941. After basic infantry training for the Army Intelligence Corps, he was posted to Bletchley Park for the remainder of the Second World War, being involved in deciphering communications traffic between German SS Army headquarters and Army Corps. Security was tight and only later did he learn that he had contributed to the work on Enigma.

Appointed as assistant lecturer in French at the University College of Leicester in 1948, he went on to his 37-year career there, to play a significant part in the processes by which the institution expanded



Theatre Industry in 19th-Century France (1993) and Theatre and State in France 1760-1905 (1994).

ed nearly tenfold and became an independent university. He was briefly the first non-professorial Dean of Arts in 1963, before becoming the first holder of a personal chair at the University.

Having spent the 1966-67 session at Yale, it was with some reluctance that, in the middle of a particularly fertile research period, he took on the headship of French at Leicester in 1970. During a nine-year spell of imaginative leadership, he considerably broadened the base of undergraduate programmes and encouraged the development of many academic careers.

His first publication, building upon his earlier learning of Russian and his Oxford D.Phil., was *The Russian Novel in France, 1884-1914*, issued in 1980. It was followed by his *Emile Zola* (1983), a critical study which did much to establish his reputation and was extensively updated in 1996. His eleven further books included a life of Zola (1977) and monographs on Stendhal (1964), Balzac (1967), Dumas père (1979), and Baudelaire (1982).

His work on individual authors led him into the study of movements and socio-cultural phenomena in general, and he went on to write two considerable volumes, *Culture and Society in France*, covering the periods 1789-1848 and 1848-1898. In his retirement he turned to the relatively unexplored territory of the theatre world in 19th-century France, bringing out, in addition to a series of articles, *The*

specialist research was unswerving, but this never stood in the way of other, broader types of commitment to the academic world and its values.

For two years in the 1990s he regularly reviewed current English fiction for the *New Statesman*, and in 1996 he

devotion to his own

helped to bring to England one of the first intellectuals to be permitted to leave the Soviet Union, Valery Tarsis — an event that attracted extensive publicity.

In the 1970s and early 1980s he made a number of trips to Canada, to advise on the setting up of a centre for Naturalist Studies and on the publication of a series of French-Canadian texts. He always

NEWS

Blair to have more Thatcher talks

■ Tony Blair will hold further consultations with Baroness Thatcher after the success of their first lengthy political discussion. As the Prime Minister prepares for a round of summit conferences, including meetings this week with President Yeltsin and President Clinton, senior aides said that he had struck up a good personal rapport during a wide-ranging one-hour chat with Lady Thatcher in Downing Street's White Room. Page 1

Saudi judge pleads for nurses

■ The judge trying two British nurses accused of murder in Saudi Arabia made an impassioned appeal to the victim's family not to demand the death sentence. He gave the family three weeks to consider the court's request and adjourned the trial until mid-June. Page 1

French election

The French Left outstripped the ruling centre-right coalition in the first round of parliamentary elections, bucking the polls and raising the prospect of a hung parliament. Pages 1, 11

A-level delay

Tougher A-levels pushed through by the Conservatives are likely to be delayed by a year as new ministers pursue plans for a broader sixth-form curriculum, linking academic and vocational courses. Page 2

Dancing blue

An Oxford student has become the first ballroom dancer to be awarded a full Blue from either Oxford or Cambridge. Page 3

Cyprus Aids case

The family of Janette Pink say she is "devastated" by allegations made in a Cyprus court by her former lover that she passed on the Aids virus. Page 5

Brotherly genes

Psychiatrists are seeking 25,000 brothers and sisters in a hunt for the genes that control depression and anxiety. The project is thought to be the largest in the field. Page 6

Teletubbies praised

Psychologists have praised a new BBC programme for children which mothers and educationalists have accused of "dumbing down" to youngsters. Page 13

Up and down the garden path

■ The most commonly asked questions on *Gardeners' Question Time*, which is celebrating its 50th anniversary are: How can I control vine weevils? How can I control slugs? Why won't my wisteria flower? How do I get rid of moles? How can I get rid of honey fungus? How do I banish moss from the lawn? How can I succeed with brassicas? Page 5

Superfish

Genetic engineers have created fish that grow at three times the normal rate. The research aims to speed up production of tilapia, a staple food in the Third World. Page 9

The 8-stone 'puppy'

Tobin, a year-old Canadian timberwolf hybrid, was bought by his owners as a pup-sized "bundle of fun". He now stands 6 ft tall on his hind legs and weighs 8 st. Page 9

Afghanistan alert

Russian helicopters patrolled the Central Asian border with Afghanistan backed by thousands of ground troops. Page 10

Euro dithering

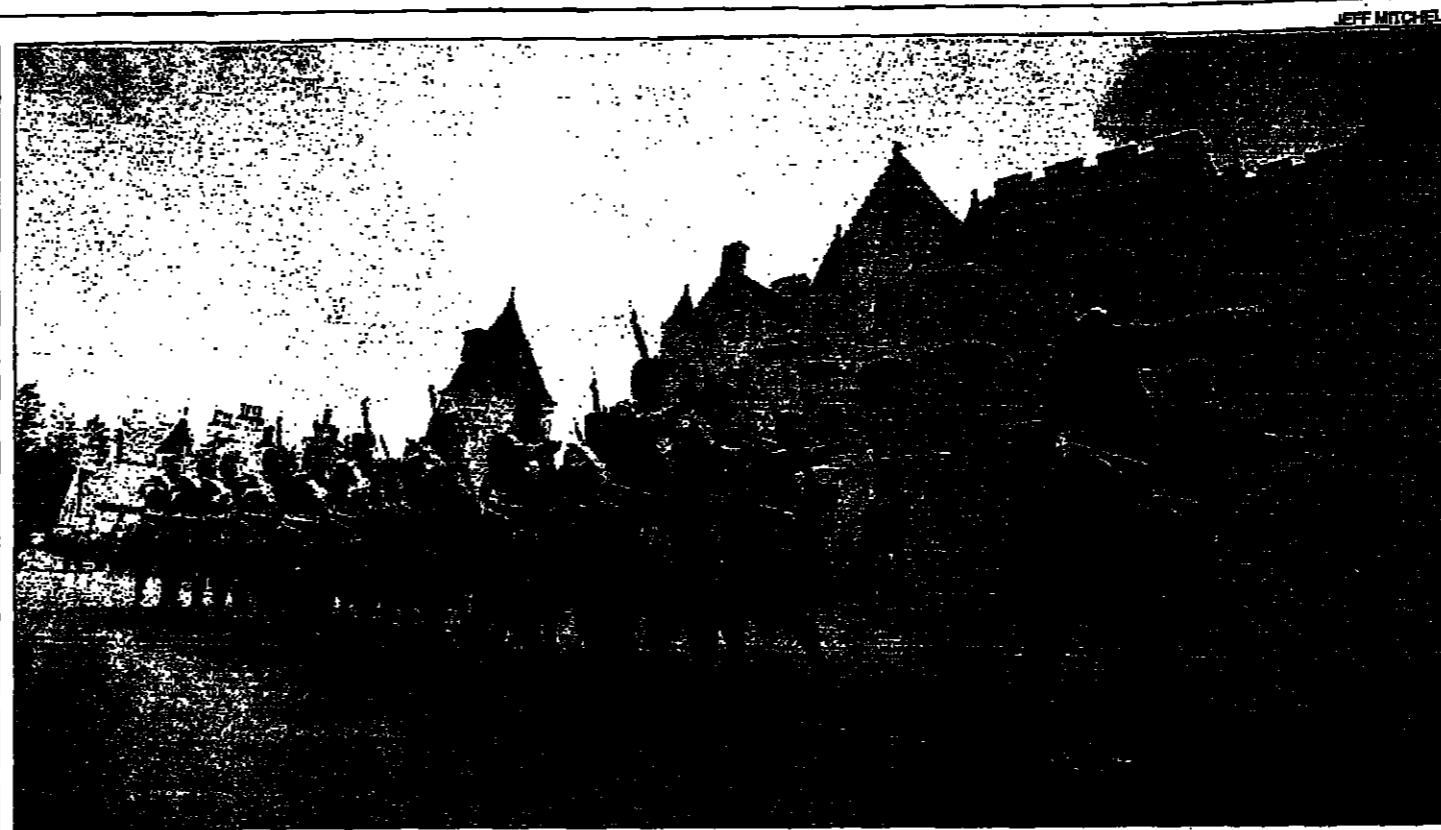
Germany's decision to revalue its gold reserves demonstrates how disoriented the political class has become, hovering between advance and retreat on the euro ground. Page 44

Co-operative set-back

Retail trading profits at the Co-op fell sharply last year, despite soaring high street spending on cars, petrol and travel. Page 40

Fast and furious: Keith Allen, one of Britain's most original and uncontrollable comic talents, has the reputation of a thinking woman's Oliver Reed. Page 15

Danger money: Experiments suggest that if drivers were made to pay according to the amount of time they spent on the road, they would be twice as likely to drive dangerously. Page 14



The Atholl Highlanders — the only private army in Europe — march past Blair Castle on the way to the opening of the Highland Games

BUSINESS

Windfall: Andersen Consulting was forced to hand back £23 million over its work in providing a new computer system for the social services, a report will reveal this week. Page 44

Steel clamp: Thousands of suppliers across the UK are being urged to reduce prices as part of a mammoth five-year cost-cutting programme by British Steel. Page 44

Away ticket: Chelsea Football Club is in talks with National Express over plans to build a new railway station at its Stamford Bridge ground. Page 44

Motor to Headrow: M&G Retail trading profits at the Co-op fell sharply last year, despite soaring high street spending on cars, petrol and travel. Page 40

Cricket: Led by a superb attacking innings of 63 by 19-year-old Ben Hollis, England won the third Texaco Trophy one-day international by six wickets. Pages 23, 27

Golf: Ian Woosnam carries a two-stroke lead into the final round of the Volvo PGA Championship at Wentworth today after Nick Faldo three-putted on the 17th green then took two shots to get out of a bunker on the 18th. Page 24

High notes: The Royal Opera revives Trevor Nunn's problematic staging of Janáček's *Káťa Kabanová*, and finds a magnificent cast. Page 16

Real thing: Boz Scaggs brings a rare taste of real R&B to London in his Jazz Café gig. Page 16

Cultural diplomacy: The Royal Shakespeare Company takes its production of *The Comedy of Errors* to Pakistan, and discovers that despite the cultural differences, the Bard finds his audience. Page 17

FEATURES

Melvyn Bragg: "My background in a small market town felt resonances from the older England. But the question is: has the countryside stopped feeding our imagination, just as it has drifted out of our collective life?" Page 16

Stellar visitor: A satellite launched by the European Space Agency in 1989 and designed to measure the precise positions of the stars has produced a star that seems to be heading our way. Page 14

Skull story: The earliest known brain operation was successfully performed more than 7,000 years ago. Page 14

Fast and furious: Keith Allen, one of Britain's most original and uncontrollable comic talents, has the reputation of a thinking woman's Oliver Reed. Page 15

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Rugby union: There were some important lessons for the British Lions to learn in the first match of their tour of South Africa, namely that they must learn to make their tackles count. Page 28

Motor racing: Jacques Villeneuve regained his lead at the top of the drivers' championship with a victory in Barcelona. Page 25

Racing: Desert King completed an Irish Guineas double for his young trainer, Aidan O'Brien, at the Curragh. The hot favourite, Revocive, was a disappointment. Page 30

Football: Crewe Alexandra clinched promotion to the Nationwide League first division by beating Brentford 1-0 in the second division play-off. Page 33

Edmund Brown, Labour movement historian; Peter Creighton, Master of the Queen's Bench; Professor John Homans, French scholar. Page 21

Defence exports: Holocaust: red days for football fans; British Legion: the Tube. Page 19

With the announcement of a new initiative on Bosnia, the Clinton Administration has signalled a welcome recognition that its efforts to bring a lasting peace are in danger of crashing. — *The New York Times*

IN THE TIMES

■ ARTS

Guitar boys: Mark Knopfler and his Notting Hillbillies hit London

■ LAW

Frances Gibb explains the Home Secretary's shake-up of the Crown Prosecution Service

FORECAST

Wind west, becoming northwest, light or moderate. Max 17C (63F).

■ N Wales, NW England, Lake District, Isle of Man, SW Scotland, N Ireland: rather cloudy, patchy hill fog and drizzle, brighter later. Wind west, becoming northwest, light or moderate. Max 17C (63F).

■ Aberdeen, Moray, Firth, NE Scotland, Orkney, Shetland: patchy drizzle, first, brighter and drier from northwest later. Wind west or northwest, moderate or fresh. Max 14C (57F).

■ London, SE England, E Anglia, E Midlands, W Midlands: dry with variable amounts of cloud, some sunshine. Wind variable or northwest, light Max 20C (68F).

■ Central S England, Channel Isles, SW England, S Wales: dry and bright with some sunshine, albeit hazy at times. Wind north or northeast, light, locally moderate. Max 19C (66F).

■ E England, Central N England, NE England, Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Glasgow: rather cloudy, mainly dry and bright some sun.

■ Pollen: low in Scotland, Northern Ireland, North Wales, northwest and northeast England and East Anglia; low to moderate in South Wales, southwest England and London; moderate in the Midlands, southeast and central southern England.

AROUND BRITAIN

Wind west, becoming northwest, light or moderate. Max 17C (63F).

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Changes to chart below from noon: low J will move NE with little change; low B will shift SE and deepen; high J and low H will be slow-moving and maintain pressure



ABROAD

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■ Pollen: low in Scotland, Northern Ireland, North

MOTOR RACING: HILL'S EARLY PROMISE GOES UP IN SMOKE

Villeneuve cruises to comfortable victory

FROM ANDREW LONGMORE IN BARCELONA

JACQUES VILLENEUVE passed a sentimental milestone with a dominant drive in the Spanish Grand Prix here yesterday. By winning his seventh grand prix in 22 races, the Canadian surpassed the total set by his father, Gilles, nearly 15 years ago.

He had precious little else to overtake during a race which made a few people wonder whether weekend threats by the Formula One top brass to head east with their cigarette money were really so terrible after all. It was a fag end of a race, enlivened by a late surge from Johnny Herbert and some dubious blocking tactics, inevitably, by Eddie Irvine, who incurred a ten-second penalty from the officials after ignoring the blue "move over" flags as Olivier Panis and Jean Alesi filled his mirrors.

Alesi, not the most gentlemanly driver himself, gestured furiously to the clerk of the course after finally passing the Irishman. "I was hoping he was watching the television," he said. The Irishman claimed he thought the flags were for Jos Verstappen in

front of him. "There were so many pit-stops I was not sure who was in front of whom," he said. He was not the only one. The 46,000 crowd must have been just as confused as teams adopted different pit-stop strategies and the race lost any coherent pattern.

Little did they know it, but the trolley carrying the wet weather tyres back to the Williams garage moments before the start of the race was the most significant action of the day. Once the starting grid was bathed in a shaft of sunlight, the one danger to the Williams team had receded.

The appearance of Ronaldo, fresh from a nineteen minute winner for Barcelona the previous night, caused rather more of a stir than anything

the £2 billion grand prix show could produce.

Villeneuve was headed briefly by Alesi and Michael Schumacher during pit-stops. Otherwise, he barely put a wheel out of place during the 64-lap race and his five-second gap over Panis at the finish was a good deal more comfortable than the margin would suggest. "The car was very quick," he said. "It was just a question of keeping my tyres intact and not pushing too hard."

The one surprise was another lacklustre showing by his team-mate, Heinz-Harald Frentzen, who started slowly and did not get much quicker. After outpacing Villeneuve in Monaco and matching him for all but three minutes and a fraction of a second in qualifying here, it was widely felt Frentzen was beginning to find his feet in Formula One. But, for the third time this season, he has wallowed in the middle of the pack, an unaccustomed embarrassment for the world constructors' champions.

The official explanation for the German's miserable eighth place was a wrong choice of tyres and set-up. "I had very good tyre wear all weekend but during the race, for some reason, my rear tyres blistered quickly and I couldn't really push at all," he said. "We will have to look into it." His strategy, taking three stops to Villeneuve's two, also seemed misplaced. The hidden fear, for the competitiveness of Formula One as much as for his team, is that the German's undoubted pace masks a mental flaw.

If the team needed any hint of what they were missing, it came in unexpected form on lap 19. Damon Hill, who had enjoyed his best race so far in a chaotic season at Arrows, felt his engine blow just as he had reached the dizzy heights of seventh place and slowly coasted to a halt right in front of his old garage at Williams. A gesture of despair, if ever there was one. The world champion is beginning to run out of brave faces after failing to finish a race this season.

"In reality, teams would have to sell a European package to their sponsors and one for the Far East," Paul Stewart, of the Stewart team, said. "Maybe a non-smoking European Formula will one day emerge from the ashes of Formula One. That would surely be a more sensible alternative to racing mobile cigarette ads over the recent battlegrounds of Croatia.

Villeneuve, right, beats Coulthard to the first corner at the start of the Spanish Grand Prix in Barcelona yesterday



Villeneuve, right, beats Coulthard to the first corner at the start of the Spanish Grand Prix in Barcelona yesterday

Hill and the team owner, Tom Walkinshaw, who has called a crisis meeting this week.

Hill was not the only British disappointment. David Coulthard, who had qualified third on the grid, was caught out by Michael Schumacher on the opening lap and had to spend a frustrating 13 laps before he muscled his way past the rapidly fading Ferrari. Forced into the pits three times for new tyres, the Scot was unable

to mount a consistent challenge to the leaders and was passed on the last lap by Herbert, who finished a highly creditable fifth in his Sauber-Petronas.

The start, which was aborted initially after Ralf Schumacher stalled, proved to be decisive to the outcome, though not in the expected way. A charge by Schumacher from the fourth row of the grid took the Ferrari between Hakkinen and Frentzen; he

then forced his way inside Alesi to follow Villeneuve and Coulthard into the first bend. Moments later, he dived inside the hard-pressed Ferrari team brief hope.

As Villeneuve drove serenely off into the distance, Schumacher continued to thwart Coulthard and Alesi. "I must thank Michael for that," Villeneuve said. While others blustered tyres in a vain chase, Villeneuve conserved his by

driving smoothly and swiftly from the front. By lap 20, his lead was 20 seconds and climbing.

Panis mounted a late challenge in his Prost without seriously threatening Villeneuve's third victory of the season or his return to the head of the drivers' world championship as he moves onto his home grand prix, in Montreal, next month and his annual rendezvous with the Villeneuve legend.

Ecclestone fans the flames of advertising argument

FROM ANDREW LONGMORE

IT WAS the idea of the grand prix circus touching down in Croatia and India that touched the sense of the absurd. No grands prix at Silverstone, Monza or Hockenheim — instead, Calcutta and Split would be on the new, cigarette-friendly Formula One calendar devised by Bernie Ecclestone, the most powerful man in Formula One, in response to a proposed European ban on tobacco advertising.

Formula One would not be the tempting place it is without the rumour factory, but the reaction of the team owners to the weekend news that their future lay far to the east of the east with only four of the 18 races scheduled in Europe, the powerhouse of grand prix racing for 100 years, ranged from the disdainful to the incredulous.

"What? We're going to move to Japan?" Flavio Briatore, owner of the Benetton team based in Chipping Norton, asked. "I don't think so. We just want to go racing."

Ecclestone's warning was aimed at the new Labour Government, which is deter-

mined to sever the ties between cigarettes and sport, triggering a possible EU ban. "If they [the British Government] think it through, they will see the great advantages of having Formula One in Britain," he said yesterday.

"If they go through with certain measures, you will not have Formula One on television and that's going to be very boring for the eight million who want to watch." Not forgetting, he added, the 50,000 jobs that depend on the industry. Or the £2 billion flotation of Formula One proposed for this summer.

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Villeneuve, right, beats Coulthard to the first corner at the start of the Spanish Grand Prix in Barcelona yesterday

SAILING: CLOSE CONTACT WITH OCEAN ROVER BREAKS MONOTONY IN SOUTH ATLANTIC

All hot and quiet on the Atlantic front

James Capstick discovers relatively few diversions on board *Heath Insured II* on the penultimate leg of the global challenge

THE sound of "starboard" rang out in the night as *Ocean Rover* ducked behind *Heath Insured II*'s stern. This was what the BT Global Challenge yacht race was about. After two weeks and 2,500 miles of ocean racing in the South Atlantic, we were obliged, under race rules, to avoid *Heath* on starboard tack.

As we sailed off in different directions, the exchange of camera flashes lit up the sky. Match racing can be this close and, on the penultimate leg from Cape Town to Boston, this close encounter was a welcome diversion. Since the re-start three weeks ago, we have sailed under spinnakers for all but a few hours. Apart from the odd gibe, there is little activity to keep us occupied.

As the days roll by, a rather repetitive regime has evolved, and a very different one from that imposed by the horrendous conditions we experienced on our last leg, across the southern Indian Ocean from Sydney to Cape Town.

"On Watch" requires a minimum of three people to

sail the boat. One to helm and the other two to trim the "kite". This involves one person, "the trimmer", holding the sheet (the bit of string attached to the corner of the sail) assisted by the third, who winds the winch under the direction of the trimmer.

Unfortunately, the nature of sailing is such that you may sit for several hours in the relatively predictable Trade Winds and then it all goes mad, with shouts of "winch" from helmsman as well as trimmer. It is not unusual for the skipper's head to appear

through the hatch with words of wisdom such as "don't round up" or "don't tease it", if you get any of this wrong, then it's likely that the next 24 hours will be spent sewing the bits of sail back together.

On the last leg, full thermals and foulies were the order of the day, with Arctic mittens it was extremely cold. By contrast, the weather for the past seven days has been stifling, with a blazing sun overhead from eight o'clock in the morning. Severe sunburn is a real danger so we all have to take great care. To this end, some rather strange hats have appeared on deck, either bought especially for the job or improvised with towels.

Below decks, *Ocean Rover*, with her steel hull, is like a furnace and, despite all the hatches being open, little air circulates. Where it does, you can be sure to find the "off watch" crew trying to get some sleep. Even at night, T-shirts

Pender, on *St Joan*, who won at Cork Week last year, making a strong start. After winning the Gourrock feeder, Pender was second in the first race on Saturday, then fourteenth in the first race yesterday, when he was over the start line early, and won yesterday's second race.

Pender described the hot, windless conditions on the loch as a "nightmare". Reflecting on his win in yesterday's second race, he said: "We just managed to weasel our way off the start line and picked our way through the wee boats and just followed the wind. We worked hard to keep the boat moving and just wriggled away."

In the largest of the one-design classes — the Sigma 33s, with 27 boats — the competition is tight, with the British champion, *Sioma*

and shorts are all that are needed.

On the last leg, cooking was a good job as it meant that you were dry and warm, but, on this leg, it is a real chore, with the temperature in the thirties before you start lighting the four-burner gas hob to cook for a crew of 14.

As I write, *Ocean Rover* is in tenth place, but not that many miles separate us from the leading boats. It is true to say that I am disappointed with our overall showing to date and certainly the crew had high hopes of better things at the start. It seems, however, that we are destined to stay in the middle of the fleet and nothing we do seems to change that. With the Dol-drums looming up ahead, it is still a very long way to Boston, and we will continue to sail as fast as we can. It's a funny old game this sailing.

LATEST POSITIONS (with miles to Boston)



Capricious breeze leaves Johnson stranded

BY EDWARD GORMAN
SAILING CORRESPONDENT

LOCH Fyne's reputation for producing conditions that are tortuous and tantalising enough to test the patience of even the most long-suffering skipper was fully justified this weekend, as the 235-strong Rover Series fleet struggled in the lightest of airs.

At one point in the first race on the Glenfiddich Melges 24 and Sigma 33 course yesterday, yachts were running under spinnakers towards each other while others, just 50 yards apart, were beating on different tacks at painfully slow speeds. The biggest problem for the racers was

deciding whether to seek breeze by the shore or remain in the middle of the race area. One skipper who saw his luck swing wildly in the fickle conditions was Dave Johnson, from Southampton, on the Melges 24, *Glenfiddich*, who shot from sixth to first on the second run in the first race of the day, having looked out of it at the weather mark. However, after rounding the leeward mark for the second time well ahead of the field, he sailed straight into a hole in the wind and sat there for an hour — where he eventually had his lunch — as he fell like a stone from first to last. "I'm never going to sail here again," Johnson, who recov-

ered to finish second in race two, said.

This is the twentieth series to be held off Tarbert and the sixth, and probably last, to be sponsored by Rover. This year, the regatta feels quieter than last with boat numbers down by 18, largely accounted for by the much smaller Melges fleet. The series kicked off with the usual feeder races from Gourrock, on the Clyde, which saw 190 starters, and Bangor, in Northern Ireland, with a further 40 on the start line.

In the largest of the one-

Patriot game provides stern test for Henman

FROM ROB HUGHES IN PARIS

WHERE lies the soul, the form or the definition of grand-slam tennis this spring? In Britain, attention on the first day of the French Open in Paris will be focused on the nation's two leading men, Tim Henman and Greg Rusedski, who have struggled with injuries and loss of confidence. For the wider audience tuned into the Roland Garros Stadium this morning, the spotlight will fall on Pete Sampras, the world No 1 and a man who needs to acclimate to red clay if he is to turn the clock back three decades to when Rod Laver won all of a funny old game this sailing.

Oliver Delaître, a French card entry, stands in Henman's way.

As the tournament progresses, the spotlight will fall on Pete Sampras, the world No 1 and a man who needs to acclimate to red clay if he is to turn the clock back three decades to when Rod Laver won all of a funny old game this sailing.

And while all around the women's event and so shares in the intense interest in Martina Hingis, the 16-year-old born in Czechoslovakia and now representing Switzerland. Unbeaten anywhere this year, yet to pay a cent in taxes because even

millionairess have to be 18 under Swiss law before the government dips into their account, Hingis is paying another kind of penalty.

She still wants to ride out adolescence and, having exercised her freedom on a friend's horse in April, she needed surgery to repair knee ligaments after proving more fallible in the saddle than around the courts.

Hingis has not been competitively stretched since then although the young brigade is after her. There is Venus Williams, the 16-year-old, 6ft American venturing to Europe for the first time. And there is Anna Kournikova, also 16, from Russia, who has come speeding through the junior ranks.

Meanwhile, Rusedski, the No 2 seed, seems and must feel almost matronly out on the teenagers' court. Back in 1993, she said: "I am just not the type to keep playing tennis at 28 or 29. I have already been in this murderous rhythm for ten years."

Graf will be 28 on June 14. She is hurting now from injury like so many others, from the tax problems that put her father in jail. She may be a prisoner to the game, to its stresses and its rewards for a while longer.

And though there were doubts about her fitness as well a couple of weeks ago, Graf came back to complete the 103rd tournament victory of her "murderous rhythm" in Strasbourg last week.

Soon Graf may find herself literally double the age of some pushy young opponent from heaven knows where; after all, Steffi has already seen the evolution from one Martina (Navratilova) to the next (Hingis).



Hingis: knee injury

CRICKET

Warwickshire gain ground thanks to Moles

ALAN LEE



Championship Commentary

WARWICKSHIRE were easy to dismiss this season. Their period of invincibility was evidently over, they wore an ominously rudderless look and they spent the first few days of the championship programme praying for the salvation of rain. Two improbable victories have enforced a revision of opinion.

The odd thing is that they have appeared sure to lose all three of their championship games to date, yet somehow remain unbeaten. Admittedly, they required the weather to rescue them at Cardiff last month, but the manner in which they have come from behind to beat Yorkshire and Middlesex must even question the inevitability of that opening match.

Both their wins have been achieved in three days. On both occasions, they won the toss, put the opposition in and yet conceded an uncomfortable first-innings deficit. Each time, they have pursued a target that was searching in the context of the match and won with something in hand.

Perhaps, then, it is true that you never really lose the knock. These, after all, are largely the same players who won the title in 1994 and 1995 through a belief that nothing was beyond them. The reason for doubting them this season was a sense of transitional instability. Dermot Reeve, the puppeteer of their great performances, had retired; Tim Munton, his appointed successor, was a long-term fitness casualty; and even Nick Knight, the new vice-captain, was set to miss the early weeks with a multiple fracture of the knuckle.

It could be said that Andy Moles was no better than a fourth-choice captain, yet this endearingly lovable cricketer, who continues, in his late thirties, to resemble a comic-strip schoolboy who spends too much time in the tuck shop, has never let Warwickshire down.

Moles is one of those players for whom the game as a whole feels instinctively pleased when things go right. This is his benefit year, and, while the system is outdated

and habitually gives the greatest rewards to those in least need, there will be no sense of resentment if Moles becomes tolerably rich through it.

He probably never imagined becoming captain of his county but, in these straitened times, he has made a decent fist of it. Even going into Saturday, Middlesex looked to hold all the good cards, but

Moles galvanised his troops to bowl them out cheaply. Then, confronted by a target of 196, he inventively promoted Neil Smith to his one-day role of disruptive aggressor at the top of the batting order.

Smith bludgeoned a half-century from 61 balls. Moles, who had moved down a place to accommodate him, arrived to complete the mission with an unbeaten 67. Middlesex retreated, beaten by eight wickets and still, doubtless, unable to fathom quite how. Old greybeard Gatting will have done a good deal of tight-lipped headshaking.

Gatting will also have reported back to David Graveney, the chairman of the England selectors, on the capricious nature of the Edgbaston pitch. Last week, when Knight was in charge of Warwickshire, he put Yorkshire in to bat, convinced that the pitch would support seam early on and would not turn at any stage. He was wrong on both counts.

The unfathomable properties of the square are a matter

of national concern with the first Test to be staged there ten days hence. It has made for two riveting three-day championship games, but Warwickshire's priority, after preparing unsuitable surfaces two years in succession, is for a Test that lasts the distance.

In the meantime, they can delight in something equally unfathomable — the ability of their team to win from deep adversity. This week, Warwickshire picked a Sheik and a Khan, neither name familiar to any but aficionados. They also picked a Brown and a Welch, of whom the same might almost be said.

Yet it would be quite wrong to belittle Dougie Brown and Graeme Welch as "ordinary", simply because their names have yet to ring bells. Brown made the runs that beat Yorkshire last week. On Saturday, Welch took the wickets that floored Middlesex. They grew up in the side under Reeve and have inherited much of his ability to perform when it is most needed. On such virtues are titles won.

Somerset, where Reeve is now installed as coach, could have done with such heroes themselves on Saturday. Instead, invited by Yorkshire to score 341, they fell woefully short. With Gough and Silverwood missing on national duty, Yorkshire had recalled Peter Hartley, now 37, it is intended that Hartley should play less this summer, but he plainly has other ambitions, having taken five for 34 to dismiss Somerset for 200.

The heroism elsewhere was not all rewarded. The Newell brothers, of Sussex, for instance, resisted Kent for much of the final day of an absorbing contest at Horsham. Keith made 112, younger brother Mark scored 57; but Kent still won, halfway through the last hour, thanks to seven wickets from Martin McCague.

Of English fast bowlers,

only Devon Malcolm is as quick as McCague and his week ended quite differently. Eight wickets for Malcolm in the match at Trent Bridge seemed to have set up Derbyshire for a comfortable win, but Nottinghamshire have found a compelling spirit. Three of their batsmen were carrying injuries as they scrapped to a target of 245; one of them, Paul Pollard — cracked finger and all — claimed the two-wicket win by claiming Malcolm for four.

Now that is real heroism,

matched by the defiance of Durham, who somehow prevented Worcestershire reaching a target of 114 from 25 overs. It was the first of four run-outs responsible for limping Australia to 249, perhaps 30 short of par on a typically immaculate pitch.

Atherton then supervised

the chase in the style that he has always been capable of but, recently, has seldom

but

recently has seldom

but

CRICKET: 19-YEAR-OLD MAKES EXUBERANT AND UNSELFCONSCIOUS START TO INTERNATIONAL CAREER

Hollioake proves it runs in the family

Simon Wilde analyses the impact of the brothers for England and Australia

A FEW minutes before Ben Hollioake went out to bat for England, for the first time yesterday, his parents were standing at the foot of the stairs leading to the top tier of the Edrich Stand. "We must go," his father, John, said. "I want to be there in case he looks up. He's still a boy, you know."

Just over an hour later, their younger son had completed not just his parents but all 28,000 people in Lord's to stand and salute him. He had scored 63 from 48 balls, a not entirely flawless display but as joyous and carefree a first innings in international cricket as there can have been.

It was full of the exuberance and the unselfconsciousness of youth. "The moment he walked onto the ground, he looked at ease with the situation," Michael Atherton, the England captain, said.

However, Hollioake the Younger is, indeed, still a boy, 19 years old and still with much to learn about the world. Seven hours before driving Australia to distraction, he had needed directions to find his way to the home dressing-room, never having visited the world's most famous cricket ground before.

For such a "natural", the future appears to be full of possibilities. He was barely out of his cradle when his father, a sports fanatic, began thrashing balls, bats and hocky-sticks into his infant hands at their home in Melbourne, and he had the encouraging presence, too, of an elder brother, who was already hooked on games. With these advantages, Ben was in a privileged position.

"His ability to throw a ball at the age of two," his father recalls, "was remarkable."

What may yet prove his greatest hurdle is being billed as better than Adam, who hit England's winning runs for the third time in three matches yesterday. Adam is 25, captain of Ben at Surrey and has, in the matter of a few matches, established himself as a considerable international cricketer.

He is indeed a hard act to follow and not the sort of character to allow himself to be upstaged by a brother with

whom he cannot even play a casual game of table-tennis in their house in Wandsworth without it erupting into "World War Three". And, as Adam himself says, "older brothers are in the habit of having the last word".

It is a pattern that has often been repeated. Sooner or later, one brother made his name than some sage will opine. "Yes, he's a good one. But wait until you see his younger brother. He's magical."

Sometimes the predictions are valid, often they are not. Chris Smith said that he was not a patch on his younger brother, Robin, and it was not far from the truth. But predictions that Dean Waugh would turn out to be a better batsman than either Steve or Mark were way off the mark.

Dean has played one Sheffield Shield match and made a handful of one-day appearances for New South Wales, but it is likely that, at 28, he will be the permanent holder of the tag of "the forgotten Waugh" that was briefly the property of Mark. There is, in fact, a fourth brother, Denny, who has played grade cricket but he, too, has found the burden of the illustrious twins hard to live up to.

Growing up in the family's modest dwelling in a Sydney suburb, the Waugh twins shared a room together throughout their childhood, a situation that generated a healthy sporting rivalry of its own, and one not unlike that of the Hollioakes: They competed together in the backyard at cricket, football and tennis and it was not until adulthood that they forged their own identities as some twins feel the need to do.

However, Steve was the first, by five years, to represent Australia and there was an uncomfortable period during which it was uncertain whether Mark would be able to keep pace with him. "He hit the ball sweetly," Steve, Australia's acting captain, said appreciatively of Ben Hollioake. "He turned the game for them." If the Hollioakes prove to be half as valuable to England as the Waughs have been to Australia, the nation will have reason to continue rejoicing.



Mark Waugh on his way to 95 for Australia in the third Texaco Trophy encounter at Lord's yesterday

Gallian takes firm hold on fort

By BARNEY SPENDER

OLD TRAFFORD (Northamptonshire won toss): Lancashire (4pts) beat Northamptonshire by 75 runs

WHILE Mike Atherton, John Crawley and Graham Lloyd were at Lord's, basking in England's Texaco Trophy win, two men deserved surplus to national requirements guaranteed that Lancashire kept up the pace at the top of the Axa Life League with a convincing win over Northamptonshire.

"He hit the ball sweetly," Steve, Australia's acting captain, said appreciatively of Ben Hollioake. "He turned the game for them." If the Hollioakes prove to be half as valuable to England as the Waughs have been to Australia, the nation will have reason to continue rejoicing.

despite 67 from Rob Bailey.

Lancashire remain the enigma of the county game. In the four-day game here they looked a very ordinary side but stuck them in coloured clothes and a 40-over game and they look invincible. Perhaps it was the return of their captain, Mike Watkinson, and Wasim Akram, but there was an edge that was missing for much of the championship game. On this showing, it seems ludicrous that they failed to qualify for the Benson and Hedges quarter-finals tomorrow.

Northamptonshire, in contrast, face Yorkshire but their coach, John Emburey, must be concerned about their shabby performance in the field that probably cost them 20 runs and the fact that they gave away 23 extras.

Paddy McKeown, who hit 37 from 46 balls, and Wasim

gave Gallian great support with the bat while Lancashire's bowling and fielding was so tight that it quickly strangled any hopes Northamptonshire had of reaching the target.

Watkinson made the initial breakthrough with a direct hit that ran out Pemberthy, and Martin then removed Love, Capel and Walton in quick succession. He returned to remove Bailey and Follett to claim Sunday best figures of five for 21.

Gallian played with real panache and gave his only chance on 87 when John Emburey, backpedalling furiously, failed to hang on to a skied chance into the covers. Otherwise, it was a perfect one-day innings and an object lesson for the visiting Justiceville CC, a club for

homeless youngsters in Los Angeles.

He pushed the ball around intelligently during the early part but also struck six boundaries as he reached his 50 from 72 balls. Then, as Wasim joined him in a fourth-wicket partnership of 68 in eight overs, he stepped up a gear, his second 50 coming from just 39 balls. He finished with nine fours to his name as well as a straight six off Emburey in the over after the Northants coach had dropped him.

Wasim also showed a liking for the former England off-spinner, hitting him for one monstrous six which cleared the seats at the Warwick Road end and came within a whisker of sailing right out of the ground. His 28 came from 29 balls and he later bowled his full quota of eight overs with no visible ill-effects.

Lehmann set up Lancashire's early charge that enabled them to do so.

The main feature of the Somerset innings was a stand of 133 for the fourth wicket between Richard Harden, who hit 85 from 77 balls, and Peter Bowler, who made 61. They were together for 22 overs, and provided the platform from which Somerset could plunder 81 runs from the last ten overs.

Harden began the season with a hundred in the championship against Surrey, and has not looked back. He went to his fifty by driving Michael Vaughan for six over long-on, and was eventually out when he mistimed another weighty drive and sent the ball skywards to David Byas at extra cover.

Brown puts troubles behind him by hitting savage best

By MICHAEL HENDERSON

LEICESTER (Surrey won toss): Yorkshire (4 pts) beat Somerset by seven wickets

ANOTHER thrilling innings by Darren Lehmann set up Yorkshire for a fine victory in a game of 52 runs. The Australian followed up his 177 in the championship match between the teams with a superb 76 from 66 balls, enabling Yorkshire to overhaul Somerset's challenging score of 260 for seven with 3.5 overs to spare.

Lehmann went for his strokes from the first ball and to fair, the bowlers gave him every encouragement.

Andrew Caddick proved particularly costly, going for 60 from seven overs, not that any of the other bowlers will reflect on their performance with pride.

Yorkshire required 107 after Lehmann went, caught by Parsons off Caddick. But Michael Vaughan sustained his innings for 60 runs. Peter Hartley enjoyed his Sunday frolic as a bowler who can punch his weight as an attacking batsman, and Richard Blakely filled his boots towards the end against some moderate pace.

Hartley drove Mushtaq Ahmed handsomely down the ground and smashed him to the extra cover boundary, first bounce. His best stroke was an enormous straight six off Jason Kerr that almost cleared the radio commentary box. Blakely followed up with a hit in the same place, and almost as big, in Kerr's next over. With 58 needed from the last ten overs, Yorkshire always had the job in hand.

Hartley's 48 came from 36 balls, Blakely's 36 from 31 balls, and both men hit four fours and a six. Together they made 66 in seven overs, whacking the ball far and wide until the task completed, they could pick off the last few runs at their leisure. But it was Lehmann's early charge that enabled them to do so.

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Middlesex suffer 28 Durham triumph 28

contributed 22 to an unbroken sixth-wicket stand of 63.

Brown made 78 out of an opening stand of 107 in 15 overs with Butcher, was anchored on 98 while three wickets fell for one run at the other end and still reached his 100 off 76 balls. He struck his sixes with panache off Brimson, Johnson and Mullally, hit his fours like tracer bullets and offered just two desperately difficult chances.

Leicestershire hardly knew what had hit them. They owed their total of 234 for seven to some powerful late hitting by Jonathan Dakin, going in far too low at No 8. They had been given a decent enough start by Johnson and Wells, who put on 75 in the first 16 overs, but the middle order perished to Salisbury, whose damaged spinning finger seemed to be working well enough when Smith and Maddy both played on and Whitaker heaved horribly across the line.

It probably started to throb again when Dakin hit him for 19 in his last over, including a six driven gloriously back over his head and three fours. Dakin also drilled Lewis for a straight six to finish unbeaten on 41.

Gloucestershire bow to the rule of Law

By RUPERT COX

GLOUCESTER (Gloucestershire won toss): Essex (4pts) beat Gloucestershire by five wickets

THEY may be the county champions, but Gloucestershire's one-day form remains sketchy. Essex, meanwhile, are unbeaten in all competitions, and in comprehensively overcoming their hosts yesterday they maintained their 100 per cent record in the Axa Life League, as well as exposing a sizeable gulf between the teams at limited-overs cricket.

Essex won few friends during the festival week at King's School, pro-

De Silva's pace too hot for Pakistan

SRI LANKA, the world champions, crushed Pakistan by 115 runs in the first match of the best-of-three final of the four-nation Independence Cup in Mohali on Saturday.

Chasing a target of 340, Pakistan's batting collapsed on an easy-paced wicket as they struggled to only 224 in 43.5 overs. Inzamam-ul-Haq, who hurt his finger while fielding, and Abdul Razzaq did not bat because of injuries.

Sanjeewa de Silva destroyed the Pakistan top order with his pace bowling, taking three wickets, including that of Saeed Anwar.

The Pakistan collapse was in sharp contrast to the Sri Lanka innings, when Sanath Jayasuriya and Marvan Atapattu put on 148, a national record for an opening pair in a one-day international. Atapattu was out on 53, Jayasuriya hit 96 off only 67 balls while Aravinda de Silva made a flawless 90 at a run a ball. Arjuna Ranatunga, the captain, completed Sri Lanka's dominance with an elegant 80.

In reply, Pakistan lost four wickets with only 85 on the board. Once Ijaz Ahmed was dismissed for 23, all Pakistan's recognised batsmen were gone.

Ramiz Raja and Salim Malik put on a brisk 56 off 60 balls and Moin Khan made 57 not out, but it was always a lost cause.

Jayasuriya, who completed 3,000 runs in one-day internationals during his innings, hit 12 fours and a six but was dropped twice, on five and 58. He was finally caught at deep mid-off by Mohammed Wasim as he attempted a second six in one over off Mohammed Hussain, the left-arm spinner.

The second match in the final series is tomorrow in Calcutta.

Athey lifts Sussex to morale-boosting win

By JACK BAILEY

HORSHAM (Kent won toss): Sussex (4pts) beat Kent by four wickets

THIS match had nearly everything. Not all of it was good, but there was something for everybody's taste except, perhaps, Kent, who, having won all of their previous one-day matches this season, were beaten by nine runs.

It was a cracking innings. Calm, composed, yet making the most of neat footwork he played few strokes that were not in the textbook. Yet he went to his half-century from 53 balls with eight fours, kept Sussex up with the asking rate, in spite of wickets falling regularly at the other end, and finally brought home the bacon.

Kent's total was less formidable than they had every reason to hope. In the early stages, Ward made everything look relatively easy. Walker's uncertain start did not inhibit his partner, and Ward made 36 of the 49 put on for the first wicket with an array of strokes that were not bettered in Kent's innings, not even by Walker as his tensions eased and he began to lay about him.

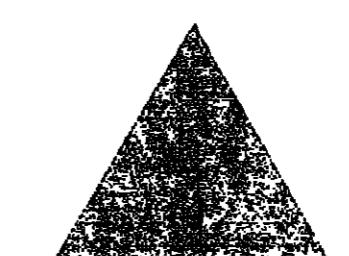
Walker's 60 from 65 balls was the best score of Kent's innings and his partnership with Allan Wells, which realised 86 from 16 overs, was the most productive. Wells saw Walker, after he had hit a six and seven fours, fall to Khan, whose leg breaks constituted the only bowling that made the batsman think.

It made Kent's middle and late order think more than they would have liked, although Cowdrey played well for his 39 and Fleming looked good until he changed his bat and was bowled before he had time to use the new one. Having had Cowdrey deftly stumped, Khan induced more mistakes and, with Jarvis, ensured that 135 for one became 220 for nine and time for Kent had run out.

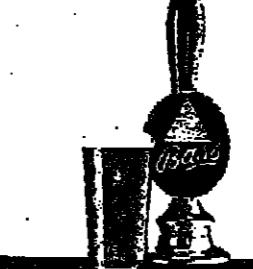
Moderate total though this was, it would have been more than enough but for Athey. Three losses from three starts had seen Sussex begin this match with little confidence. Perhaps this win will see them move onward and upwards.



It's a game of two halves.



Why stop at two?



Bass BEST SELLING PREMIUM CASK ALE SINCE 1777

RACING: BRITISH RAIDERS ROUTED AGAIN AS DESERT KING COMPLETES MEMORABLE IRISH GUINEAS DOUBLE FOR YOUNG TRAINER

JULIAN HERBERT/ALLSPORT

Another O'Brien rises to Ballydoyle tradition

FROM JULIAN MUSCAT AT THE CURRAGH

IRISH racing has spent a decade searching for the natural successor to Vincent O'Brien and the quest finally ended at the Curragh yesterday when the great trainer's namesake, Aidan O'Brien, saddled his second classic winner in successive days. The occasion surely commemorated the dawn of a new genus within the sport of kings.

Just as the O'Brien-trained duo, Classic Park and Strawberry Roan, dominated the closing stages to the Airlie/Coolmore Irish 1,000 Guineas on Saturday, Desert King treated his opponents in the Lexus Irish 2,000 Guineas with unreserved contempt. The two victories were gained with the assurance to have characterised O'Brien's rapid rise up the training ranks.

Ireland last celebrated victory in the 2,000 Guineas when Vincent sent out Princes of Birds to triumph in 1988. And the symmetry was not lost on the sun-kissed crowd, which accorded the younger and unrelated O'Brien an ecstatic reception after Desert King stormed past Revoque as though the latter had run into a wall. Derby aspirations for Revoque are now in tatters.

Revoque was dispatched the 11-10 favourite to improve on his second place in the British equivalent. But the colt, who raced prominently on the outside all the way, capitulated quickly when Desert King swept through on his outer. With Romanov briefly flatter-

ing only to deceive in third place, it was left to Verglas, an unconsidered 33-1 chance, to give with chase. By now Desert King had found his stride, and he lengthened away to win by three lengths.

O'Brien, 27, was adamant Desert King would have no trouble staying the Derby distance. But the gut reaction of Michael Tabor, who owns the Danchill colt in partnership with John Magnier, was to save Desert King for the Irish equivalent. The same

"He came back with a dirty nose, as did Romanov," the trainer said. "The Derby is now unlikely for Revoque. We'll probably give him a break and aim him at Royal Ascot." In addition to Romanov's third place, Yalaalatne finished a creditable fourth, confirming his superiority over Fantastic Fellow in the upshot was a general contraction in Entrepreneur's Derby odds, Ladbrokes shortening the horse from 6-4 on and Coral to 5-4 on.

BIG RACE DETAILS

Going: yielding to soft
3.65 AIRLIE/COOLMORE IRISH 1,000
GUINEAS (Group 1: 3-Y-O, £12,250; 1m)
1. DESERT KING (C Roche, 31-1); 2.
Strawberry Roan (C Roche, 41-1); 3.
Verglas (M J Supple, 33-1); 4.
Romanov (R Hughes, 11-1). ALSO RAN:
CLASSIC PARK (L Doherty, 10-1); 5.
Amaretto (L Doherty, 10-1); 6.
Yalaalatne (4th); 7. Verglas (4th); 8.
Musical Pursuit (5th); 9. Fantastic Fellow
(5th); 10. Mosconi, Pearree House, 100
Sharmen, 200, Bob The Broker 12
and 13. Total: £33,000
10 ran, 2-1st, 10-2nd, 11-3rd, 10-4th, 10-5th
10 ran, 2-1st, 10-2nd, 11-3rd, 10-4th, 10-5th
Total: £33,000
£8,40, £1,80, £3,30 DF £54,100 CSP £55,510
£3,10 DF £54,40 CSP £55,510

alliance's colours are carried by Entrepreneur, so it is hardly surprising the two colts are likely to be kept apart.

He was not fazed by the implications of Revoque's heavy defeat, which cast Entrepreneur's 2,000 Guineas verdict over Revoque in a less favourable light. Tabor's feeling was to prove accurate: Peter Chapple-Hyam, who trains Revoque, later explained the horse's lacklustre performance in sixth place.

The quietly-spoken O'Brien could hardly contain himself after King Of Kings obliterated his eight opponents with an eight-length victory and that margin would have doubled had Christy Roche allowed the

colt even an inch of rein. "By the time he was out of a field for two days he could have won a maiden," the Ballydoyle handler said of this half-brother to the sprinter, General Monash. "He is a very, very special horse. His work has been brilliant."

Ladbrokes installed the Sadler's Wells colt at 14-1 favourite for next year's 2,000 Guineas. "I make no apologies for his price," Mike Dillon of Ladbrokes said. "This horse will be odds-on for any two-year-old race he runs in." Indeed he will, for King Of Kings radiates class.

Meanwhile, Classic Park, who stretched her juvenile speed over eight furlongs to win the Irish 1,000 Guineas on Saturday, is expected to test her new-found status in the Coronation Stakes at Royal Ascot. The unlucky Strawberry Roan is almost certain to contest the Oaks a week on Friday.

Roche was quick to accept blame for Strawberry Roan's defeat. The filly, who returned home with a cut forehead after running into Frankie Dettori's whip, finished her race with gusto once clear of the traffic. For her tribulations Strawberry Roan earned an 11-2 Epsom quota with Coral.

The four-strong British challenge did badly: Oh Nellie, Dazzle and Seebe all failed to stay. Ryafan, probably not quite at her best and compromised by the sedate gallop, fared best in fourth.

SANDOWN PARK

THUNDERER
2.05 Zelde Zonk 3.40 BOLD WORDS (nap)
2.35 Persian Punch 4.10 Folklore
3.05 Easycall 4.45 Purchasing Power
5.20 Pekay
The Times Private Handicapper's top rating: 3.05 FARNANA.
Our Newmarket Correspondent: 2.35 Celeric. 3.40 INSATIABLE (nap).
4.10 Folklore.

GUIDE TO OUR RACECARD

103 (12) 0-042 GOOD TIMES 74 (COL/F.G.S) Mrs D Robertson B Hall 9-10-4, 8 West (4) 88
Racing number Draw in brackets. 5-figure
number 1st-5th P published up to unquoted
ride. B - brought down. S - stepped up. R -
relaxed D - decapitated. Horse's name: Days
since last run in brackets. If jump, 1st, 2nd, 3rd
etc. 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th
etc. V - won, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th
etc. C - course winner. D - distance winner. CD -

course and distance winner. DF - beaten
distance winner. G - good. H - hard. G good
etc. G - good in soft, hard etc. D - decent. T -
trusty. Age and weight. Rider plus any allowance
The Times Private Handicapper's rating.

GOING: GOOD (GOOD TO FIRM IN PLACES ON ROUND COURSE) SIS
DRAW: 5F-HIGH NUMBERS BEST

2.05 BONUSPHOTO FILLIES HANDICAP

(E6,873, 71 15/16d) (9 runners)
101 (5) 0-15 INTASIA 25 (F) (h/d) (Alvarez) 2 Amstrong 4-9-12
102 (6) 0-16 ZELDA 26 (F) (M) (Sobet) R Harrison 3-9-10
103 (7) 0-17 DANCING DROP 23 (F) (M) (C Parmentier) 5 Mestra 5-3-1
104 (8) 0-18 FARNANA 24 (F) (h/d) (L Doherty) 12-13
105 (9) 0-19 FARNANA 24 (F) (h/d) (L Doherty) 12-13
106 (10) 0-20 PLASHER 25 (F) (h/d) (M) (A Johnson) 3-8-9
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217 (121) 0-131 PLASHER 25 (F) (h/d) (M) (A Johnson) 3-8-9
218 (122) 0-132 PLASHER

Simon Barnes witnesses a Wembley occasion of brilliance, beauty and banality

Journeymen savour their day in the sun

IT is always the most poignant football match of the season, and for that reason one of the most beautiful. It was dire, too, of course, an absolutely awful match, but to understand it as such is to miss the point by a mile. It was a match in which the beautiful and the ludicrous were so close as to be indistinguishable.

Northampton Town played Swansea City in the annual festival of melodramatic injustice called the play-offs. This was the play-off for a place in the Nationwide League second division. Northampton — ludicrously, beautifully — won 1-0.

No more, for then, the heart-wearing trudge to Hartlepool United, Torquay United and Barnet. No, they take their deserved place a division higher, among the glamour boys — Plymouth Argyle, Preston North End, Wycombe Wanderers. What more could any heart desire? Northampton, who, like most

other clubs at such a level, have flirted with extinction, came to Wembley for the first time in their history with thousands upon thousands of supporters: loyal supporters for at least a day, supporters they never knew they had. They outnumbered and outvoted the Swansea followers, but their team was outplayed for most of the match. Jai Molby was the key to that. Molby, the Swansea player-manager, never svelte even in his palniest days with Liverpool, is now a colossus of the third division.

Everything about the man is clumsy save his feet, everything about him slow save his footballing brain. It really should have been his day. Wembley, a place of agonizing spaces for most third division players, is made for passers like Molby. As, indeed, are third division opponents.

"You can dominate games too

such," Molby mourned afterwards. Which is nonsense: the trouble is that dominating games without actually scoring is destructive of self-belief.

There is normally a certain zing about the play-offs. As a rule, the higher stakes for which a game is played, the more dire the spectacle — look at World Cup finals — but this rule does not operate for play-offs. Having missed promotion by the usual means of solid, consistent effort, teams are given a second bite, culminating in a winner-takes-all occasion. There tends to be a joyous embracing of the sacred second chance.

This game, though, was not a bit like that. It was rather like a bad third division match. No doubt both managers told their players not to be overawed by the big occasion — "Just go out and play your normal game." Alas, they all did.

By the time that 90 minutes had been played, every neutral in the stadium — fortunately, there were not many — left with anguish the dreadful inevitability of extra time. How much more of this ghastliness could be tolerated? Which made the conclusion that much more beautiful, that much more ludicrous.

It was stoppage time, there was a free kick on the edge of the Swansea box. It was taken by a baldish chap called Frain. It cannoned into the wall, as you knew it would, a perfectly rotten free kick, in keeping with a perfectly rotten match, but Terry Heilbron, the referee, decided that there had been encroachment; well, there always is. Whimsically, Heilbron decided that, for once, the law would be enforced. He booked Coates, the encroacher, and Frain had another go.

It was like finding a fragment of a noble poem in the middle of a report of the allotments sub-committee meeting of Merton Borough Council (documents of this sort were once my daily reading matter). The sheer unexpectedness added to the beauty, the ludicrousness, the perfection of the moment.

There is not a player in the FA Carling Premiership who would not have been delighted with the kick. Juninho, Zola, Beckham, name who you like. It had power and dip and late swerve, and accuracy. There is not a goalkeeper in the land who would have been ashamed of being beaten by it. Even Schmeichel would have found it hard to find someone to blame.

Who is he, then, this fiendish Frain, this dead-ball magician? A young and rare and rising talent, to be plucked from the bowels of obscurity to a stage more suited to his extravagant gifts? Remember



Ampadu, left, the Swansea City midfield player, makes a full-blooded challenge on Frain, the scorer of Northampton Town's winning goal

the name: you will probably never hear it again.

John Frain, aged 28, came to Northampton on loan from Birmingham City. Signed for them full-time last season. He was more than ten years with Birmingham and made more than 300 appearances for them. He has, in short, already reached his peak and is declining therefrom.

Yet he has kept the faith, you see,

that is the point. You wonder why, since the difference between have and have-not is so uncrossably wide these days, with Premiership football and Premiership television and pouting Premiership girls threatening to remove their Premiership replica shirts on posters selling Premiership lager. Just why does a journeyman footballer keep on journeying?

The answer comes in Steve

Claridge's excellent *Tales From the Boot Camps*. Claridge, who scored a memorable goal in the play-off final against Crystal Palace to secure Leicester City's place in the Premiership last season, tells of the ridiculous and impetuous life that he had lead with lowly clubs.

"At that level, you are not in it for the money," Claridge writes. "Most of us were in love with the idea of being a professional footballer. You

live for your shot at glory, that one Cup result that lifts your name out of the small print." Frain has waited ten years and more for exactly that. Let us wish him joy of it.

NORTHAMPTON TOWN (3-1-2): A Woodman — R Warburton, D Rennick (sub: P Peet) — 40min, J Samson — 1-0 (pen), S Coates, J Hartley, J Frain — 1-1 (pen), J Gaze (sub: J White), N Grindley, N Gough, D Thomas, G Lush, L Brown, B S. 80min. Referee: T Heilbron

Kendall in no doubt about price of Wembley failure

By OUR SPORTS STAFF

HOWARD KENDALL, the Sheffield United manager, knows exactly what the price of failure will mean in the Nationwide League first division play-off final today and realises that he may never get as close again.

Kendall's side will be looking to break the hearts of Crystal Palace for a second successive year after their defeat by Leicester City 12 months ago.

For Martin O'Neill, the Leicester manager, Steve Claridge's late goal meant everything — the difference between the promised land of the FA Carling Premiership and the almost barren wilderness of the first division.

To the victor the spoils has never been more truly defined than at Wembley on a late May Bank Holiday afternoon as Premiership status, and the financial rewards that go with it, are incomparable.

Kendall has suffered the slings and arrows of footballing fortune during his managerial career, from unbridled success with Everton to the ignominy of his dismissal by Notts County two years ago after just 79 days amid rumours of a drinking problem.

Sheffield United needed someone with experience after Dave Bassett left in 1995 and Kendall fitted the bill. The club took a chance and it has been one that has paid off

Gascoigne's woe 32
Results 36

handsomely. After keeping them out of the second division last season, Kendall, and United, are now one game away from the top flight — a feat that he believes would equal anything that he has so far achieved.

Kendall, who led Everton to the League, FA Cup and European Cup Winners' Cup, said: "Reaching the Premiership would compare highly. I would put it up near the top of my career. It's what we've got to look forward to that shows how important it is.

The first division will become increasingly more difficult to get out of because the teams who are relegated will have become stronger due to the finances they have had while they have been in the Premiership.

"All you hear about from chairman whose sides are near the bottom in the Premiership is 'We can't afford to go down, we mustn't go down', but three go down every year and some of these chairman have spent fortunes to try to keep them there."

It all means that the implications of defeat are unthinkable. "It's down to the day," Kendall said. "Anything can happen. We were one of the favourites at the start of the season to go up automatically and we didn't do that. Now, we are in the play-off final and it's a lottery."

Kendall can only hope that his next season comes up and that next season his side will be sharing in the Premiership's riches.

Play-off success fuels Gradi's fears of change at Crewe

Crewe Alexandra 1
Brentford 0

By BRIAN GLANVILLE

IN THE last minute of an almost embarrassingly one-sided Nationwide League second division play-off at Wembley yesterday, Dale Adebola, Crewe Alexandra's big striker, got away alone, a second time. On the previous occasion, some 20 minutes earlier, forgotten by a distracted Brentford defence, he had run on to Westwood's quickly taken free kick and hit the post.

Now, from the left, having round-ed the goalkeeper, he unselfishly rolled the ball across goal to the unmarked Colin Little. To score seemed a formality, but Little's shot was weak and Hutchings, for the

second time, thwarted him by clearing off the line. He had done so previously when Little had been perfectly set up by Whalley.

So the score remained at a parodic 1-0. After a slightly nervous start, during which they committed a few errors in defence, Crewe settled down to play so well, to show such flair, technique and movement, that you wondered why they had had to resort to the play-offs at all.

The question now is can they afford to keep this excellent young team together? Over the years, Dario Gradi, that accomplished manager-coach, has produced a steady stream of talent to be poached, in time, by richer clubs. Danny Murphy, 20, and Gareth Whalley, 23, such confident, accomplished, un hurried midfield players, are bound now to be hunted by the

colossal. Gradi is resigned to it, though he did say that, so far, he had not had "any multimillion-pound offers for anybody, and we're not answering the phone tomorrow".

That coaching, really good coaching, can pay was emphatically shown by this clever Crewe team. Murphy, who, with his groin injury, had been in doubt until some 40 minutes before kick-off, said that he had joined Crewe "when I was 14, and I wish I could have gone even earlier than that. There are some young lads at the club who've got tricks and skills I can't do at the age of 11".

Shaun Smith, the left back who so powerfully struck the Crewe goal, said: "We do a lot of things that a lot of people think are beneath them. We work hard on our techniques." Smith's decisive goal came after 35

minutes, ten minutes after Murphy, exploiting a back-heal from Whalley, had broken through to hit the right-hand post. Murphy returned an overhit left-wing corner from the right, Macauley headed it back and Smith drove the ball home.

Two minutes later, from a corner by Rivers, Macauley headed against the bar. Crewe were dominant and even David Webb, the Brentford manager, admitted that they could well have scored several more goals.

"Our game went backwards," Webb said, "and their game went forwards, and that was the difference between the two sides. They looked much better equipped than us today to go up to be a first division team."

To be cruel, if truthful, Brentford looked clumsy by comparison. The only shot of any consequence that they had came from the always

industrious and effective Taylor, when he struck a loose ball to which Kearton got down a little late.

Any lingering hope that Brentford had of saving the game virtually disappeared a minute after Adebola had struck the bar. Statham, getting a second yellow card for a reckless tackle on Garvey, was sent off.

"If they get a chance to go," Gradi said of his gifted young players, "well, good luck to them. If you ask me what are my players worth, then I think it's much more money than I can pay for replacements. All in all, you might call Crewe's a bittersweet success."

BRENTFORD (4-4-2): K Dearden — G Hardie (sub: B Ainsworth), D Adebola, J Kearton, D Anderson, M Whalley (sub: S Carvalho), B Statham, P Smith, C Asells — D McGhee, R Taylor

CREWE ALEXANDRA (4-3-3): J Kearton — L Ursin, D Smith, D Murphy, G Lush, C Smith, G Chalke (sub: C Lightfoot), B Whalley (sub: S Garvey), D Murphy (sub: S Johnson), B — C Linnane, D Adebola, M Rivers

Referee: T Heilbron



Smith: Wembley winner

Yates makes his mark at 100 miles

WETHERSEAN Yates, the former Tour de France time-trial stage winner, achieves one of his season's targets — to win the British 100 miles championship — is almost irrelevant (Peter Bryan writes).

His victory yesterday in the Swan Velo 100 miles has already put him into the record books for setting the fastest debut time at the distance, plus event and course records. In addition, his winning time of 3hr 40min 18sec was achieved on the course near Didcot that will be used for the national championship in July.

The three matches against Australia take place at Belle Vue on July 11, Swindon on July 27 and Eastbourne on September 14. England lost to Australia in 1995, but beat them last season, 2-0 with the third match shared.

□ Martin Dugard, the Eastbourne captain, suffered a broken left wrist after crashing in the home match against Belle Vue on Saturday night. Dugard, 28, the former world champion, is likely to be sidelined for a month, ruling him out of the British championship final at Coventry this weekend.

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10/1 CRYSTAL P. 2-0 11/1 SHEFF. UTD. 2-0
20/1 CRYSTAL P. 2-1 9/1 SHEFF. UTD. 2-1
11/2 DRAW 1-1 20/1 SHEFF. UTD. 3-1

Other scores on request. Extra time does not count.

FIRST GOALSCORER

11/2 SHIPPERLEY (C) 12/1 WHITEHOUSE (S)
6/1 FORTOFY (S) 14/1 GORDON (C)
7/1 KATCHUROV (S) 16/1 HOUGHTON (C)
10/1 HOPKIN (C) 16/1 WARD (S)

Own goals do not count. Other players on request. Extra time does not count.

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Decline and fall of the house of Wigan



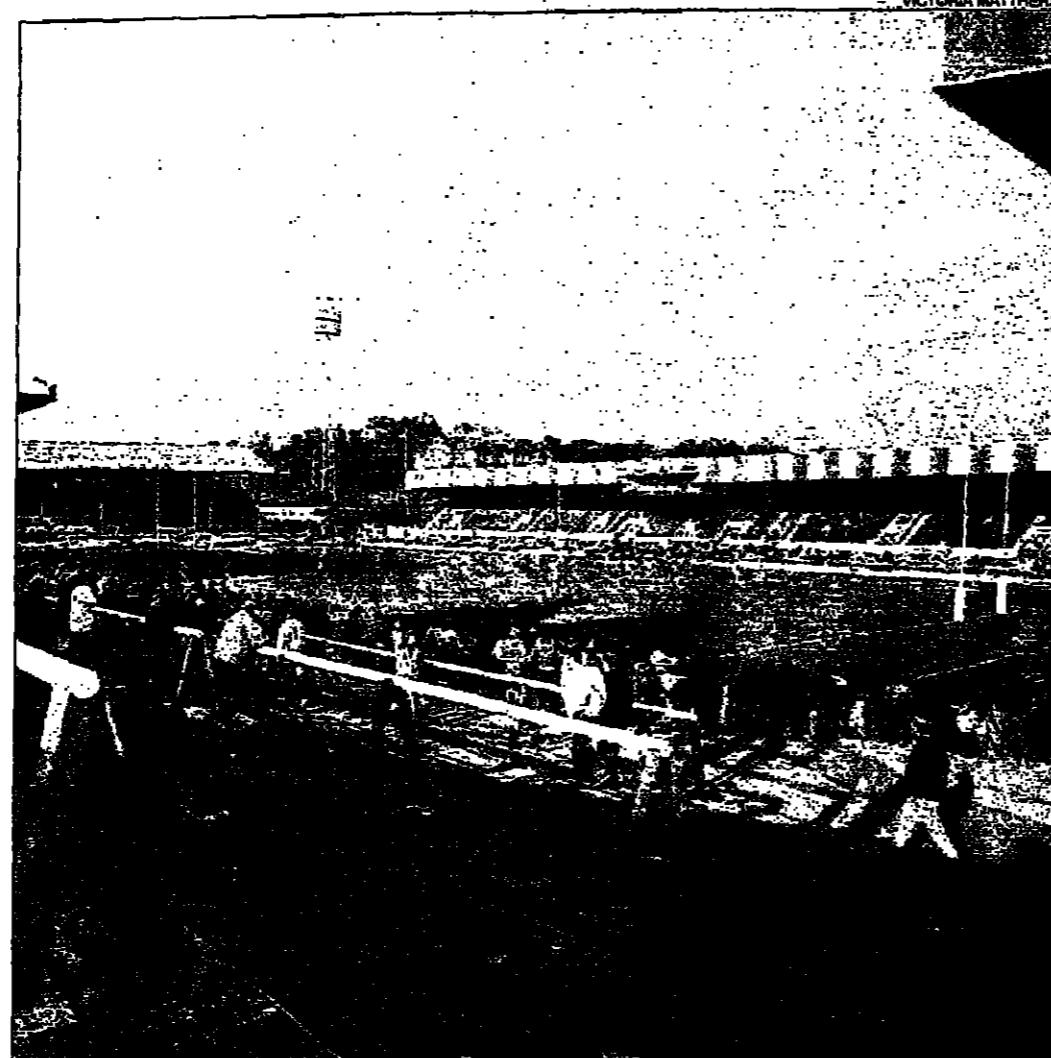
Christopher Irvine on the strife dominating a place that was once considered a centre of sporting excellence

Sunday afternoons in Wigan are not the same. When pottering around the garden can come before rugby league at Central Park, something is badly amiss. A revival is in its infancy and, were Wigan to avenge two defeats by St Helens already this season at Knowsley Road tonight, maybe those supporters who have stayed away will begin to trickle back. Maybe not.

A victory at the expense of their great rivals would hardly remove the strife and bitterness at Wigan. Within two years, Central Park will be concreted over and ringing tills will replace clicking turnstiles. The ashes of Jim Sullivan, the club's legendary record points-scorer, are among those scattered there. Soon, Sullivan Way will lead to a supermarket. It has all been too much for supporters who feel that their birthright has been flogged for aisles of frozen food.

Much of the anger is directed at Jack Robinson, the Wigan chairman. At a pizza restaurant recently, Robinson and his two young sons were accosted by taunting youths. For all that Robinson has sometimes stumbled in his handling of the £12 million sale of the ground to Tesco, he has not deserved some hurtful treatment. "History records that many people involved in progress have suffered stones and insults, but have ended up being proved right," he said.

However, it was the manner in which the sale was done and the lack of a relocation package that left a sour taste. Shareholders who



The half-empty terraces at Central Park bear witness to the decline of a team that swept all before it in the late Eighties and early Nineties

had backed a multimillion pound

redevelopment of Central Park were simply overlooked. Politics, pettiness and personality clashes are now conspiring to leave the world's most famous rugby league club homeless. A temporary move to Bolton Wanderers' new ground at Horwich in 1999, might end up becoming permanent. A six-mile journey, however, is considered too far by many Wigan supporters.

The charade has had a destabilising effect on the team, according to Maurice Lindsay, who left Wigan in 1992 to become the chief executive of the Rugby Football League.

"They're our flagship club and they're in trouble," he said. "There are signs of recovery, but people are surprised because Wigan were seen as the embodiment of sporting excellence, similar to the

Liverpool football side of the Seventies." The power struggle has not been edifying, nor has it done Wigan any good. They appear to have taken their eye off the ball. As the name implies, Central Park stands at the heart of the town, albeit cut off by two road schemes. Ricketty and rotting in parts, it has been Wigan's home since 1902. While Wigan Athletic Football Club and Orrell Rugby Union Club are planning to share a new stadium in the town, there is apparently no room there for Wigan.

Dave Whelan, the Wigan Athletic chairman whose firm once sponsored the rugby league club, directed his wealth into the Robin Park site, after his proposed rebuilding of Central Park was ignored in favour of the supermarket plan. The Wigan board felt that

the terms of Whelan's proposed lease were a financial straightjacket. Whelan was as surprised as anyone by the deal done with Tesco. He is now refusing all contact with Robinson, who at least commands the support of the majority of shareholders after squeezing home in a confidence vote last week.

Inevitably, perhaps, controversy dogged the vote. Robinson had been prepared to stand down if he had lost. The mood at a special general meeting was generally felt to be anti-Robinson. He and Tom Rathbone, a fellow director, relied on proxy votes in the confidence motion and then hung on, after a recount, by a dozen votes to the debenture stock by which they effectively control the club.

Robinson is one of life's survivors. In March, he won a long

legal battle with the Wigan Observer that placed him under great personal strain. His earnest hope now is for the impasse to end and for Wigan to find a permanent new home, ideally at Robin Park. If not there, a separate stadium will probably be built in the town, although the way that Wigan are waving improved contracts at players and bringing back Denis Betts from New Zealand next season, at a reported cost of £250,000 a year, suggests that the ground sale proceeds are already being spent.

If Wigan need reminding of how

far a club can fall, they need only look at the rapid downward spiral of Widnes, who are a place off the bottom of the first division. When Robinson, an antiques wholesaler, and Lindsay, his predecessor as chairman, arrived on the board, in

1979, Wigan really were in crisis.

Their influence in Wigan's rise from the second division and decade-long stranglehold on the game, which was broken only last year by St Helens, was enormous. When Wigan won the world club challenge, in 1994, Robinson contemplated standing aside.

"I would have gone on a high and, possibly, I could see the storm clouds on the horizon," he said. "Until that memorable night in Brisbane, I was Central Park's biggest fan, but I looked at that

fantastic stadium and the luxuriant facilities there, and I knew then that, if we wanted to prosper like Brisbane Broncos, we had a big job to do. This club has to be dragged into the next century. We're not forgetting its heritage. What we're stressing is its future."

The storm clouds burst over

Wigan the next year. Betts and Phil Clarke left for the southern hemisphere, because winning with Wigan had become too easy. The battle to keep others out of the clutches of the Australian Rugby League (ARL), at the height of the Super League war, was costly and not entirely successful. Unless he can be persuaded, Jason Robinson is off to the ARL after Wigan's first three matches in the world club championship next month. Tie-ups last year with rugby union produced self-inflicted wounds, in which players returned jaded, injured, or, in Varga Tuigamala's case, not at all.

Invincible Wigan were suddenly human. Lindsay said: "The levelling up we are now seeing is half down to the damage at Wigan and half to the transformation of other clubs. Bradford are doing what Wigan did in the Eighties. They are seeking to develop, and are using good judgment in their recruitment. Brian Smith set the

They are our flagship club and they are in trouble'

thing rolling as coach. London are not mentioned in those terms yet, but they're a top form team and Leeds are pushing hard. What we've now got is genuine competition."

Even Robinson concedes that the rugby is more interesting. Nobody now boards the Wigan team bus imagining that they will romp home by 20 points or more. The side operated on auto-pilot in crushing all-comers. When John Doherty tried new methods, he lasted a season. Certain playing personalities were too strong. With a young side, Eric Hughes, four months into the job as coach, is slowly evolving a new approach. He admitted that division off the field had not helped.

Only 7,664 spectators witnessed the destruction of Castleford last Friday, half the average gate when Wigan were at the height of their powers. With St Helens now off the pace in the Super League, a rout of the old enemy tonight would at least offer a rallying point for the disaffected Wigan public.



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Aug 24 A Midsummer Night's Dream, Calke Abbey, Ticknall DE7 3LE. 7pm/7.30pm. £7, from above address. Cheques payable to National Trust (Enterprises) Ltd.

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House of Lords

Law Report May 26 1997

House of Lords

China will provide fair trial

Regina v. Secretary of State for the Home Department; Ex parte Launder

Before: Lord Browne-Wilkinson, Lord Steyn, Lord Hope of Craighead, Lord Clyde and Lord Hutton

[Speeches May 21]

The Home Secretary had not acted with procedural impropriety, illegality or irrationality in deciding to issue a warrant of extradition to Hong Kong under section 120 of the Extradition Act 1989, having concluded that the People's Republic of China could be relied upon to abide by the Sino-British Joint Declaration on the Question of Hong Kong and implement the Basic Law for the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region after July 1, 1997, and that consequently the returned person would receive a fair trial and not be exposed to injustice, or oppression.

The House of Lords held in allowing an appeal by the Home Secretary against a decision by the Queen's Bench Divisional Court (Lord Justice Henry and Mr Justice Edwards) (*The Times* October 29, 1996) to quash a warrant of extradition ordering the return of Ewan Quayle Launder to Hong Kong at the request of the Governor.

Mr Kenneth Parker, QC, and Mr James Eddie for the secretary of state; Mr David Vaughan, QC, and Mr David Perry for the respondent; Mr Alan Jones, QC, and Mr James Lewis for the Government of Hong Kong.

LORD HOPE said that it was regrettable that the true issue in the case were not clearly identified in argument in the Divisional Court, with the result that it was misled into deciding the case on a wrong basis. However, it would not be in the interests of justice for the House to decline to deal with all the issues now.

The question whether it was unjust or oppressive to order the respondent's return to Hong Kong depended upon whether the People's Republic of China could be trusted to implement its treaty obligations to respect its fundamental human rights, allow him a fair trial and leave it to the courts if he was convicted, to determine

the appropriate punishment. It could not be stressed too strongly that the decision rested with the secretary of state and not at all with the court. The function of the court in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction was that of review.

This was not an appeal against the secretary of state's decision on the facts. His decision had had to be taken amidst an atmosphere of mistrust and suspicion which a court was in no position to penetrate.

The visible part was the framework of law. That part could be explained and analysed. The invisible part was about the hearts and minds of those who would be responsible for the administration of Hong Kong after the handover.

This issue had been obscured

before the Divisional Court. There was no doubt that, as had been suggested then, the secretary of state had regarded himself as bound by the Cabinet's judgment that China would comply with its obligations and on that ground had not further consideration to the respondent's arguments he would have failed to direct himself properly.

But his Lordship was satisfied that was not what he did. The evidence showed that he took his own decision after considering all the representation which had been made to him.

On the question whether the specialty prosecution requirements laid down in section 6(4) of the Extradition Act were satisfied, his Lordship said that it had been reasonable to conclude that, in accordance with the fundamental policy which had been enshrined in the Basic Law, the prohibitions which were needed to ensure that the respondent would not be surrendered to the People's Republic had been in place on and after July 1, 1997.

On the question whether the respondent's arrest on his arrival from Berlin was an infringement of his right of freedom of movement under article 48 of the EC Treaty his Lordship concluded that the decision in *R v Governor of Pentonville Prison, Ex parte Kimber* [1979] 1 WLR 1110 that the relevant provisions of the EC Treaty did not apply to extradition cases at all was correctly decided on that point.

There was room for two quite different views. On one view, which was that taken by the respondent and was supported by a substantial body of evidence from expert witnesses, the People's Republic had already demonstrated by its conduct in recent years within China that it was incapable of giving effect to the rule of law on which the Basic Law had depended.

On the other view, there was a risk, especially in a case which might be regarded as politically sensitive, that any trial would be unfair and that, on conviction, the executive would insist on inhuman and excessive punishment.

The other view, which was that taken by the secretary of state, was that the People's Republic had good reason to make every effort in Hong Kong to preserve the existing criminal justice system. A breakdown of the rule of law generally, or even a departure from it in some cases such as this one, would be bound to have a serious effect on confidence throughout the business community on which Hong Kong depended for its success.

Court will not compel shop to stay open

Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd v Argyl Stores (Holdings) Ltd
Before: Lord Browne-Wilkinson, Lord Steyn, Lord Hope of Craighead and Lord Clyde

[Speeches May 21]

The settled practice of the English courts not to grant a mandatory injunction requiring the carrying on of a business was based on sound sense and should not be departed from in exceptional circumstances.

The House of Lords held allowing an appeal by the defendant, Argyl Stores (Holdings) Ltd, from the majority judgment of the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Leggatt and Lord Justice Rooker; Lord Justice Millett dissenting) (*The Times* December 29, 1995; [1996] 1 CL 260) who had allowed the appeal of the plaintiffs, Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd, from Judge Maddocks, QC, sitting as a judge of the Chancery Division in Manchester on August 1, 1995.

Mr Jonathan Gaunt, QC, and Mr Martin Seaward for the defendants; Mr Peter W. Smith, QC, and Mr Paul Cheshire for the plaintiffs.

LORD HOFFMANN said that Argyl had decided to close their Safeway supermarket in the

Hillborough Shopping Centre in Sheffield because it was losing money. The closure was a breach of covenant 4(19) in their lease from Co-operative "to keep the demised premises open for retail trade during the usual hours of business or for such other purposes as may be necessary."

Safeway was the largest shop in the centre and the greatest attraction. Co-operative had invited Argyl to continue trading until a suitable assignee could be found and offered to negotiate a tenancy on concession, but had not done so.

On May 22 Co-operative had issued a writ claiming specific performance of the covenant and/or damages. They had issued a summons for summary judgment, which, since the material facts were not in dispute, had been treated as the trial of the action.

The judge had made an order for damages to be assessed but refused to order specific performance. He had said that there was on the authorities a settled practice that orders that would require a defendant to run a business would not be made. He had also given reasons why specific performance would be inappropriate.

There was no doubt about the existence of the settled practice; see

Braddon Towers Ltd v International Stores Ltd [1987] 1 EGLR 209, 213. But it had never, so far as his Lordship knew, been examined by the House of Lords and it was open to Co-operative to say that it rested on inadequate grounds or had been too inflexibly applied.

The most frequent reason given for declining to order someone to carry on a business was that it would require constant supervision by the court. It was the responsibility of the court to give an indefinite series of rulings rather than the execution of the order that had been regarded as undesirable.

The only means available to it to enforce its order was the quasi-criminal procedure of punishment for contempt, and the use of such a heavy-handed mechanism had undesirable consequences.

There were other objections. If the terms of the court's order, reflecting the terms of the obligation, could not be precisely drawn, the possibility of wasteful litigation over compliance was increased. So the oppression caused by the defendant had to do things under threat of proceedings for contempt. Further, an order requiring the defendant to carry on a business might cause injustice by allowing the plaintiff to enrich himself at the defendant's expense.

The loss that the defendant might suffer through having to comply with the order might be far greater than the plaintiff's gain, apart from the contract being broken. A remedy that enabled the plaintiff to secure, in money terms, more than the performance due to him was unfair.

From a wider perspective, it could not be in the public interest for the courts to require someone to

carry on business at a loss if there was any plausible alternative by which the other party could be given compensation.

The cumulative effect of the various reasons for it showed that the settled practice was based on sound sense. Of course, the grant or refusal of specific performance remained a matter for the judge's discretion. There were no binding rules, but that did not mean that there could not be settled principles that the courts would apply in all but exceptional circumstances.

The only means available to it to enforce its order was the quasi-criminal procedure of punishment for contempt, and the use of such a heavy-handed mechanism had undesirable consequences.

There were other objections. If the terms of the court's order, reflecting the terms of the obligation, could not be precisely drawn, the possibility of wasteful litigation over compliance was increased. So the oppression caused by the defendant had to do things under threat of proceedings for contempt.

No criticism could be made of the way in which the judge had exercised his discretion, and his order should be restored.

LORD HOPE agreed that the appeal should be allowed.

LORD CLYDE said that, while he should wish to reserve his opinion on the approach that might be adopted by civilian systems, he agreed that the appeal should be allowed for the reasons given by Lord Hoffmann.

Lord Browne-Wilkinson and Lord Steyn agreed with Lord Hoffmann.

Solicitors: Timuss Sainer Dechert Mr B. K. J. Lewis, Manchester.

Interpreting tenant's notice on landlord

Mannai Investment Co Ltd v Eagle Star Life Assurance Co Ltd
Before: Lord Goff of Chieveley, Lord Jauncey of Tullichettle, Lord Steyn, Lord Hoffmann and Lord Clyde

[Speeches May 21]

Where a tenant served a notice under a break clause in a lease its purpose was clearly to inform the landlord, who had the knowledge of the provisions of the lease, that the tenant intended, under those provisions, to determine the lease.

Such a notice, together with the lease, had to be given in the ordinary meaning and approached objectively to determine how a reasonable recipient of the notice would have understood it and whether he was clear that the rights reserved by the lease were being exercised.

The House of Lords held by a majority, Lord Goff and Lord Jauncey dissenting, allowing an appeal by the tenant, Mannai Investment Co Ltd, from the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Nourse, Lord Justice Rooker and Lord Justice Hoffeboe) (*The Times* July 19, 1995; [1996] 1 CL 12, 73, 70).

The court allowed an appeal by the landlord, Eagle Star Life Assurance Co Ltd, from a decision dated November 16, 1994 of Judge Rich QC, who, sitting as a judge of the Chancery Division, had declared, on an originating summons by the tenant, that on the true construction of the two leases made between the parties, under which premises at 98/99 Jermyn Street, London, were held by the tenant, and the notices served by the tenant, the terms granted by the leases would determine on the last moment of January 13, 1995, being the first moment of January 13, 1995.

Clause 7(3) of each lease provided: "The tenant may by serving not less than six months notice in writing on the landlord or its solicitors such notice to expire on the third anniversary of the term commencement date determine the lease..."

Under each lease the term granted included January 13 as the first day of the term. The "term commencement date" in clause

Benefit linked to bodily functions

Cockburn v Chief Adjudication Officer

Secretary of State for Social Security v Fairley

Before: Lord Goff of Chieveley, Lord Mustill, Lord Lynn of Hadley, Lord Hope of Craighead and Lord Clyde

[Speeches May 21]

The first was the argument that the rights which would be put at risk if he was returned to Hong Kong were his rights under the Convention on Human Rights.

The second was that the secretary of state himself took account of the argument that extradition to Hong Kong would be a breach of the Convention.

It was often said that while the Convention might influence the common law it did not bind the executive. That was so, but the whole context of the dialogue between the secretary of state and the respondent had been the risk of an interference with the respondent's human rights. That in itself was a ground for subjecting the decision to the most anxious scrutiny.

If the respondent was to have an effective remedy against a decision which was flawed because the decision maker had misinterpreted the Convention which he himself said he took into account it was surely right to examine the substance of the argument.

The ordinary principles of judicial review permitted that approach because it was to the rationality and legality of the decisions and not to some independent remedy that the argument was directed.

However, the provision of an interpreter skilled in the use of sign language to enable a deaf person to carry out a reasonable degree of social activity could be included in the aggregate of amenities required by that person for the purposes of a claim for a disability living allowance under section 7(2)(b) of the 1995 Act. The language of which, as far as relevant, was as follows:

"(1) Dismissing by a majority, Lord Lynn dissenting, an appeal by Mrs Gladys Cockburn against the decision of the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Barber-Sloss, Lord Justice Peter Gibson and Lord Justice Thorpe) (*The Times* July 30, 1996) upholding a social security commissioner's refusal to grant him an attendance allowance.

(2) Dismissing the secretary of state's appeal against the decision of the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Glidewell and Lord Justice Swinton Thomas; Lord Justice Hobhouse dissenting) (*The Times* June 22, 1995) upholding a social security commissioner's decision to include the use of an interpreter for social activities when calculating a claim for disability living allowance by Miss Rebecca Fairley, also known as Halliday, as from her sixteenth birthday.

Lord Lynn, who was over 65 and lived alone, was incontinent

and suffered from severe arthritis, which restricted the movement of her arms and legs. As a result she had to rely on her daughter to wash her, shave and dress as a result of the condition.

Miss Fairley, who was born deaf, could not communicate effectively with hearing people outside her family without the assistance of an interpreter skilled in sign language.

Mr Michael Beloff, QC and Mr Richard McNamee for the Chief Adjudication Officer and the secretary of state; Mr Richard Drabik and QC, and Mr David Wolfe for Mrs Cockburn and Miss Fairley.

LORD LYNN, dismissing the secretary of state's appeal in the case of *R v National Insurance Commissioner*, Ex parte Secretary of State for Social Services [1986] 1 WLR 1017, 1023, Lord Justice Dunn had said that the word "attention" suggested a service of a close and intimate nature and that the phrase "attention... in connection with... bodily functions" involved personal contact carried out in the presence of the disabled person.

Hearing was as much a bodily function as the movement of limbs and the actions of the digestive or excretory organs. The provision of an interpreter for a deaf person provided an alternative way of fulfilling the hearing function. It had sufficiently advanced and close-caring personal qualities as to constitute "attention" for the purposes of section 7(2).

Such attention had to be reasonably required both in its purpose and in its frequency. The secretary of state had contended that there was no reasonable requirement for a deaf person to have an interpreter to carry out social activities or to activities referred only to activities which were essential or necessary for her.

Another conclusion would shift into a tightly constrained non-contributory benefit elements of which perhaps ought to be catered for in a properly ordered society but which did not properly belong to that particular form of social support.

LORD HOPE said that the attention had also to be "in

connection with" the bodily functions of the person concerned. As was said in *In re Woodcock* ([1984] 1 WLR 348, 352) the words "in the service" were directed primarily to those functions which the fit person normally performed for himself. A high degree of physical intimacy was required.

The help which the applicant received with her extra laundry was in connection with a task, such as cooking, shopping or keeping the house clean, which the fit person need not and frequently did not perform for himself.

It was the kind of task which, when several people were living together in the same family, could be done by one person for the rest of the household, the other members of which need not be present when it was done for them specifically.

It was too remote from the bodily functions which each fit member of the household normally performed for himself.

In the applicant's case there was normally no one else in the house where she lived and the volume of laundry was much greater than would otherwise be due to her incontinence.

But those features of her case, although distressing, did not alter the fundamental problem which affected that part of her claim. Which was that the help which she received was not designed to assist her in the performance of her bodily functions.

The washing was done, not in her presence, but elsewhere. The best that could be said was that the need for it was a consequence of her incontinence, but that was not enough to satisfy the terms of the statute.

LORD CLYDE delivered a speech agreeing with Lord Hope. Lord Goff and Lord Mustill, Lord Lynn of Hadley and Lord Clyde agreed.

LORD MUSTILL, dismissing the Cockburn appeal, said that the sole question to be decided was whether the daughter's dealings with the laundry after she left the flat could be added to such relevant services as were performed for the applicant by other people when deciding whether the applicant required "frequent attention throughout the day in connection with her bodily functions".

Looking at section 6(4) as a whole, and at the purpose which it was intended to fulfil, his Lordship could not accept the conclusion that all the activities comprising the "day attendance" condition had to be performed while the other person was in attendance on the applicant; that was, in his or her presence.

Any other conclusion would shift into a tightly constrained non-contributory benefit elements of which perhaps ought to be catered for in a properly ordered society but which did not properly belong to that particular form of social support.

LORD HOPE said that the attention had also to be "in

that it exhibited and the history of its provisions, one was driven to conclude that "enforcement notice" meant a notice issued by the planning authority that was formally valid and had not been quashed. The matters that Mr Wicks had proposed to raise at his trial had been irrelevant.

LORD NICHOLLS, agreeing, said that he was not persuaded that, for the purpose of affording a defence in a criminal charge, there was a distinction as suggested in *Bugg* or, if there was, that the boundary line was as there suggested, with the availability of a defence depending, for instance, on whether the invalidity was patent as distinct from latent.

The questions raised by the observations in *Bugg* were far reaching in their importance. They involved more basic issues than those canvassed on the present appeal.

Lord Browne-Wilkinson, Lord Jauncey and Lord Hope agreed with Lord Nicholls and Lord Hoffmann.

Solicitors: S. J. Burton & Co, Cliftonville; Sharpe Pritchard for Mr Peter W. Borley, Margate.

• English cases in The Times Law Report are supplied by barristers of the Incorporated Council of Law Reporting for England and Wales, 3 Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, London, WC2A 3XN; Tel 071 404 6311; Fax 071 404 1098.

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The past is a much-visited foreign country

Living in the past is not exclusively a British trait but we do it especially well, to the point where I am surprised it has never been a specialist subject on *Masermind*. Weekend examples of this passion for nostalgia ranged from the dad-adventures of a replica boat to the absurd excesses of three ordinary people hooked on television sitcoms.

Quite the most extraordinary case was that of the sitcoms. Channel 4 gave over almost the whole of its evening schedules on Saturday and Sunday to *Sitcom Weekend*, most of which I reluctantly refused to watch. But *Lovely Jubbly*, a documentary about sitcom junkies, was the funniest thing on television for months.

Funny, that is, if you did not take to worrying about the people it featured. There was Margaret Caine, aged 60, a dedicated fan of *Are You Being Served?* in general and John Inman, in particular.

Is Platt a professional actor? I

"He's what I call a golden star," she said. "I can't imagine life without him."

Caine makes cakes and travels to various venues where human is playing music-hall gigs to present said cakes to her hero. Mr Caine travels in his wife's wake, wearing an expression which is standard issue for all consorts: long-suffering.

Leon Platt, aged 67, has not done badly out of his obsession with *Steptoe and Son*. He has bought all the videos and is still buying all the videos because the crafty BBC occasionally issues the same episode with a different cover picture. I have often wondered what the reason was for that; now I know: the reason is Mark Pearson.

Pearson is no mere watcher. He visits the locations of *Steptoe* episodes, mostly in London's Kensal Rise. The yard where the Steptoes stored their junk is gone now, but Pearson will happily stare at the wall that

think not, though the trend away from narration in documentaries means that one screams questions at the telly without getting an answer. *Lovely Jubbly* was fun, but it painted in one dimension when at least two were needed.

Mark Pearson gets up at six in the morning so as not to disturb his family while he watches episodes of *Steptoe and Son*. He has bought all the videos and is still buying all the videos because the crafty BBC occasionally issues the same episode with a different cover picture. I have often wondered what the reason was for that; now I know: the reason is Mark Pearson.

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REVIEW



Peter Barnard

replaced it. Of one location he said: "I visited this site every Saturday for 18 months just to be here. In the end I had to draw myself away as it was becoming an obsession."

Such behaviour is at least harmless and I suppose most people would say the same about sailing replica ships. *The Voyage of the Matthew* (BBC1, Saturday) is a new series, presented by Peter Snow of *Newsnight*, about the

replica of John Cabot's ship, which is, as we speak, attempting to cross the Atlantic.

Cabot, who was actually an Italian called Giovanni Caboto, sailed out of Bristol 500 years ago in an attempt to find China. Instead he found North America. An accident, perhaps, but it was an historic achievement. Forger Columbus, he was an also-ran; though, remarkably, both Cabot and Columbus came from Genoa.

But why does a great voyage 500 years ago have to be replicated now? I admire the effort 12 shipwrights, two years, 30 tonnes of timber. These tremendous skills, this terrific resourcefulness, could surely be put to better use than re-creating that which others have already done.

And the new *Matthew* is an engine. Not only that, but the skipper admits that because the *Matthew* has a rendezvous with the Queen in Canada, he will actually

use the engine if the ship is running late. So this is a replica voyage only if you think a replica of Amy Johnson's flight to Australia might involve a jet engine and stewards handing out orange juice.

The *Matthew* is carrying precious cargo, the oxygen of the replica business, publicity. Two BBC ships are aboard with something called a laptop editor (a piece of equipment, not a blonde) and every week an RAF Nimrod will overfly the *Matthew* and beam up pictures for this series. Old 'ard, Captain Cabot, that ain't no all-weather boat, that be a Nimrod. Plug in the satline transmitter.

There are occasions when the past informs the present, a truth demonstrated in a revealing edition of *Correspondent* (BBC2, Saturday), in which Robin Denselow visited Laurent Kabila, the new President of Congo, or Zaire as it was called

last week. Denselow traced the 30-year battle that Kabila has waged, spoke to fighters who confirmed that Che Guevara had trained them in the 1960s and explained how much of Kabila's struggle had been financed by gold mining.

The bizarre is never far away in a revolution and we met the new finance minister, whose first contact with Kabila came via the Internet, and the new Interior Minister, whose previous job had been chasing ball-breakers for the district attorney's office in Philadelphia. Asked about economic policy in the new Congo, the former cited, of all people, Ronald Reagan.

Kabila himself was interviewed by Denselow, but revealed no philosophy. Bits of Marx, bits of this, bits of that: he said we would have to wait and see. At least he can hardly be worse than the despot Mobutu, which is not to say he will be a whole lot better.

BBC1

7.00am News (T) and weather (334657) 7.10 Open a Door (T) (258471) 7.15 Bump (T) (258384) 7.20 Secret Life of Toys (T) (335522) 7.35 The Raccoons (357930)

8.00 News (T) and weather (687113) 8.10 Eat the Cat (368044) 8.15 Thunderbirds (368977) 8.20 Buried Treasure (364555) 8.35 Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles (T) (376159)

9.00 News (T) and weather (334220) 9.05 Blue Peter (T) (T) (619836) 9.30 Sweet Valley High (T) (591555) 9.55 Paddington Paws (T) (359495)

10.00 Herbie Goes Bananas (1980) with Cloris Leachman and Charles Martin Smith. The free-wheeling Volkswagen sets off for Rio with his new owners. En route they become involved in a plot to smuggle priceless Inca artefacts out of South America. Directed by Vincent McEveety (T1201)

11.30 Robin Hood (1973) Disney's animated version of the classic tale. Directed by Wolfgang Reitherman (T) (838775)

12.55pm News and weather (14395881) 1.05 Regional News (T)

1.10 Disney Villains Dannion Minogue presents a tribute to Walt Disney's villains past, present and future (T) (719046)

1.50 Neighbours (T) (80779355)

2.15 Spartacus (1963) Stanley Kubrick's Oscar-winning swords-and-sandals epic with Kirk Douglas as the rugged, rebellious slave hero who dares to defy the might of the Roman Empire. With Tony Curtis, Jean Simmons, Laurence Olivier and Charles Laughton (T) (34411249)

5.15 Neighbours (T) (8822639)

5.40 News (T) and weather (704959)

6.00 Red Nose Awards with Nick Hancock and Zoe Ball (T) (20269)

7.00 Auntie TV Favourites with the stars of *Ballykissangel* (T) (9982)

7.30 *Here and Now*: Site Lawley looks at the Spice Girls and the "girl power" phenomenon they have inspired (T) (539)

8.00 EastEnders: Events force Mark to take stock of his life (T) (8510)

8.30 *Leomy's Big Amazon Adventure*: Lenny Henry is left in the heart of the Amazon jungle for nine days (T) (32201)

9.30 *Birds of a Feather*: The "Chigwell Two" prepare to be released (T) (35171)

10.00 News (T) and weather (894133)

10.20 Slapstick (1994) A hapless toy salesman celebrates his stag night in typical British style by getting paralytically drunk, walking the next day to find himself stranded on a remote Scottish island, wearing only his birthday suit. British farce, directed by and starring Martin Clunes, with Michael Praed, Sylvia Syms and Griff Rhys Jones (T) (1551404)

11.50 Carry on Camping (1969) The usual *Carry On* fare, this time the action is centred on a crowded camp site. With Sid James, Bernard Bresslaw, Kenneth Williams, John Sime, Barbara Windsor and Charles Hawtrey. Directed by Gerald Thomas (T) (529077)

1.15pm Weather (4226718)

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BBC2

6.00am Open University: Helping with Family Problems (8901539) 6.50 Learning for All (8938046) 6.55 Musical Prodigies (8471599) 7.15 See Hear Breakfast News (2561826)

7.20 Cry Danger (1991) Crime thriller with Dick Powell. Directed by Richard Parrish (2777607)

8.40 Split Second (1953) Stephen McNally stars as an escaped convict who stumbles upon a deserted town which turns out to be a nuclear testing zone. Directed by Thor Eberhardt (34601997)

10.00 Teletubbies (260539) 10.35 The Phil Silvers Show (2050404)

11.00 International Golf: PGA Championship News from Wentworth (35572)

12.00 Ranch: Motorious (1952) Outback western with Arthur Kennedy. A tough cowboy seeking revenge on the gang responsible for murdering his girlfriend trails them to a ranch run by a sultry saloon singer (Marlene Dietrich). Directed by Fritz Lang (45220)

1.30pm International Golf: PGA Championship: Live coverage of the final 18 holes. Subsequent programmes are subject to change (2594607)

5.30 Today's the Day (404)

6.00 Chelsea Flower Show (T) (303835)

6.50 Gardeners' World Take Two Gardens created in a confined space (T) (128201)

7.00 Music Live The personalities behind the BBC's Music Live 97 (7404)

8.00 *Carol Vorderman presents* (7.30pm)

9.00 *Gary Barlow sings live* (8.00pm)

8.00 *A Royal Gala* Hosted by David Frost and Joanne Lumley at Manchester's Opera House to celebrate the Prince's Trust's 21st anniversary. Included in the line-up are the Spice Girls, Gary Barlow and Friends star Janice Aniston (T) (62785797)

10.20 News (T) and weather (142628)

10.30 The West Tonight (249490)

10.35 Shining Through (1992) Unbelievable Sound: World War 1 spy drama with Michael Douglas and Melinda Griffith. Directed by David Selzer (T) (2257572)

1.00 Hello Again (1987) starring Shelly Long, Judith Light and Gwendolyn Brooks. Comic tale about the repercussions that follow when a spiritualist resurrects her sister one year after her death. Directed by Frank Perry (163688)

2.45 Club Nation (T) (569089)

3.45 God's Gift (T) (49873)

4.45 Recollections (T) (66604379) 5.00 Coronation Street (T) (71716) 5.30 News (29292)

5.50 International Golf: PGA Championship Highlights (287815)

12.25pm Weather (2285263)

12.30 Learning Zone: U: Behind the Mask (33922) 1.30 On Pictures and Painting (55114) 2.00 Signed Landmarks (3162) 4.00 Italia 2000 (30398) 4.30 Royal Institute Discourse (12737) 5.30 RCN Nursing Update Unit 70 (15488)

7.00pm The Philadelphia Story (1940) (2705978) 11.00 *From the Heart* (T) (1991) 12.40pm *The Last Run* (1971) 12.50pm *How the West Was Won* (1962) (2503526)

SKY SPORTS 1

7.00pm *Goal: Goals* (9182) 8.30 *Surprise News* (9358) 9.00 *Football League* (516191) 9.30 *Goals*, *Goals* (55529)

12.00 *Sports Centre Special* (508428)

12.00pm *World Pool Masters* (4291) 6.00 *Sports Centre* (9751) 6.00 *Surprise*, *Surprise* (505084) 6.30 *Football League* (5074713) 7.00 *Relegation* (1991) 7.30 *11.30pm* (1991) 8.00 *Surprise* (541355) 11.35 *Return from the River Kelt* (1989) 12.00 *Match of the Month* (270201) 12.30am *Football* (T) (5225627)

1.00 *Box* (907228) 2.20 *Shopping at Night* (751627)

SKY SPORTS 1 PLUS

7.00pm *The Philadelphia Story* (1940) (2705978) 11.00 *From the Heart* (T) (1991) 12.40pm *The Last Run* (1971) 12.50pm *How the West Was Won* (1962) (2503526)

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1.00 *Box* (907228) 2.20 *Shopping at Night* (751627)

SKY SPORTS 2

7.00pm *Supercell* (9357) 7.30 *From the Heart* (T) (1991) 12.40pm *The Last Run* (1971) 12.50pm *How the West Was Won* (1962) (2503526)

SKY NEWS

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SKY MOVIES

6.00pm *Back Home* (1990) (41152) 6.00 *Tommy* (1968) 6.30 *Another Day* (1993) 7.00 *From the Heart* (T) (1991) 7.30 *Surprise* (505084) 7.30 *Football* (T) (5225627)

8.00 *Box* (9



ROGER BOOTLE 40

Economics no match for the new religion

BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

Unions press for action on jobs

By PHILIP BASSETT
INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

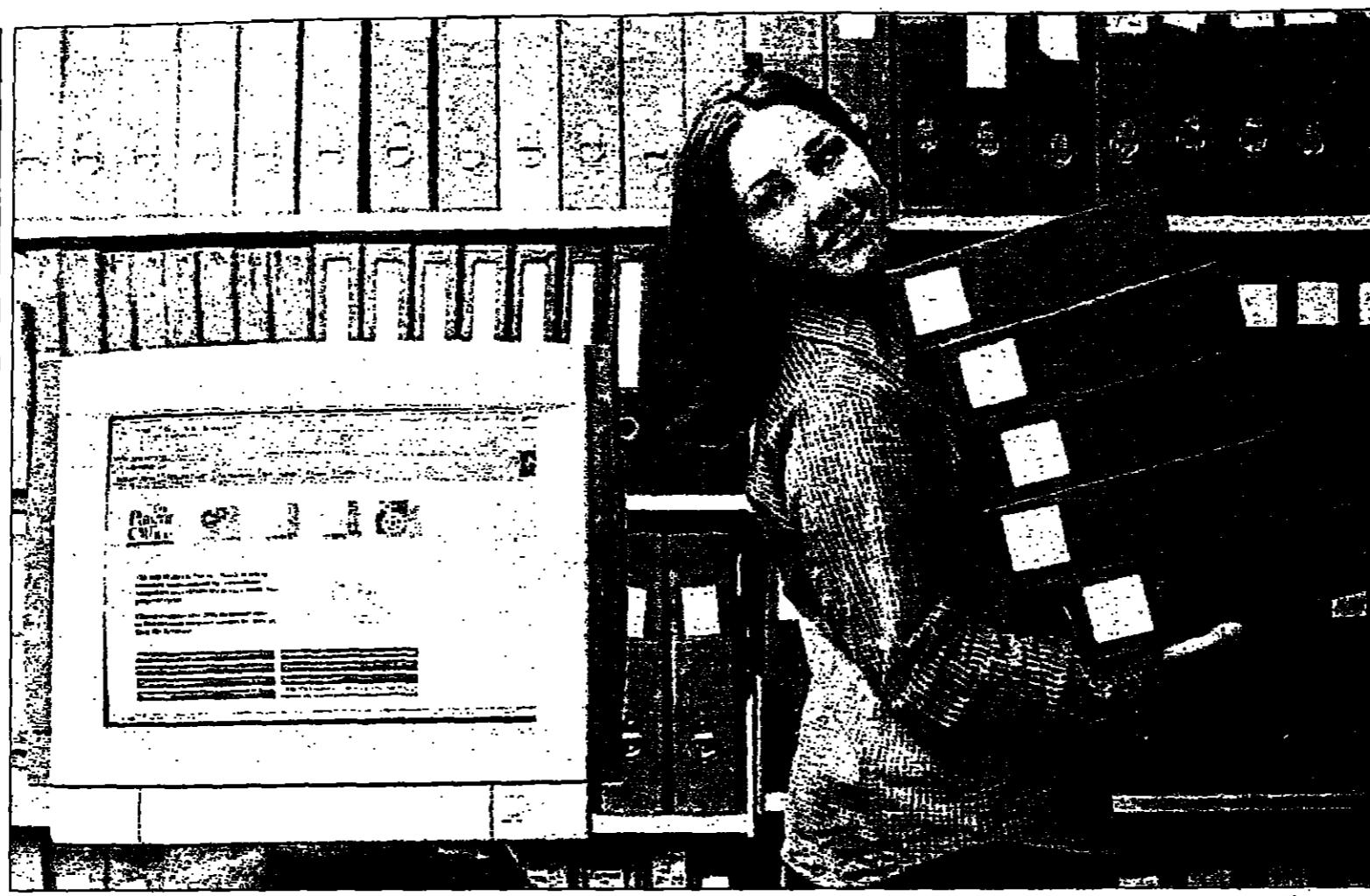
UNION leaders will call today for the Government to adopt specific economic measures aimed at increasing employment and growth.

The move by trade unions from the main industrialised countries comes ahead of a European-wide push by unions for the European Union to adopt a new employment chapter in its governing treaty with the specific target of increasing jobs.

It coincides with the annual council meeting of ministers from the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development being held in Paris today and tomorrow.

Helen Liddell, Treasury Financial Secretary, will lead the UK's team at the OECD meeting, and the head of the union delegation, Rodney Bickerstaffe from Unison, the UK public services union, will today press for high-quality jobs. He says: "People at work across the industrialised world are fed up with being told that they must continually make sacrifices in the name of competitiveness when they see profits soar."

The OECD's Trade Union Advisory Council is calling for macroeconomic policies that will "raise sustainable growth and employment". The OECD unions' move will be echoed this week by unions from across the EU, with those in the UK stepping up the pressure for an EU-wide employment chapter to be part of the new European treaty that is expected to be signed at next month's summit in Amsterdam.



The Patent Office, where Jodie Williams is an administrative assistant in the classification library, is moving with the times and offering advice on intellectual property through a World Wide Web site. [Http://www.patent.gov.uk](http://www.patent.gov.uk) will provide a newcomers' guide to patents

Andersen forced to pay £23m over PFI project

By JASON NISSE

ANDERSEN Consulting, one of the multinational outsourcing groups bidding for billions of pounds of government work, was forced to pay back £23 million to the Contributions Agency to save a troubled Private Finance Initiative project, a report will reveal this week.

The figure emerges after a

National Audit Office investigation into the long-delayed £500 million contract to computerise the National Insurance Records. The NAO will publish the findings from its investigation into the project on Thursday.

The scheme, known as NIRS II, was to have been largely completed by February, but because of hitches and contract renegotiations it will not go fully live before next February at the earliest.

Andersen won the deal to revamp the NIRS system, which is part of the Contributions Agency in Newcastle upon Tyne, two years ago. Its bid of less than £100 million a year for seven years, was believed to have been about £30 million lower than that of its nearest rivals, the US groups Electronic Data Systems and Computer Sciences Corporation.

But the project was only a few months old when it first

ran into problems and Andersen had to renegotiate the deal. Ian Watmore, head of government practice at Andersen, said: "I took over the project in January last year and realised the implementation schedule was unrealistic. It is now back on track."

Instead of the whole project going live last February, only the computerisation of the payments records — covering 65 million accounts — was completed by that time. The second part, covering pensions, is due in October and the whole system should be up and running by next February.

Andersen paid a penalty clause and agreed to cover the Contributions Agency's costs for a year to change the contract — a total of £23 million. However, there have been operational difficulties. The communications part of the system was unable to handle the transfer to British

summer time and the computers crashed. Andersen had used an American package with the later US summer time start. The Contributions Agency said: "Arrangements are now in hand to make sure this does not happen again."

The report comes at a potentially embarrassing time for Andersen. It is hoping that its connections with the Labour Party will stand it in good stead for future outsourcing deals.

Andersen is bidding in competition with three other groups, Sema, Capita and BML for a £700 million contract from the Benefits Agency to manage the system of referrals to doctors.

Harriet Harman, Social Security Secretary, will decide in the next few weeks whether to proceed with this programme.

Shortly after that she will decide whether to go ahead with the first part of Change, a

massive programme at the DSS. This includes the selling off of the benefit offices, contracting out information technology requirements and transferring up to 30,000 staff to the private sector.

Andersen is bidding with ICL for the Accord element of the Change programme — which will outsource the whole IT of the Benefits Agency. Its main rivals for this deal, expected to be worth more than £1.5 billion, are EDS, which is bidding with IBM, and BT, working with Bull, the French group.

Andersen has been involved with a number of high-profile problem contracts in the past, most notably with Taurus, the Stock Exchange system that was ditched after the exchange and its member firms had spent more than £400 million, and at Wessex Health Authority, where a contract said to be costing £7 million ended up costing at least £29 million.

PRIZEWINNER 42

Principled way to solve road problem



British Steel tells suppliers to cut prices

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

BRITISH STEEL is pressing thousands of its suppliers across the country to cut prices as the company pushes through a massive five-year cost-saving programme. Managers at British Steel plants are meeting suppliers — many of whom are local companies largely dependent upon the steel group for their livelihood.

— after a series of letters that are believed to have demanded price cuts of more than 10 per cent.

Suppliers are desperately trying to resist the price squeeze but British Steel, which is cutting thousands of jobs, is sticking to its demands, blaming tough world prices and the strength of sterling. A spokesman for the company said yesterday:

"Large buyers of steel, such as the motor industry, put pressure on us to cut prices. As a large purchaser ourselves we must look at how we can reduce costs."

British Steel says that it is trying to work with suppliers on potential price reductions. It is thought to be trying to encourage cuts of about 12 per cent in order to meet its own targets for plants. In section plates and commercial steel, for example, centres such as Scunthorpe and Teesside are trying to reduce the cost of producing a tonne of

steel costs about £200 to produce.

Letters have been sent by the managing directors of all British Steel's plants to suppliers calling for talks on cutting prices. Some preliminary talks have already taken place.

British Steel uses a lot of local businesses to supply its everyday needs for items such as grease and oil. But other suppliers, such as those that produce machinery for the plants, will be affected. It is possible the company could make some of its purchases overseas if it cannot exact the prices it wants.

More than 10,000 jobs are being cut from British Steel after the five-year cost-cutting programme was recently escalated to combat the damage of the strong pound. The company, which employs 43,000 people in the UK, quickened its job reduction plan of 1,000 a year for five years after sterling jumped in strength late last year and continued its high value in the first few months of this year. Talks are under way with union leaders at local level over the cuts, which are expected to affect managerial staff as well as those in production.

A clearer picture of the impact of sterling on British Steel will be revealed next month when the company produces its year-end results.

Halifax auction deadline today

By MARTIN WALLER

A TEAM of registrars at the Royal Bank of Scotland in Bristol will today receive the last batch of notifications from those members of the Halifax Building Society who want to sell their shares ahead of next month's £12 billion flotation of the Halifax Building Society.

Calls to *The Times* over the bank holiday weekend revealed a number of Halifax members who were concerned at missing today's deadline.

This was set for those wishing to sell their share in the first auction, before the formal flotation on June 2.

Some members were concerned that if they missed the deadline they would lose their

entitlement to free shares. A spokesman for the Halifax reassured them last night that, while they still had to apply for the shares, these would be forthcoming, however late their applications arrived.

The Halifax plans further auctions on behalf of members who do not wish to retain their shares. "If you aren't going to sell them, there's no particular deadline," he said.

The RBS, as the Halifax's registrar, has arranged special deliveries with the Royal Mail over the holiday weekend. But only those opting for an immediate sale by Saturday morning can expect to be included in the first auction.

Eterna Super KonTiki

Simply no compromise

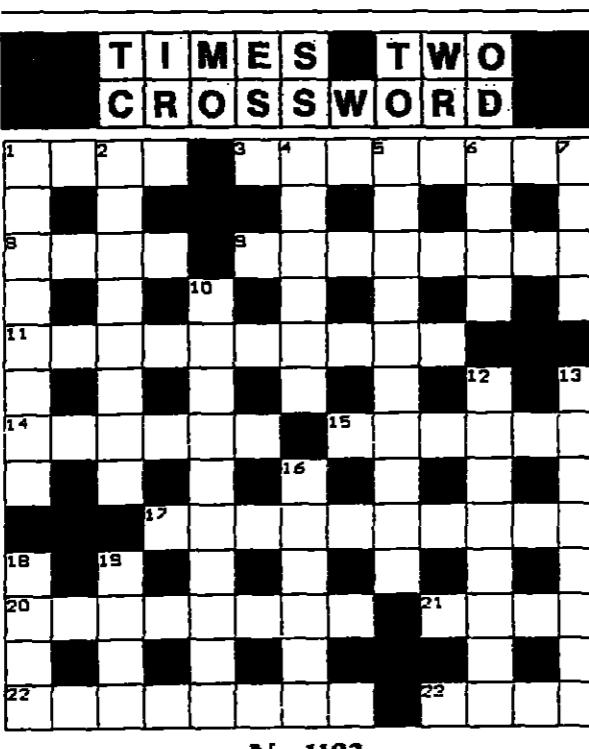


In 1947, Thor Heyerdahl and his fearless crew sailed their frail KonTiki raft into the history books. 50 years later, Eterna salutes their exploit with an enduring achievement of its own, the Super KonTiki wristwatch. Built for adventure, the Super KonTiki can take just about anything.

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ACROSS

- 1 Foot; drug; low-down (4)
- 3 Ill-feeling (3,5)
- 8 Henry VI's school (4)
- 9 Reverie (4)
- 11 Gray's Elegy churchyard (5,5)
- 14 Aphoristic (6)
- 15 Much smaller (6)
- 17 Separated by huge gulf (5,5)
- 20 A taking on, over (8)
- 21 Fish; sounds like piano; maintainer (4)
- 22 (American) lawyer (8)
- 23 Quick kiss; bushel (4)

SOLUTION TO NO 1102

ACROSS: 1 Make 3 Mentally 9 Spoke 10 Flannel 11 Unkempt 12 Fare 14 Alpaca 16 Cleve 18 Stew 19 Haworth 22 Utopian 23 Tenor 24 Effigies 25 Defy

DOWN: 1 Muscular 2 Knock spots off 4 Effete 5 Tearful 6 Lunatic fringe 7 Yell 8 Seem 13 Lethargy 15 Cowling 17 Change 20 Wan 21 Muir

SOLUTION TO SPRING HOLIDAY JUMBO CROSSWORD

ACROSS: 1 Clip-on 4 Acclade 9 Sustenance 15 Every cloud has a silver lining 17 Steeple 18 Aides-de-camp 19 Courier 20 Avalanche 22 Hindustani 24 Child 26 Extra 28 Roughcast 30 Renaissance 31 Satanist 33 Accepted 34 Immobile 37 On your marks 39 Montana 41 Delphic 43 Endless 44 Botanic 45 Caterpillar 46 Parmesan 49 Lamp-post 51 Lawrence 53 Thistledown 55 Misgovern 56 Set up 58 Alike 59 Pedestrian 61 Continuum 64 Chaser 65 High-profile 66 Capture 67 Roverant and Guidemaster 68 Letterhead 69 Largesse 70 Mental

DOWN: 1 Chelsea Pensioner 2 Ineligible 3 Olympia 5 Congenital 6 Oribi 7 Assassinate 8 East End 9 Self-sassured 10 Sleep 11 Ecdelict 12 Annoyed 13 Condoms 14 Cleve 16 Cope 18 Christens 20 Amaranth 25 Thickset 27 Ad nauseam 29 Titanic 32 Toy 35 Billiard 36 Set Ping-pong 38 Robin Hood 39 Minimum 40 Ascender 41 D'Artagnan 42 Halton 47 A ring in a pock 46 Sleeping car 49 Long-sighted 50 Postal order 52 Seychelles 53 Thatch 54 Treatment 57 Truculent 60 Raphael 62 Impasse 63 Figure 65 Heave 66 Crew

Fortune berates Fidelity for poor performance

By PAUL DURMAN

FIDELITY, the world's largest fund management group, has come in for a withering attack from the latest edition of *Fortune*, the leading American business magazine.

In a cover story entitled "Has Fidelity lost it?", *Fortune* accuses the Boston firm of "extraordinary arrogance" and complicity in its low-key response to numerous difficulties, headed by bad investment performance and the loss of 25 US fund managers in 18 months.

The article accuses Fidelity, which recently suffered serious problems in its UK broking arm, of having allowed fund managers to trade heavily for their personal accounts. It even suggests that Fidelity's analysts felt under pressure to supply some fund managers with ideas for their personal accounts. Fidelity denies this. The group, which manages \$500 billion, last month replaced its head of investment

management, with Bob Pozen taking over from Gary Burkhead.

In a letter to staff, Fidelity calls the article "biased and inaccurate". Mostly, it restricts itself to saying that similar criticisms — that it has grown too large or that it has lost key fund managers — have often been made before.

Fidelity is one of the biggest managers of unit trusts and PEPs in the UK. This month Fidelity Brokerage Services was fined £200,000 by the Securities and Futures Authority after a new computer system caused chaos for customers.

The front page of *Fortune* has FIDELITY.

The article says Fidelity can no longer focus on pure investment performance as more than half its money represents retirement savings. Leading clients prize consistency above glittering performance.

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Axa in talks on Equity & Law

Axa, the French insurance group, has confirmed weekend reports of talks that could lead to a takeover of Axa Equity & Law, its life insurance subsidiary, by Sun Life and the latest of a series of mergers within the industry.

Sun Life is majority-owned by the French group, but was quoted on the London stock market last year. Axa is known to want to rationalise its two British insurance businesses and has been seeking buyers for Equity & Law, but without success.

Any deal would be made more difficult because of the shared ownership of the two companies, because the interests of the minority shareholders in Sun Life would have to be protected. But an Axa spokesman said: "It would be odd if Axa wasn't trying to resolve this one."

Black economy

The black economy is booming, costing the Exchequer £20 billion every year, says an unpublished report by Deloitte & Touche, the accountants, for the European Commission. It estimates that the black economy is now worth 12 per cent of Britain's gross domestic product and is equivalent to an entire year's spending on social services.

Budget plea

The Government should cut public spending but resist increasing taxes, the Institute of Directors says in its formal Budget submission. It said there was no justification for higher taxes, but the "least worst" tax-raising option was the phased abolition of mortgage interest relief.

Chelsea tackles congestion

By FRASER NELSON

Railtrack, then it was sold on to North London Railways, and now we're dealing with National Express. We've been very frustrated with the whole situation, although we're finally making progress now."

He said the club was aiming to complete the station in time for the new season next year. "We are told it would be a very easy job, and it has been suggested the whole thing would take between six and nine months. The signals are already in place — it's just a